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INHOUD

GOVERNMENT NOTICES
GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
DEPARTEMENT VAN GESONDHEID

No. R. 134 **23 February 2007**

NATIONAL HEALTH ACT, 2003

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE NATIONAL HEALTH RESEARCH ETHICS COUNCIL

The Minister of Health intends, in terms of section 90 of the National Health Act, 2003 (Act no. 61 of 2003), to make the regulations in the Schedule.

Interested persons are invited to submit, within two months from the date of publication of this notice, substantiated comments on or representations regarding the proposed regulations to the Director-General, Department of Health, Private Bag X828, PRETORIA (for the attention of the Director: Health Systems Research).

SCHEDULE

CHAPTER 1

Definitions

1. In these regulations, "the Act" means the National Health Act, 2003 (Act no. 61 of 2003), and any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in that Act, shall have that meaning and unless the context indicates otherwise:

"Animal research" means the conduct of research and experimentation on animals for human benefit;

"Chairperson" means chairperson of the Council;

"Committee" means the Research Ethics Committee established in terms of section 69 of the Act;

"Council" means the National Health Research Ethics Council established in terms of section 72(1) of the Act;

"Medicines Control Council" means the Medicines Control Council established in terms of section 2 of the Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965 (Act No. 101 of 1965); and

"Secretariat" means the Directorate responsible for research in the national Department.

Constitution of the Council

2. Among the members of the Council appointed by the Minister in terms of section 72(2)(a) of the Act,

(a) five shall have experience and knowledge in research ethics;

(b) four shall be involved in other ethics related disciplines;
(c) one shall represent the community;
(d) one shall represent the national Department;
(e) one shall represent the pharmaceutical industry;
(f) one shall represent the Medicines Control Council; and
(g) one shall be appointed on account of his/her knowledge of the law.

Powers of the Council

3. In order to enable the Council to perform the functions contemplated in section 72(6) of the Act, the Council may:

(a) conduct inspections to ensure compliance with its directives emanating from its functions in terms of these regulations and the Act;

(b) instruct any person to modify health research protocols or to cease health research projects conducted contrary to its directives.

Nomination and appointment of the Council

4. (1) A notice relating to nominations of members for appointment referred to in section 72(1)(a) of the Act shall include:

(a) the closing date and time for the receipt of nominations, and
(b) an address to which the nominations should be sent or delivered

(2) No nomination shall be considered unless:

(a) it is accompanied by a comprehensive curriculum vitae and signed by the nominated person;
(b) in the case of candidates contemplated in regulation 2(b), it is signed by two other persons who are members of a functioning health research ethics committee; and
(c) it is in the format of Annexure A of these regulations or is substantially similar thereto, but contains all the information and signatures provided for in Annexure A.

(3) If the Minister receives no nomination or an insufficient number of nominations within the period specified in the invitation, the Minister may appoint the required number of persons who qualify to be appointed in terms of the section.

(4) The Minister after consultation with the Council shall designate one member of the Council as chairperson of the Council and another as Vice-Chairperson.

(5) A person who is not a South African citizen or a permanent resident of the Republic shall not be appointed to the Council.

(6) A member of the Council shall vacate his/her office if the member:

(a) is convicted of an offence and is sentenced to imprisonment without the option of a fine;
(b) becomes mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Care Act, 2002 (Act no. 17 of 2002);

(c) has been absent from at least two consecutive meetings of the Council without the Council's leave;
(e) is not reappointed to the Council after his/her term of office has expired;
(f) is requested by the Minister, on good cause shown, to resign, or of own cognisance for whatever reason resigns; or
(g) dies.

Duties of the chairperson

5. The chairperson of the Council must:

(a) ensure that every member of the Council conducts himself or herself in a manner that befits the status of the Council;
(b) liase with or advise the Minister on issues relating to the Council;
(c) generally ensure that the Council performs its functions and fulfils its objectives in terms of the Act and complies with the relevant provisions of the Act; and
(d) ensure that the Council operates within its allocated budget.

Meetings of the Council

6. (1) The first meeting of the Council shall be held as soon as possible after the appointment of its members, at a time and place to be determined by the Minister, and all subsequent meetings shall be held at such time and place as may be determined by the Council.

(2) The Council must meet not less than four times annually for the purpose of conducting its business.

(3) A special meeting of the Council
(a) may be convened by the chairperson at any time; or
(b) must be convened by the chairperson at such place and time and on such date as he/she may determine, and within 30 days of receipt of a written request by the Minister or a written request signed by at least a third of the members.

(4) A written request contemplated in subregulation (3) must state clearly the purpose for which the meeting is convened.

Quorum, procedure at meetings and decision making

7 (1) A quorum of any meeting of the Council is one half of the total number of members plus one.

(2) The Council shall determine the procedure to be followed at its meetings.

(3) At all meetings of the Council, the chairperson or in his/her absence the vice-chairperson, or in the absence of both the chairperson and the vice-chairperson, any other member of the Council designated by the members present, shall preside.

(4) The decision of the majority of the members of the Council present at any

meeting thereof shall constitute a decision of the Council, and in the event of an equality of votes, the person presiding at the meeting in question shall have a casting vote in addition to his/her deliberative vote.

(5) Only members have the voting rights on any matter in which the Council is required to make a decision.

(6) A decision taken by the Council or an act performed under the authority of the Council is not invalid merely by reason of-

(a) an interim vacancy in the Council; or
(b) the fact that a person who is not entitled to sit as a member of the Council, sat as a member at the time when the decision was taken, if the act was authorised by the required majority of members present at the time and entitled to sit as members of the Council.

Appeal against decision of Council

8. (1) Any person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Council and who wishes to appeal against such decision shall inform the Minister in writing of his/her intention to appeal against the decision within 30 days after such decision has been conveyed to him/her in writing.

(2) The notification referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall contain full details of the grounds of appeal and of the remedy sought by the aggrieved person.

(3) On receipt of a notification of appeal, the Minister shall appoint an Appeal Committee of at least three (3) persons, one of whom must have legal qualifications, who in his/her opinion have the necessary expertise to hear the appeal.

(4) The Minister shall designate the person with legal qualifications as the chairperson of the Appeal Committee.

(5) The decision of the majority of members of the Appeal Committee shall be binding on the Appeal Committee; provided that in the case of equality of votes, the chairperson of the Appeal Committee shall have a casting vote in addition to his/her deliberative vote.

(6) The Appeal Committee shall determine the procedure to be followed at its meetings.

(7) As soon as possible after reaching a decision on a matter on appeal, the chairperson of the Appeal Committee shall furnish the decision and its reasons in writing to the appellant, the Council and the Minister.

Offences And Penalties

9. Any person who contravenes the provisions of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction, be liable to a fine or imprisonment, or to both fine and imprisonment.

Remuneration of members of Council

10. Any member of the Council other than a person who is in the full-time employment of the State or a person who has been nominated by his/her employer to represent him/her, shall receive such remuneration and such allowances in respect of his/her services as a member of the Council, as the Minister, in consultation with the Minister of Finance, may determine.

Secretariat

11. (1) The Council shall be supported in its work by the secretariat

(2) The Secretariat must-

(a) render secretarial services to the Council and maintain the records of the Council's meetings;
(b) disclose to the Council all material facts and information which in any way might influence the decisions or actions of the Council or the chairperson;
(c) prevent any prejudice to the financial and administrative interests of the Council
(d) in a format and for periods as may be determined by Council, report to the Council on all expenditures incurred by the Council including travel, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances;
(e) provide the chairperson of the Council with the administrative support, resources and information necessary for the performance of his or her functions.

ME TSHABALALA MSIMANG
MINISTER OF HEALTH

ANNEXURE A

NOMINATION FORM: NATIONAL HEALTH RESEARCH ETHICS COUNCIL

This nomination form should be used for the nomination of persons contemplated in regulation 2 (a); (b) and (e).

We, the undersigned,

1. .....
.....
.....
.....
(full names and address)

2. .....
.....
.....
.....
(full names and address)

declare that we represent / are members of:

.....and

hereby nominate, as a candidate for nomination as a member of the National Health Research Ethics Council,

.....

who holds the title of ..... and is employed as a .....and is a South African citizen/is not a South Africa citizen but is a permanent resident of South Africa*.

Signed at ..... on ..... 20.....

1. .....(Signature)
2. .....(Signature)

Signed in the presence of the following witnesses:

Signature:.....
Full Names:.....

Signature:.....
Full Names:.....

I, the undersigned, ...(full names), hereby consent to my nomination as a candidate for nomination as a member of the National Health Research Ethics Council.

Signed at ..... on ..... 20.....

.....
(Signature)

.....
.....
.....
.....
(Registered address and contact details)

Signed in the presence of the following witnesses:

Signature:.....
Name:.....

Signature:.....
Name:.....

* Delete whichever is not applicable

No. R. 135 23 February 2007

NATIONAL HEALTH ACT, 2003

REGULATIONS RELATING TO RESEARCH ON HUMAN SUBJECTS

The Minister of Health intends, in terms of section 90 of the National Health Act, 2003 (Act No. 61 of 2003), to make the regulations in the schedule.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the proposed regulations, or any representations they may wish to make in regard thereto, to the Director-General: Health, Private Bag X828, Pretoria, 0001 (for the attention of the Director: Health Systems Research within two months from the date of publication of this notice.

SCHEDULE

Definitions

1. In these regulations, "the Act" means the National Health Act, 2003 (Act no. 61 of 2003), and any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in that Act, shall have that meaning and unless the context indicates otherwise:

"artificial insemination" means the placing of male gametes (sperm) into the female reproductive tract by means other than copulation;

"Council" means the National Health Research Ethics Council established under section 72 of the Act;

"genetic research" means research on genetic material;

"research ethics committee" means a committee contemplated in section 73 of the Act;

"Medicines Control Council" means the Medicines Control Council established in terms of section 2 of the Medicines and Related Substance Act, 1965 (Act No. 101 of 1965);

"minimal risk" means the probability or magnitude of harm or discomfort anticipated in the research is not greater in itself than that ordinarily encountered in daily life;

"non-therapeutic research" means any research not directed towards the benefit of the individual but rather towards improving scientific knowledge or technical application;

"stem cell" means any embryonic stem cell, circulating progenitor cell, bone marrow progenitor cell, umbilical cord progenitor cell, haemopoietic progenitor cell or any cell that is capable of replacing (proliferating) and giving rise to a differentiated cell; and

"vulnerable persons" means those whose willingness to volunteer in a research study may be unduly influenced by the expectation of benefits associated with participation.

CHAPTER 1

Principles on health research

2. Any form of health research conducted in South Africa, which involves the participation of human subjects must:

(a) be relevant both to the overall health and developmental needs of the people of the Republic and the individual needs of those who suffer from the disease and or concerns of the study;

(b) have a valid scientific methodology and a high probability of providing answers for the specific research questions that are posed;

(c) be managed and conducted by a suitably qualified principal investigator who has extensive experience in the field of health research, who is also a resident of South Africa;

(d) ensure that research participants are well informed to make informed choices;

(e) ensure that participants' rights to privacy and confidentiality are protected;

(f) ensure that selection, recruitment and inclusion/exclusion of research participants in a research project are just and fair;

(g) be preceded by a risk-benefit analysis;

(h) must undergo independent review by an accredited registered health research ethics committee; and

(i) clinical research, must be registered on the South African National Clinical Trials Register.

Obligations of researchers

3. (1) A researcher conducting research involving human subjects is obliged to:

(a) adhere to the requirements as stated in regulation 2;

(b) submit their research proposals for approval to an accredited Research Ethics

Committee and where necessary, to the Medicines Control Council or the Council;

(c) disseminate research results, whether negative or positive, in a timely and competent manner;

(d) disclose the sources and extent of funding for the research to participants and Research Ethics Committee;

(e) ensure monitoring of safety on research activities; and

(f) refer participants for professional assistance where necessary.

Participation of special classes of people in research studies.

4. (1) Children can only participate in research in instances where:

(a) the research poses a minimal risk to the child;

(a) the research poses a greater risk, but possibly be for the benefit of the child;

(b) the research can only be done on children; and

(c) the parent or legal guardian of the child gives consent for such a child to participate. Always, refusal to participate by a child should precede the consent of the parent/legal guardian.

(2) Research on persons with intellectual or mental impairment must:

(a) strictly involve mental disability, so that it is necessary to involve persons who are mentally disabled;

(b) be sufficiently justified for involving, as the study population, persons with mental disabilities who are institutionalised;

(c) have suitable evaluation procedures to confirm that the participant is incapable of giving informed consent;

(d) ensure that the consent by the person responsible for the participant is free from coercion; and

(e) ensure that no or minimal risk is involved, and if minimal risk is involved, that it should be outweighed by the anticipated benefits to the participants.

(3) In approving proposals for research, special attention should be given to the vulnerability of persons who are in dependent relationships or comparable situations like:

(a) older persons and their care-givers;

(b) patients and health care professionals;

(c) students and teachers;

(d) persons with life-threatening diseases; and

(e) prisoners and the relevant prison authorities.

(4) In approving proposals for research, extra attention should be given to research that involves the participation of women and in particular-

(a) exclusion of women in research studies should be scientifically justified;

(b) no research activities involving pregnant women and foetuses may be undertaken unless:

(i) appropriate studies on animals and non-pregnant individuals have been completed;

(ii) the purpose of the activity is to meet the health needs of the mother of that particular foetus; and

(iii) the risk to the foetus is minimal, and in all cases, is the least possible risk for achieving the objectives of that activity.

Other types of research that need additional consideration.

5. (1) Participants involved in indigenous medical systems research must be subject to the same degree of respect and protection from harm as participants in scientific medical research.

(2) Research into emergency medical treatment must involve participants who are experiencing medical emergencies, while bearing in mind that it is not always possible to obtain informed consent from such a group. All such research should receive prior approval by a research ethics committee

(3) Appropriate provision must be made for long-term care and observation of participants who take part in an innovative therapy or intervention.

(4) Research studies involving prisoners must:

(a) be registered with the Council;

(b) present only a minimal risk and minimal inconvenience to the participants;

(c) be preceded by expert consultations; and

(d) ensure protection of the dignity and humanity of the prisoners.

(5) Research on vulnerable persons must be evaluated with caution, to ensure that:

(a) persons in those communities would not ordinarily be involved in research that could be carried out in non-vulnerable communities; and

(b) the research is responsive to the health needs and the priorities of the community in which it is carried out.

Informed Consent

6. Persons on whom research is to be conducted have the right to be informed of:-

(a) the purpose of the research;

(b) treatments and possibility of random assignment of each treatment, if the research involves treatment;

(c) methods and procedures to be followed or used during the research;

(d) alternatives apart from participating in a research;

(e) potential or real harm and risks involved in participation;

(f) expected benefits to the participant and other persons in the research;

(g) extent to which confidentiality and privacy will be maintained;

(h) available insurance in the event of injury or damage caused whilst participating in research;

(i) details of the contact person in the event of a research related injury;

(j) incentives given for participation as well as any differences in incentives, if any;

(k) in cases of clinical trials, the availability of treatment beyond the duration of the trial;

(l) details of the sponsor and any potential conflict of interests; and

(m) proof of ethics committee approval.

CHAPTER 2

Genetic, Stem Cell Research and Reproductive Health

7. (1) Informed consent must be obtained from donor of precursor of the stem cells before conducting stem cell research or therapeutic cloning.

(2) Research findings and any therapeutic interventions emanating from stem cell research is not subject to intellectual property right.

(3) A person from whose body genetic material, stem cells, blastomeres, polar bodies, embryos, embryonic tissue or small tissue biopsies, has been removed or withdrawn may be reimbursed for any reasonable expenses incurred by him/her for such removal or withdrawal.

(4) Before artificial fertilisation can be performed on any person informed consent must be obtained from the donor of the gamete or embryo.

(5) A person from whose body a gamete or an embryo has been removed orwithdrawn
may be reimbursed for any reasonable expenses incurred by him/her for such removal or withdrawal.

(6) No person may, without the Minister's approval, import or export human biological material such as zygotes, embryos, gametes for artificial fertilisation or artificial insemination or DNA, RNA, cultured cells, stem cells, blastomeres, polar bodies, embryonic tissue and small tissue biopsies for genetic testing, research or therapeutics.

Review of Research Proposals by Health Research Ethics Committees

8. All health research studies involving human participants must:

(a) be reviewed by a Health Research Ethics Committee which is registered with the Council;

(b) satisfy the requirements as determined by such a Committee; and

c) adhere to the recommendations made by the Committee.

CHAPTER 3

Research involving animals

9. Where animals are used for research that will benefit humans, the following must be

adhered to:

(a) the research proposal must also be submitted to an animal research ethics committee; and

(b) the researchers must consult and comply with the regulations and guidelines prescribed by the National Department of Agriculture.

ME TSHABALALA-MSIMANG
MINISTER OF HEALTH

No. R. 136 **23 February 2007**

NATIONAL HEALTH ACT, 2003

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE NATIONAL HEALTH RESEARCH COMMITTEE

The Minister of Health intends, in terms of section 90 of the National Health Act, 2003 (Act No. 61 of 2003), to make the regulations in the schedule.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the proposed regulations, or any representations they may wish to make in regard thereto, to the Director-General: Health, Private Bag X828, Pretoria, 0001 (for the attention of the Director: Health Systems Research within two months from the date of publication of this notice.

SCHEDULE

Definitions

1. In these regulations, "the Act" means the National Health Act, 2003 (Act no. 61 of 2003), and any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in that Act, shall have that meaning and unless the context indicates otherwise:

"chairperson" means chairperson of the Committee;

"Committee" means the National Health Research Committee established in terms of section 69(1) of the Act; and

"secretariat" means the Directorate responsible for research in the national Department;

Constitution of the Committee

2. Among the members of the Committee appointed by the Minister in terms of section 69(2)(a) of the Act:

(a) nine shall have experience and knowledge in health research;

(b) three shall represent the national departments of Education; Social Development;

and Science and Technology respectively;

(c) one shall represent the national Department;

(d) one shall represent the community;

(e) one shall represent the provincial health research committees; and

(f) one shall represent the health research ethics committees.

Nomination and appointment of members of the Committee

3. (1) The Director-General shall invite the submission of nominations for Committee members by notice in the Government Gazette.

(2) The notice referred to in sub-regulation (1), shall include:

(a) a closing date and time for the receipt of nominations, and

(b) an address to which the nominations shall be sent or delivered for consideration by the Minister.

(3) No nomination shall be considered unless:

(a) it is accompanied by a comprehensive curriculum vitae and signed by the nominated person;

(b) in the case of a nomination relating to regulation 2(e), it is signed by two other persons who are members of a functioning health research committee;

(c) it is in the format of Annexure A of these regulations or is substantially similar thereto, but contains all the information and signatures provided for in Annexure A.

(4) As soon as possible after the closing date for nominations the Director-General shall refer the nominations to the Minister for consideration.

(5) After the Minister has appointed the members of the Committee, the Director-General shall:

(a) inform the members of their appointments in writing, and

(b) publish the names of all the members of the Committee in the Government Gazette.

(6) The Minister shall, after consultation with the National Health Council, designate one member as chairperson, and another as vice-chairperson.

(7) A person who is not a South African citizen or permanently resident in the Republic, shall not be appointed to the Committee.

(8) A member of the Committee shall vacate his/her office if:

(a) he/she is convicted of an offence and is sentenced to imprisonment without the option of a fine;
(c) he/she becomes mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Care Act, 2002 (Act no. 17 of 2002);
(d) he/she has been absent from at least 2 consecutive meetings without the Committee's leave;
(e) he/she is requested by the Minister, on good cause shown, to resign or of own cognisance for whatever reason resigns;
(f) his/her term of office expires and he/she is not reappointed to the Committee; or
(g) he/she dies.

Duties of the chairperson

4. The chairperson of the Committee must:

(a) ensure that every member of the Committee conducts himself / herself in a manner that benefits the status of the Committee;
(b) convene meetings of the Committee;
(c) liaise with or advise the Minister on issues relating to the Committee;
(d) generally ensure that the Committee performs its functions and fulfils its objectives in terms of the Act; and
(e) ensure that the Committee operates within its allocated budget.

Meetings of the Committee

5. (1) The first meeting of the Committee shall be held, as soon as possible after the

appointment of the members, at a time and place determined by the Minister, and all subsequent meetings shall be held at such time and places as may be determined by the Committee.

(2) The Committee must meet at least four times annually for the purpose of conducting its business.

(3) A special meeting of the Committee:

(a) may be convened by the chairperson at any time; or

(b) must be convened by the chairperson at such place and time and on such date as he or she may determine within 30 days of the receipt of a written request by the Minister or of a written request signed by at least a third of the members.

(4) A written request contemplated in subregulation (3)(b) must state clearly the purpose for which the meeting is convened

Quorum, procedure at meetings and decision making

6. (1) A quorum of any meeting of the Council is one half of the total number of members plus one

(2) At all meetings of the Council the chairperson, or in his absence the vice-chairperson, or in the absence of both the chairperson and the vice-chairperson, some any other member of the Committee chosen elected by the members present, shall preside;

(3) The Committee shall determine the procedure to be followed at its meetings;

(4) The decision of a majority of the members of the Committee present at any meeting thereof shall constitute a decision of the Committee, and in the event of an equality of votes in regard to any matter, the person presiding at the meeting in question shall have a casting vote in addition to his/her deliberative vote.

(5) Only members have the voting rights on any matter in which the Committee is required to make a decision;

(6) A decision taken by the Committee or an act performed under the authority of the Committee is not invalid merely by reason of-

(a) an interim vacancy in the Committee; or

(b) the fact that a person who is not entitled to sit as a member of the Council, sat as a member at the time when the decision was taken, if the act was authorised by the required majority of members present at the time and entitled to sit as members of the Committee

Appeal against decision of Committee

7. (1) Any person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Committee and who wishes to appeal against such decision shall inform the Minister in writing of his/her intention to appeal against the decision within 30 days after such decision has been conveyed to him/her in writing.

(2) The notification referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall contain full details of the grounds of appeal and of the remedy sought by the aggrieved person.

(3) On receipt of a notification of appeal, the Minister shall appoint an appeal committee of at least three persons, one of whom shall have legal qualifications, who in his/her opinion have the necessary expertise to hear the appeal.

(4) The Minister shall designate one of the members of the appeal committee who has legal qualifications as the chairperson of the appeal committee.

(5) A decision of the majority members of the appeal committee shall be binding on the appeal committee; provided that in the case of equality of votes, the chairperson shall have a casting vote in addition to his/her deliberative vote.

(6) The appeal committee shall determine the procedure to be followed at its meetings.

(7) As soon as possible after reaching a decision on a matter on appeal, the chairperson shall furnish the decision of the appeal committee and its reasons in writing to the appellant, the Committee and the Minister.

Offences and Penalties

8. Any person who contravenes the provisions of these regulations shall be guilty of an

offence and on conviction, be liable to a fine or imprisonment, or to both fine and imprisonment.

Remuneration of members of Committee

9. Any member of the Committee other than a person who is in the full-time employment of the State or a person who has been nominated by his/her employer to represent him/her, shall receive such remuneration and such allowances in respect of his/her services as a member of the Committee, as the Minister, in consultation with the Minister of Finance, may determine.

Duties of the Secretariat

10. (1) The Committee shall be supported in its work by the secretariat.

(2) The Secretariat must-

(a) provide secretarial services to the Committee and maintain the records of its meetings;

(b)disclose to the Committee all material facts and information which in any way might influence the decisions or actions of the Committee or the chairperson;

(c) prevent any prejudice to the financial and administrative interests of the Committee;

(d) in a format and for periods as may be prescribed, report to the Council on all expenditures incurred by the Committee including travel, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances;

(e) provide the chairperson with the necessary support, resources and information.

ME TSHABALALA-MSIMANG

MINISTER OF HEALTH

5-2-2007

ANNEXURE A

NOMINATION FORM: NATIONAL HEALTH RESEARCH COMMITTEE

This nomination form should be used for the nomination of persons contemplated in regulation 2 (a); (e) and (f).

We, the undersigned,

1. .....

.....

.....

.....(full names and address)

2. .....

.....

.....

.....(full names and address)

declare that we represent / are members of:

....._and

hereby nominate, as a candidate for nomination as a member of the National Health Research Committee,

.....

who holds the title of ..... and is employed as a .....and is a South African citizen/is not a South Africa citizen but is a permanent resident of South Africa*.

Signed at ..... on ..... 20.....

1. .....(Signature)

2. .....(Signature)

Signed in the presence of the following witnesses:

Signature:.....

Full Names:.....

Signature:.....

Full Names:.....

I, the undersigned, ...(full names), hereby consent to my nomination as a candidate for nomination as a member of the National Health Research Committee.

Signature _____

Signed at ..... on ..... 20.....

.....

(Signature)

.....

.....

.....

.....

(Registered address and contact details)

Signed in the presence of the following witnesses:

Signature:.....

Name:.....

Signature:.....

Name:.....

* Delete whichever is not applicable

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR
DEPARTEMENT VAN ARBEID

No. R. 137 **23 February 2007**

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1995

BARGAINING COUNCIL FOR THE TEAROOM, RESTAURANT AND CATERING TRADE, PRETORIA: RENEWAL OF PERIOD OF OPERATION OF MAIN COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT

I, Thembinkosi Mkalipi, Executive Manager: Collective Bargaining, duly authorised thereto by the Minister of Labour, hereby, in terms of section 32 (6) (a) (ii) of the Labour Relations Act, 1995, declare the provisions of Government Notices Nos. R. 244 of 16 March 2001, R. 1105 of 9 November 2001, R. 1048 of 25 July 2003 and R.813 of 12 August 2005, to be effective from 1 March 2007, and for the period ending 30 April 2007.

T. MKALIPI
Executive Manager: Collective Bargaining

No. R. 137 **23 Februarie 2007**

WET OP ARBEIDSVERHOUDINGE, 1995

BEDINGINGSRAAD VIR DIE TEEKAMER, RESTAURANT EN VERVERSINGSBEDRYF, PRETORIA: HERNUWING VAN TYDPERK VAN HOOF KOLLEKTIEWE OOREENKOMS

Ek, Thembinkosi Mkalipi, Uitvoerende Bestuurder: Kollektiewe Bedinging, behoorlik daartoe gemagtig deur die Minister van Arbeid, verklaar hierby, kragtens artikel 32 (6) (a) (ii) van die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1995, dat die bepalings van Goewermentskennisgewings Nos. R. 244 van 16 Maart 2001, R. 1105 van 9 November 2001, R 1048 van 25 Julie 2003 en R. 813 van 12 Augustus 2005, van krag is vanaf 1 Maart 2007, en vir die tydperk van 30 April 2007 eindig.

T. MKALIPI
Uitvoerende Bestuurder: Kollektiewe Bedinging