

**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA
REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA**

Regulation Gazette

No. 9039

Regulasiekoerant

Vol. 525

**Pretoria, 6 March
Maart 2009**

No. 31958

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GOVERNMENT NOTICES

GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE DEPARTEMENT VAN LANDBOU

No. R. 225

6 March 2009

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS ACT, 1990
(ACT No. 119 OF 1990)

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE GRADING, PACKING AND MARKING OF SOYA BEANS INTENDED FOR SALE IN THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

The Minister of Agriculture has under section 15 of the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990) --

- (a) made the regulations in the Schedule; and
- (b) determined that the said regulations shall come into operation on date of publication.

SCHEDULE

Definitions

1. In these regulations any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act, shall have that meaning and, unless the context otherwise indicates --

"**bag**" means a bag manufactured from --

- (a) jute or phormium or a mixture of jute and phormium; or
- (b) polypropylene that complies with SABS specification CKS 632;

"**bulk container**" means any vehicle or container in which bulk soya beans is transported or stored;

"**consignment**" means --

- (a) a quantity of soya beans of the same class, which belongs to the same owner, delivered at any one time under cover of the same consignment note, delivery note or receipt note, or delivered by the same vehicle or bulk container, or loaded from the same bin of a grain elevator or from a ship's hold; or
- (b) in the case where a quantity referred to in paragraph (a), is subdivided into different grades, each such quantity of each of the different grades;

"**container**" means a bag or a bulk container;

"**cultivar list**" means the list of cultivars determined from time to time by the Executive Officer: Agricultural Product Standards and which is obtainable from the Executive Officer: Agricultural Product Standards, Private Bag X258, Pretoria, 0001;

"**defective soya beans**" means soya beans and pieces of beans which --

- (a) have been damaged by frost, heat or weather conditions;
- (b) have been visibly damaged by insects;
- (c) are contaminated by moulds or plant diseases;
- (d) have a distinctly immature form or which are covered with a whitish membrane or where the testa have a green discoloration; and
- (e) when the testa is removed, display discolouration, excluding green discolouration:

Provided that soya beans which were damaged by insects in the green pod stage and of which the discolouration as a result of the damaged is not larger than half of the surface of the soya beans, shall not be deemed as defective soya beans;

"foreign matter" means all matter other than soya beans, glass, coal, dung, sclerotinia or metal and loose seed coats of soya beans as well as pods;

"frost damaged" means soya beans with green to green brown seed-lobes with a waxy appearance;

"heat damaged" means soya beans with light to dark brown seed-lobes in a cross section;

"insect" in relation to soya beans, means any live insect which is injurious to stored soya beans, irrespective of the stage of development of the insect;

"mould infected" means soya beans that is shrivelled and deformed in appearance with a colour that varies from medium to dark brown, parts of infected beans covered in mould;

"other grains" means kernels or pieces of kernels of wheat, barley, oats, triticale, maize, rye and sorghum;

"pods" means all whole or damaged soya bean pods;

"poisonous seeds" means seeds or part of seeds of plant species that may, in terms of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972), represent a hazard to human or animal health when consumed, including seeds of *Argemone mexicana* L., *Convolvulus spp.*, *Crotalaria spp.*, *Datura spp.*, *Ipomoea spp.*, *Lolium temulentum*, *Ricinus communis* or *Xanthium spp.*;

"sclerotinia" *Sclerotinia sclerotiorum* is a fungus that produces hard masses of fungi tissue and is also known as sclerotinia. The sclerotinia varies in size and form and consists of a dark black exterior, a white interior and a rough surface texture;

"soiled soya beans" means whole soya beans which do not pass through the 4,75 mm screen and which are discoloured by soil or any other substance: Provided that if the discolouration is caused by plant material such soya beans shall not be regarded as soiled soya beans;

"soya beans" means the threshed seed and parts of seeds of the plant *Glycine max* and where the word "soya beans" is used in conjunction with the word "consignment", it includes matter other than soya beans that is included in a consignment;

"the Act" means the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990);

"the 4,75 mm round-hole sieve" means a sieve --

- (a) with a flat metal sheet of 1,0 mm thickness perforated with round holes of 4,75 mm in diameter that are arranged with the centers of the holes at the points of intersection of an equilateral triangular grid with a pitch of 8 mm;
- (b) of which the upper surface of the sieve is smooth;
- (c) the frame of which is at least 40 mm high;
- (d) with the inner width of at least 200 mm and the inner length of at least 300 mm. or, in the case of a circular sieve, the inner diameter of at least 278 mm;
- (e) that fits onto a tray with a solid bottom; and must be at least 20 mm above the bottom of the tray; and

"wet pods" means all whole or damaged soya bean pods with a moisture content higher than the permissible moisture content.

Restriction on sale of soya beans

2. (1) No person shall sell soya beans in the Republic of South Africa --
- (a) unless the soya beans are sold according to the classes set out in regulation 3;
 - (b) unless the soya beans comply with the standards for the class concerned set out in regulation 4;
 - (c) unless the soya beans, where applicable, comply with the grades of soya beans and the standards for grades set out in regulation 5 and 6 respectively;
 - (d) unless the soya beans are packed in accordance with the packing requirements set out in regulation 7;
 - (e) unless the containers or sale documents, as the case may be, are marked in accordance with the marking requirements set out in regulation 8; and
 - (f) if such soya beans contains a substances that renders it unfit for human or animal consumption or for processing into or utilisation thereof as food or feed.
- (2) The Executive Officer may grant written exemption, entirely or partially to any person on such conditions as he or she may deem necessary, from the provision of subregulation (1): Provided that such exemption is done in terms of section 3(1)(c) of the Act.

**PART I
QUALITY STANDARDS**

Classes of soya beans

3. There are two classes of soya beans, namely Class SB and Class Other soya beans.

Standards for classes of soya beans

4. (1) A consignment of soya beans shall --
- (a) be free from a musty, sour, khaki bush or other undesired odour;
 - (b) be free from any substance that renders it unsuitable for human or animal consumption or for processing into or utilisation as food or feed;
 - (c) contain no more poisonous seeds than permitted in terms of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972);
 - (d) shall be free from glass, metal, coal or dung;
 - (e) with the exception of Class Other soya beans, be free from insects; and
 - (f) with the exception of Class Other soya beans, have a moisture content of not more than 13 percent.
- (2) A consignment of soya beans is classified as Class SB if it --
- (a) consists of any cultivar of soya beans; and
 - (b) complies with the standards for the grade of Class SB soya beans as set out in regulation 6.
- (3) A consignment of soya beans is classified as Class Other soya beans if it does not comply

with the standards for Class SB.

Grades for soya beans

5. (1) Soya beans of Class SB shall be graded as Grade SB1.
- (2) No grades are determined for Class Other soya beans.

Standards for grades of soya beans

6. A consignment of soya beans shall be graded as --
 - (a) Grade SB1 if the nature of the deviation, specified in column 1 of Table 1 of the Annexure, in that consignment does not exceed the percentage specified in column 2 of the said table opposite the deviation concerned.

**PART II
PACKING AND MARKING REQUIREMENTS**

Packing requirements

7. Soya beans of different classes and grades shall be packed in different containers or stored separately.

Marking requirements

8. Each container or the accompanying sales documents of a consignment of soya beans shall be marked or endorsed with the class and grade of the soya beans.

**PART III
SAMPLING**

Obtaining sample

9. (1) A representative sample of a consignment of soya beans shall --
 - (a) in the case of soya beans delivered in bags and subject to regulation 10, be obtained by sampling at least ten per cent of the bags, chosen from that consignment at random, with a bag probe: Provided that at least 25 bags in a consignment shall be sampled and where a consignment consists of less than 25 bags, all the bags in that consignment shall be sampled; and-
 - (b) in the case of soya beans delivered in bulk and subject to regulation 10, be obtained by sampling that consignment throughout the whole depth of the layer, in at least six different places, chosen at random in that bulk quantity, with a bulk sampling apparatus.
- (2) The collective sample obtained in subregulation (1)(a) or (b) shall --
 - (a) have a total mass of at least 10 kg; and
 - (b) be thoroughly mixed by means of dividing before further examination.
- (3) If it is suspected that the sample referred to in subregulation (1)(a) is not representative of that consignment, an additional five per cent of the remaining bags, chosen from that consignment at random, shall be emptied into a suitable bulk container and sampled in the manner contemplated in subregulation (1)(b).
- (4) A sample taken in terms of these regulations shall be deemed to be representative of the

consignment from which it was taken.

Sampling if contents differ

10. (1) If, after an examination of the soya beans taken from different bags in a consignment in terms of regulation 9(1), it appears that the contents of those bags differ substantially --

- (a) all the bags in the consignment concerned shall be sampled in order to do such separation;
- (b) the bags concerned shall be placed separately; and
- (c) each group of bags with a similar contents in that consignment shall for the purpose of these regulations be deemed to be a separate consignment.

(2) If, after the discharge of a consignment of soya beans in bulk has commenced, it is suspected that the consignment could be of a grade other than that determined by means of the initial sampling, the discharge shall immediately be stopped and the part of the consignment remaining in the bulk container, as well as the soya beans that is already in the collecting tray, shall be sampled anew with a bulk sampling apparatus or by catching at least 20 samples at regular intervals throughout the whole off loading period with a suitable container from the stream of grain that is flowing in bulk.

Working sample

11. A working sample shall be obtained by dividing the representative sample of the consignment according to the ICC 101/1 method.

PART IV INSPECTION METHODS

Determination of undesired odours, harmful substances, poisonous seeds, glass, metal, coal, dung and insects

12. A consignment or a sample of a consignment of soya beans shall be sensorially assessed or chemically analysed in order to determine --

- (a) whether it has musty, sour, khaki bush or other undesired odour;
- (b) whether it contains soya beans in which or on which a substance is found, that renders it unfit for human or animal consumption or for processing into or for utilisation as food or feed;
- (c) whether it contains poisonous seeds;
- (d) whether it contains glass, metal, coal or dung; and
- (e) whether it contains any insects.

Determination of moisture content

13. The moisture content of a consignment of soya beans may be determined according to any suitable method: Provided that the result thus obtained is in accordance with the maximum permitted deviation for a class 1 moisture meter as detailed in ISO 7700/2, based on results of the 72 hour, 103°C oven dried method (AACC Method 44-15A).

Determination of percentage of wet pods

14. The percentage of wet pods in a consignment of soya beans shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 10 kg of soya beans from a representative sample of the

consignment.

- (b) Remove all wet pods by hand from the working sample and determine the mass thereof.
- (c) Express the mass thus determined as a percentage of the mass of the working sample concerned.
- (d) Such percentage represents the percentage of wet pods in the consignment concerned.

Determination of percentage of other grains, sunflower seed, stones and foreign matter

15. The percentage of other grains, sunflower seed, stones and foreign matter in a consignment of soya beans shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 200g from a representative sample of the consignment.
- (b) Remove all other grains, sunflower seed, stones and foreign matter by hand from the working sample and determine the mass of the other grain, sunflower seed, stones and foreign matter separately.
- (c) Express the respective masses thus determined as a percentage of the mass of the working sample concerned.
- (d) Such percentages represent the percentage of other grains, sunflower seed, stones and foreign matter respectively in the consignment concerned.

Determination of the percentage defective soya beans

16. The percentage of defective soya beans shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 100g soya beans, which is free of other grains, sunflower seed, stones and foreign matter, from the representative sample of the consignment
- (b) Sieve the working sample over the 4, 75 mm round hole sieve and a pan.
- (c) Sort the soya beans on the 4, 75 mm round hole sieve so that the defective soya beans retained.
- (d) Determine the mass of the defective soya beans on the 4, 75 mm round hole sieve and express it as a percentage of the mass of the working sample concerned.
- (e) Such percentage represents the percentage of defective soya beans in the consignment.

Determination of the soya beans and pieces of soya beans which pass through the 4,75 mm round hole sieve

17. The percentage of soya beans and pieces of soya beans which pass through the 4, 75 mm round hole sieve shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Determine the mass of the soya beans and pieces of soya beans in the pan as obtained according to 16(a) and (b) and express it as a percentage of the mass of the working sample obtained in 16(a).
- (b) Such percentage represents the percentage soya beans and pieces of soya beans in the consignment which passes through the 4, 75 mm round hole sieve.

Determination of percentage of soiled soya beans

18. The percentage of soiled soya beans in a consignment of soya beans shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Remove all soiled soya beans from the working sample obtained in 16(a) by hand and determine the mass thereof.
- (b) Express the mass thus determined, as a percentage of the mass of the working sample in 16(a) obtained.
- (c) Such percentage represents the percentage of soiled soya beans in the consignment concerned.

Determination of percentage sclerotinia

19. The percentage sclerotinia in a consignment of soya beans shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Remove all sclerotinia in the working sample in 16(a) obtained by hand and determine the mass thereof.
- (b) Express the mass thus determined as a percentage of the working sample in 16(a) obtained.
- (c) Such percentage represents the percentage sclerotinia in the consignment.

**PART V
OFFENCES AND PENALTIES**

20. Any person who fails to comply with any provision of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction be liable to a fine or imprisonment in accordance with article 11 of the Act.

ANNEXURE/AANHANGSEL

TABLE/TABEL

STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF SOYA BEANS/STANDAARDE VIR GRADE VAN SOJABONE

Nature of deviation/Aard van afwyking	Maximum percentage permissible deviation (m/m)/ Maksimum persentasie toelaatbare afwyking (m/m)
	Grade/Graad SB1
1	2
(a) Wet pods/Nat peule	0,2%
(b) Foreign matter, including stones, other grain and sunflower seeds: Provided that such deviations are individually within the limits specified in items (c), (d), (e) and (f)/Vreemde voorwerpe, insluitende klip-pies, ander graan en sonneblomsaad: Met dien verstande dat sodanige afwykings individueel binne die perke gespesifiseer in items (c), (d), (e) en (f) is	4%
(c) Other grain/Ander graan	0,5%
(d) Sunflower seed/Sonneblomsaad	0,1%
(e) Stones/Klippies	1%
(f) Sclerotinia	4%
(g) Soya beans and parts of soya beans which pass through the 4,75 mm round hole screen/Sojabone en gedeeltes van sojabone wat deur die 4,75 mm-rondegatsif gaan	10%
(h) Defective soya beans on the 4,75 mm round hole screen/Gebrekkige sojabone op die 4,75 mm-rondegatsif	10%
(i) Soiled soya beans/Vuilgesmeerde sojabone	10%
(j) Deviation in (b) and (f) collectively: Provided that such deviations are individually within the limits of said items/Afwykings in (b) en (f) gesamentlik: Met dien verstande dat sodanige afwykings individueel binne die perke van genoemde items is	6%

No. R. 225

6 Maart 2009

WET OP LANDBOUPRODUKSTANDAARDE, 1990
(WET No. 119 VAN 1990)

**REGULASIES BETREKKING TOT DIE GRADERING, VERPAKKING EN MERK VAN SOJABONE
BESTEM VIR VERKOOP IN DIE REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA**

Die Minister van Landbou het kragtens artikel 15 van die Wet op Landbouprodukstandaarde, 1990 (Wet No. 119 van 1990) --

- (a) die regulasies in die Bylae uitgevaardig; en
- (b) bepaal dat genoemde regulasies op datum van publikasie in werking tree.

BYLAE

Woordskrywing

1. In hierdie regulasies het enige woord of uitdrukking waaraan 'n betekenis in die Wet geheg is, daardie betekenis en tensy uit die samehang anders blyk, beteken --

"**ander graan**" die korrels of stukkies korrels van koring, gars, hawer, triticale, mielies, rog en sorghum;

"**besending**" --

- (a) 'n hoeveelheid sojabone van dieselfde klas, wat van dieselfde eenaar behoort, wat op 'n bepaalde tydstip afgelewer word onder dekking van dieselfde vragbrief, afleveringsbrief of ontvangsbewys, of gelewer word deur dieselfde voertuig of losmaathouer, of wat uit dieselfde buis van 'n graansuier of 'n skeepsruim gelaai word; of
- (b) in die geval waar 'n hoeveelheid in paragraaf (a) bedoel, ingedeel is in verkillende grade, elke sodanige hoeveelheid van elk van die verskillende grade;

"**die 4 75 mm-rondegatsif**" 'n sif --

- (a) met 'n bodem van metaalplaat van 1 mm dikte geperforeer met ronde gate met 'n deursnee van 4, 75 mm ($\pm 0,04$ mm) wat so gerangskik is dat die middelpunte van die gate saamval met die kruispunte van 'n gelyksydige driehoekige rooster met 'n steek van 8 mm;
- (b) waarvan die boonste oppervlak van die sif glad is;
- (c) waarvan die raam minstens 40 mm hoog is;
- (d) waarvan die binnebreedte minstens 200 mm en die binnelengte minstens 300 mm is, of in die geval van 'n ronde sif, die binnedeursnee minstens 278 mm is, en
- (e) wat op 'n pan met 'n soliede bodem pas, en moet minstens 20 mm bo die bodem van die pan wees;

"**die Wet**" die Wet op Landbouprodukstandaarde, 1990 (Wet No. 119 van 1990);

"**gebrekkige sojabone**" sojabone en stukkies sojabone wat --

- (a) deur ryp, hitte of weersomstandighede beskadig is;
- (b) sigbaar deur insekte beskadig is;

- (c) skimmelbesmet of deur plantsiektes aangetas is;
- (d) 'n duidelike onvolwasse vorm het of wat met 'n witterige membraan bedek is of waarvan die saadhuid 'n groen verkleuring toon; en
- (e) wanneer die saadhuid verwyder word, verkleuring toon, uitgesonderd groen verkleuring;

Met dien verstande dat sojabone wat in die groenpeulstadium deur insekte beskadig is en waarvan die verkleuring as gevolg van die beskadiging nie groter as die helfte van die oppervlakte van die sojabone is nie, nie geag sal word as gebrekkige sojabone nie;

"giftige sade" sade of gedeeltes van sade van plantspesies wat volgens die wet op Voedingsmiddels, Skoonheidsmiddels en Ontsmettingsmiddels, 1972 (Wet no 54 van 1972) 'n risiko vir menslike of dierlike gesondheid kan inhou indien dit verbruik word, insluitende sade van *Argemone mexicana* L., *Convolvulus* spp., *Crotalaria* spp., *Datura* spp., *Ipomoea* spp., *Lolium temulentum*, *Ricinus communis* of *Xanthium* spp.;

"hittebeskadig" sojabone met ligte tot donker bruin saadlobbe in 'n dwarsdeursnit;

"houer" 'n sak of 'n losmaathouer;

"insek" met betrekking tot sojabone, enige lewende insek wat skadelik is vir opgebergde sojabone, ongeag die stadium van ontwikkeling van die insek;

"kultivarlys" die lys van kultivars van tyd tot tyd deur die Uitvoerende Beampste: Landbouprodukstandaarde vasgestel en wat vanaf die Uitvoerende Beampste: Landbouprodukstandaarde, Privaatsak X258, Pretoria, verkrygbaar is;

"losmaathouer" enige vervoermiddel of houer waarin losmaat sojabone vervoer of opgeberg word;

"nat peule" alle heel of beskadigde sojaboonpeule met 'n vogpersentasie hoër as die toegelate vogpersentasie;

"peule" alle heel of beskadigde sojaboonpeule;

"rypbeskadig" sojabone met groen tot groen-bruin saadlobbe met 'n wasagtige voorkoms;

"sak" 'n sak vervaardig van --

- (a) jute of phormium of 'n mengsel van jute en phormium; of
- (b) polipropileen wat voldoen aan SABS spesikasie CKS 632;

"sclerotinia" *Sclerotinia sclerotiorum* is 'n fungus wat harde fungusmassas bestaande uit fungusweefsel produseer en wat ook bekend staan as sclerotinia. Die sclerotinia varieër in grootte en vorm en bestaan uit 'n donker swart buitekant, 'n wit binnekant en 'n growwe oppervlakte tekstuur;

"skimmelbesmet" sojabone wat verskrimpel en misvorm in voorkoms is met 'n kleur wat wissel van medium tot donker bruin, dele van aangetaste boon wat met skimmel bedek is;

"sojabone" die gedorstede sade en stukkies sade van die plant *Glycine max* en waar die woord "sojabone" saam met die woord "besending" gebruik word, sluit dit in materiaal anders as sojabone wat in die besending ingesluit is;

"vuilgesmeerde sojabone" heel sojabone of gedeeltes van sojabone wat nie deur 4,75 mm-rondegatsif gaan nie en wat deur grond of ander stowwe verkleur is: Met dien verstande dat sojabone wat deur plantmateriaal verkleur is, nie as vuil sojabone beskou sal word nie; en

"vreemde voorwerpe" alle voorwerpe anders as sojabone, glas, steenkool, mis, sclerotinia of metaal, en los saadhuide van sojabone en peule.

Beperkings op verkoop van sojabone

2. (1) Niemand mag sojabone in die Republiek van Suid-Afrika verkoop nie --
- (a) tensy die sojabone verkoop word volgens die klasse in regulasie 3 uiteengesit;
 - (b) tensy die sojabone voldoen aan die standaard vir die betrokke klas in regulasie 4 uiteengesit;
 - (c) tensy die sojabone, waar van toepassing, voldoen aan die grade van sojabone en standaard vir die grade in regulasies 5 en 6 onderskeidelik uiteengesit;
 - (d) tensy die sojabone verpak is volgens die verpakkingsvereistes in regulasie 7 uiteengesit;
 - (e) tensy die houer of verkoopsdokumente, na gelang van die geval, gemerk is ooreenstemming met die merkvereistes in regulasie 8 uiteengesit; en
 - (f) indien sodanige sojabone 'n stof bevat wat dit ongeskik maak vir menslike of dierlike verbruik of verwerking tot of aanwending daarvan as voedsel of voer.
- (2) Die Uitvoerende Beampte kan iemand skriftelik, in die geheel of gedeeltelik, op die voorwaardes wat hy of sy nodig ag, van die bepalings van subregulasie (1) vrystel. Met dien verstande dat die vrystelling gedoen is in terme van afdeling 3(1)(c) van die Wet.

**DEEL I
GEHALTESTANDAARDE**

Klasse sojabone

3. Daar is twee klasse sojabone naamlik Klas SB en Klas Ander sojabone.

Standaard vir klasse sojabone.

4. (1) 'n Besending sojabone --
- (a) moet vry wees van 'n muwwe, suur, kakiebos of ander ongewenste reuk;
 - (b) moet vry wees van 'n stof wat dit ongeskik maak vir menslike of dierlike verbruik of vir verwerking tot of aanwending daarvan as voedsel of voer;
 - (c) mag nie meer giftige sade bevat as-wat toegelaat word kragtens die Wet op Voedingsmiddels, Skoonheidsmiddels en Ontsmettingsmiddels, 1972 (Wet No. 54 van 1972) nie;
 - (d) moet vry wees van glas, metaal, steenkool of mis;
 - (e) moet met die uitsondering van Klas Ander sojabone, vry wees van insekte; en
 - (f) mag met die uitsondering van Klas Ander sojabone, 'n voginhoud van hoogstens 13% hê.
- (2) 'n Besending sojabone word as klas SB geklassifiseer indien dit -
- (a) bestaan uit enige kultivar van sojabone; en

- (b) voldoen aan die standaard vir die graad van klas SB soos in regulasie 6 uiteengesit.

(3) 'n Besending sojabone word as Klas Ander sojabone geklassifiseer indien dit nie voldoen aan die standaard vir Klas SB nie.

Grade sojabone

5. (1) Sojabone van Klas SB word as Graad SB1 gegradeer.
(2) Geen grade word vir Klas Ander sojabone bepaal nie.

Standaard vir grade van sojabone

6. 'n Besending sojabone word gegradeer as --
(a) Graad SB1 indien die aard van die afwyking in kolom 1 van Tabel 1 van die Aanhangsel gespesifiseer, in daardie besending nie die persentasie in kolom 2 van genoemde tabel teenoor die betrokke afwyking gespesifiseer, oorskry nie.

DEEL II VERPAKKINGS - EN MERKVEREISTES

Verpakkingsvereistes

7. Sojabone van verskillende klasse en grade word in verskillende houers verpak of afsonderlik opgeberg.

Merkvereistes

8. Elke houer of die meegaande verkoopsdokumente van 'n besending sojabone word gemerk of geëndosseer met die klas en graad van die sojabone.

DEEL III MONSTERNEMING

Verkryging van monster

9. (1) 'n Verteenwoordigende monster van 'n besending sojabone word --
(a) in die geval sojabone in sakke gelewer en behoudens regulasie 10, verkry deur minstens tien persent van die sakke, ewekansig uit daardie besending gekies, met 'n saksteker te bemonster. Met dien verstande dat minstens 25 sakke in 'n besending bemonster word en waar 'n besending uit minder as 25 sakke bestaan, al die sakke in daardie besending bemonster word; en
(b) in die geval van sojabone in losmaat gelewer en behoudens regulasie 10, verkry deur daardie besending deur die volle diepte by minstens ses verskillende plekke, ewekansig in daardie losmaathoeveelheid uitgekies, met 'n losmaatmonsternemings-apparaat te bemonster.
(2) Die gesamentlike monster in subregulasie (1)(a) of (b) verkry, moet --
(a) 'n totale massa van minstens 10 kg hê; en
(b) deeglik gemeng word deur verdeling voor verdere ondersoek.

(3) Indien vermoed word dat die monster in subregulasie (1)(a) bedoel, nie verteenwoordigend van daardie besending is nie, word 'n addisionele vyf persent van die oorblywende sakke, ewekansig uit daardie besending gekies, in 'n geskikte losmaathouer uitgegooi en bemonster op die wyse in subregulasie (1)(b) beoog.

(4) 'n Monster ingevolge hierdie regulasie geneem, word geag verteenwoordigend te wees van die besending waaruit dit geneem is.

Monsterneming indien inhoud verskil

10. (1) Indien dit na 'n ondersoek van die sojabone wat ingevolge regulasie 9(1) uit verskillende sakke in 'n besending geneem is, blyk dat die inhoud van daardie sakke wesenlik verskil, word --

- (a) al die sakke in die betrokke besending bemonster ten einde sodanige skeiding te doen;
- (b) die onderskeie sakke van mekaar geskei; en
- (c) elke groep sakke met 'n soortgelyke inhoud in daardie besending vir die doeleindes van hierdie regulasies geag 'n afsonderlike besending te wees.

(2) Indien, nadat met die aflaai van 'n besending sojabone in losmaat begin is, daar vermoed word dat die besending van 'n ander graad kan wees as wat met behulp van die aanvanklike bemonstering bepaal is, word die aflaaiproses onmiddellik gestaak en word die deel van die besending wat in die losmaathouer oorbly asook die sojabone wat reeds in die opvangbak gestort is, van vooraf met 'n losmaat-monsternemingsapparaat bemonster of deur minstens 20 monsters met 'n geskikte houer met gereelde tussenposes oor die hele aflaaiperiode uit die stroom van graan wat in losmaat vloei, op te vang.

Werkmonster

11. 'n Werkmonster word verkry deur die verteenwoordigende monster van die besending volgens die ICC 101/1 metode, te verdeel.

DEEL V ONDERSOEKMETODES

Bepaling van ongewenste reuke, skadelike stowwe, giftige sade-, glas-, metaal-, steenkool-, mis- en insekinhoud

12. 'n Besending of 'n monster van 'n besending sojabone word sintuiglik beoordeel of skeikundig ontleed ten einde te bepaal --

- (a) of dit 'n muwwe, suur, kakiebos of ander ongewenste reuk het;
- (b) of dit sojabone bevat waarin of waarop 'n stof voorkom, wat dit ongeskik maak vir menslike of dierlike verbruik of vir verwerking tot of aanwending as voedsel of voer;
- (c) of dit giftige sade bevat;
- (d) of dit glas, metaal, steenkool of mis bevat; en
- (e) of dit enige insekte bevat.

Bepaling van voginhoud

13. Die voginhoud van 'n besending sojabone kan volgens enige geskikte metode bepaal word: Met dien verstande dat die resultate aldus verkry in ooreenstemming is met die maksimum toelaatbare afwyking vir 'n klas 1 vogmeter soos uiteengesit in ISO 7700/2, gebaseer op die resultate verkry deur die 72 uur 103°C oonddroogmetode (AACC Metode 44/15A).

Bepaling van persentasie nat peule

14. Die persentasie nat peule in 'n besending sojabone word soos volg bepaal:
- (a) Verkry 'n werkmonster van minstens 10 kg sojabone uit 'n verteenwoordigende monster van die besending.
 - (b) Verwyder alle nat peule met die hand uit die werkmonster en bepaal die massa daarvan.
 - (c) Druk die massa aldus bepaal uit as 'n persentasie van die massa van die betrokke werkmonster.
 - (d) Sodanige persentasie verteenwoordig die persentasie nat peule in die betrokke besending.

Bepaling van persentasie ander graan, sonneblomsaad, klippies en vreemde voorwerpe

15. Die persentasie ander graan, sonneblomsaad, klippies en vreemde voorwerpe in 'n besending sojabone word soos volg bepaal:
- (a) Verkry 'n werkmonster van minstens 200 g sojabone van 'n verteenwoordigende monster van die besending.
 - (b) Verwyder alle ander graan, sonneblomsaad, klippies en vreemde voorwerpe met die hand uit die werkmonster en bepaal die massa van die ander graan, sonneblomsaad, klippies en vreemde voorwerpe afsonderlik.
 - (c) Druk die onderskeie massas aldus bepaal uit as 'n persentasie van die massa van die betrokke werkmonster.
 - (d) Sodanige persentasies verteenwoordig onderskeidelik die persentasie ander graan, sonneblomsaad, klippies en vreemde voorwerpe in die betrokke besending.

Bepaling van die persentasie gebrekkige sojabone

16. Die persentasie gebrekkige sojabone word soos volg bepaal:
- (a) Verkry 'n werkmonster van minstens 100 g sojabone, vry van ander graan, sonneblomsaad, klippies en vreemde voorwerpe, uit die verteenwoordigende monster van die besending.
 - (b) Sif die werkmonster oor die 4, 75 mm-rondgatsif en 'n pan.
 - (c) Sorteër die sojabone op die 4, 75 mm-rondegatsif sodat die gebrekkige sojabone behoue bly.
 - (d) Bepaal die massa van die gebrekkige sojabone op die 4, 75 mm-rondegatsif en druk dit uit as 'n persentasie van die massa van die betrokke werkmonster.
 - (e) Sodanige persentasie verteenwoordig die persentasie gebrekkige sojabone in die besending.

Bepaling van die persentasie sojabone en gedeeltes van sojabone wat deur die 4,75 mm-rondegatsif gaan

17. Die persentasie sojabone en gedeeltes van sojabone wat deur 4, 75 mm-rondegatsif gaan, word soos volg bepaal:
- (a) Bepaal die massa van die sojabone en stukkies sojabone in die pan soos verkry volgens 16(a) en (b), en druk dit uit as 'n persentasie van die massa van die betrokke werkmonster in 16(a) verkry.
 - (b) Sodanige persentasie verteenwoordig die persentasie sojabone en stukkies sojabone in die besending wat deur die 4, 75 mm-rondegatsif gaan.

Bepaling van persentasie vuilgesmeerde sojabone

18. Die persentasie vuilgesmeerde sojabone in 'n besending sojabone word soos volg bepaal:
- (a) Verwyder alle vuilgesmeerde sojabone uit die werkmonster in 16(a) verkry met die hand en bepaal die massa daarvan.
 - (b) Druk die massa aldus bepaal, uit as 'n persentasie van die massa van die betrokke werkmonster in 16(a) verkry.
 - (c) Sodanige persentasie verteenwoordig die persentasie vuilgesmeerde sojabone in die betrokke besending.

Bepaling van die persentasie sclerotinia

19. Die persentasie sclerotinia in 'n besending sojabone word soos volg bepaal:
- (a) Verwyder alle sclerotinia uit die werkmonster in 16(a) verkry met die hand en bepaal die massa daarvan.
 - (b) Druk die massa aldus bepaal uit as 'n persentasie van die betrokke werkmonster in 16(a) verkry.
 - (c) Sodanige persentasie verteenwoordig die persentasie sclerotinia in die betrokke besending.

**DEEL V
OORTREDINGS EN STRAWWE**

20. Iemand wat 'n bepaling van hierdie regulasie oortree of versuim om daaraan te voldoen, is aan 'n misdryf skuldige en by skuldigbevinding strafbaar met 'n boete of met gevangenisstraf in ooreenstemming met artikel 11 van die Wet.

No. R. 226

6 March 2009

**ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION ACT, 2002
(ACT No. 6 OF 2002)**

REGULATIONS: AMENDMENT

The Minister of Agriculture has, under section 18(1)(f) of the Animal Identification Act, 2002 (Act No. 6 of 2002), made the regulations in the Schedule.

LULU XINGWANA,
Minister of Agriculture

SCHEDULE

Definitions

1. In this Schedule "the Regulations" means the Regulations published by Government Notice No. R 191 of 22 February 2008.

Substitution of Table 1 of the Regulations

2. The table in the Annexure is hereby substituted for Table 1 of the Regulations.

No. R. 226

6 Maart 2009

**WET OP DIE IDENTIFIKASIE VAN DIERE, 2002
(WET No. 6 VAN 2002)**

REGULASIES: WYSIGING

Die Minister van Landbou het, kragtens artikel 18(1)(f) van die Wet op die Identifikasie van Diere, 2002 (Wet No. 6 van 2002), die regulasies in die Bylae uitgevaardig.

LULU XINGWANA,
Minister van Landbou

BYLAE

Woordomskrywing

1. In hierdie Bylae beteken “die Regulasies” die Regulasies gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing No. R 191 van 22 Februarie 2008.

Vervanging van Tabel 1 van die Regulasies

2. Tabel 1 van die Regulasies word hierby deur die tabel in die Aanhangsel vervang.

NATURE OF SERVICE, GOODS OR SUPPLIES PROVIDED	TARIFF APPLICABLE FROM 1 APRIL 2008	TARIFF APPLICABLE FROM 1 APRIL 2009	REMARKS / EXPLANATION
10 VETERINARY SERVICES			
10.1 ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION ACT, 2002 (Act No. 6 of 2002)			
10.1.1 Registration of an animal identification mark [Reg. 3 (2)]	R 110,00 per application	R 120,00 per application	
10.1.2 Transfer of the registration of an animal identification mark [Reg. 6 (2)]	R 110,00 per application	R 120,00 per application	
10.1.3 Application for duties of pound master in terms of section 14 of the Act [Reg. 8 (1)]	R 50,00 per application	R 50,00 per application	
10.1.4 Application for registration as marking operator. [Reg.7 (2)]	R 120,00 per application	R 120,00 per application	
10.2 TARIFFS AT OFFICIAL VETERINARY QUARANTINE STATIONS			
10.2.1 Accommodation for: (a) Cattle (including water buffalo) All fully grown cattle that are regarded as a separate unit – irrespective of age or size – (i) All cattle	R 55,00 per day per animal	R 55,00 per day per animal	

No. R. 227**6 March 2009****FERTILIZERS, FARM FEEDS, AGRICULTURAL REMEDIES AND STOCK****REMEDIES ACT, 1947 (ACT NO. 36 OF 1947)****REGULATIONS RELATING TO FARM FEEDS, APPEALS AND IMPORTS: PROPOSED
AMENDMENT**

I, Lulama Xingwana, Minister of Agriculture, acting under Section 23 of the Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947), hereby-

- i. make known that I intend to make regulation in the schedule;
and
- ii. invite interested persons to submit any objections to or representations concerning the proposed regulation in writing to the Registrar: Fertilizer, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies, Private bag X 343, Pretoria, 0001, within four weeks from date of publication hereof.

L. Xingwana
Minister of Agriculture

**FERTILIZERS, FARM FEEDS, AGRICULTURAL REMEDIES AND STOCK REMEDIES
ACT, 1947 (ACT NO. 36 OF 1947)**

FARM FEEDS REGULATIONS: PROPOSED AMENDMENT

The Minister of Agriculture, acting under Section 23 of the Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947), made the proposed amendment to the regulations in the schedule

SCHEDULE

1. In this schedule "the Regulations" means regulations published by government notice No. R.1087 of 3 November 2006.

Substitution of Table 2 of the Regulations

2. The Regulations are hereby amended by the substitution of Table 2 of the following table;

**TABLE 2
UNDESIRABLE SUBSTANCES IN ANIMAL FEEDS
[REG. 11 (3)]**

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
Substances (ions or elements)		
1. Arsenic	Feed ingredients with the exception of:	2
	Meal made from grass, from dried lucern and from dried clover and dried sugar beet pulp and dried molasses sugar beet pulp.	4
	Palm kernel expeller	4(*)
	- phosphates and calcareous marine algae	10
	- calcium carbonate	15
	- magnesium oxide	20
	- Feedstuffs (farm feed) obtained from the processing of fish or other marine animals	15(*)
	- Seaweed meal and feed ingredients derived from seaweed (kelp)	40(*)
	Complete farm feeds with the exception of:	2
	complete farm feeds for fish and complete feeds for fur animals	6(*)

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
<p>2. Lead</p> <p><i>Maximum levels refer to an analytical determination of lead, whereby extraction is performed in nitric acid (5% w/w) for 30 minutes at boiling temperature. Equivalent extraction procedures can be applied for which it can be demonstrated that the used extraction procedure has an equal efficiency.</i></p>	Supplements/concentrates with the exception of:	4
	- Mineral products	12
	Ingredients with the exception of:	10
	- green Fodder (roughages)	30(#)
	- phosphates and calcareous marine algae	15
	- calcium carbonate	20
	- yeast	5
	Additives belonging to the functional group of compounds of trace elements (mineral products) except:	100
	Zinc oxide	400(#)
	Manganous oxide, iron, carbonate, copper carbonate	200(#)
	Additives belonging to the functional groups of binders and anti-caking agents except:	30(#)
	clinoptilolite of volcanic origin	60(#)
	premixtures	200(#)
complementary feedingstuffs (supplements/concentrates) with the exception of:	10	
mineral feedingstuffs (mineral products)	15	
-Complete farm feeds	5	

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
3. Fluorine	Feed Ingredients with the exception of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - feed ingredients of animal origin with the exception of marine crustaceans such as marine krill - marine crustaceans such as marine krill - phosphates - calcium carbonate - magnesium oxide - calcareous marine algae - vermiculite (E561) complementary feedingstuffs (supplements/concentrates) containing less than 4% phosphorus containing more than 4% phosphorus Complete farm feeds with the exception of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - complete feeds for lactating cattle, sheep and goats - other - complete feeds for pigs - complete feeds for poultry complete feeds for chicks 	150 500 3000 2000 350 600 1000 3000 500 125 per 1% phosphorus 150 30 50 100 350 250
4. Mercury	Feed ingredients except feed ingredients produced by the processing of fish or other marine animals Feed ingredients produced by the processing of fish or other marine animals Complete feeds except for dogs and cats. - Complete feeds for dogs and	0,1 0,5 0,1 0,4

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
5. Nitrites	cats Concentrates/supplements except complementary food for dogs and cats Fish meal Complete feeds excluding: ingredients intended for pets except birds and aquarium fish.	 0,2 60 (expressed as sodium nitrite) 15 (expressed as sodium nitrite)
6. Cadmium <i>Maximum levels refer to an analytical determination of lead, whereby extraction is performed in nitric acid (5% w/w) for 30 minutes at boiling temperature. Equivalent extraction procedures can be applied for which it can be demonstrated that the used extraction procedure has an equal efficiency.</i>	Ingredients of vegetable origin Feed material (ingredients) of animals origin Feed material of mineral origin (mineral products) except: Phosphates Additives belonging to the functional group of compounds of trace elements (mineral products) except: Copper oxide, manganous oxide, zinc oxide and manganous sulphate monohydrate. Additives belonging to the functional groups of binders and anti-caking agents premixtures Mineral feedingstuffs (Mineral products) containing less than	 1 2 2 10 10 30 2 15 5

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
7.Copper	7% phosphorus	
	Containing more than 7% phosphorus	0.75 per 15 phosphorus with a maximum of 7.5
	Complementary feedingstuffs (supplements/concentrates) for pet animals	2
	Other complementary feedingstuffs (supplements/concentrates)	0,5
	-Complete feedingstuffs (farm feeds) for cattle, sheep and goats and feedingstuffs for fish except:	1
	Complete feedingstuffs (farm feeds) for pets	2
	-Complete feedingstuffs (Farm feeds) for calves, lambs and kids of other completefeedingstuffs (farm feeds)	0.5
	Feed for free-range meat pigs	25
	Pigs:	
	Piglets up to 12 weeks	170

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
	Other pigs	25
	Bovine:	
	Bovine before the start of rumination	
	-Milk replacers	15
	-Other complete feedingstuffs	15
	Other bovine	35
	Ovine	15
	Fish	25
	Crustaceans	50
	Other species	25
8.Nickel	Fodder fats	50(based on fat)
9.Zinc	Feed for free-range meat pigs	90
	Pet animals	250
	Fish	200
	Milk replacers	200
	Other species	150
1. Aflatoxin B1	Feed ingredients with the exception of:	0.02
	- Groundnut, copra, palm-kernel, cotton seed, maize and products derived from the processing thereof	0,05
	Complete farm feeds for cattle, sheep and goats with the exception of:	0,05
	- dairy cattle	0,005

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
	- calves and lambs	0,01
	Complete feeds for pigs and poultry (except young animals)	0,02
	Other complete farm feeds (including pets)	0,01
	-Maize products intended for feedlot	300ppb
	Supplement/concentrates for cattle, sheep and goats (except for dairy animals, calves and lambs)	0,05
2. Aflotoxin G1	-Oilseed by-products	0.005
	-Maize	0.005
	-Groundnuts	0.005
	-Cottonseed	0.005
3. DON (Deoxynivalenol)	Feeding stuffs on full ration basis for:	
	-Pigs	1
	-Cattle	5
	-Calves up to 4 months	2
	-Dairy cattle	3
	-Poultry	4
	-Pets	1
4. Fumonisin B1	-Horses and pets	5
	-Pigs	10
	-Beef and poultry	50
5. Ochratoxin A	Feeding stuffs on full ration basis for:	
	-Sows,pigs and piglets	0.05
	-Poultry	0.2
6. Trichothecene	-Barley and cereal grains	0.02

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
7. Moniliformin	Feeding stuff for non-ruminants Complete feeding stuff for -Horse -Pig -Beef -Poultry Maize and maize by-products	0.1 5 10 50 50 0.1
8. Mycophenolic acid	-Silage	1.4
9. Zearalenon	Feeding stuffs on full ration basis for: -Sows and pigs -Young pigs -Young cattle and dairy cattle	0.25 0.1 0.5 0.05
10. Nivalenol	-Cereal grains	0.43µg/kg
11. Patulin	-Feedstuff for cattle	5000
12. Citrinin	-Wheat and oats	4,5
13. Acrylamide	-Layers	2.5
14. Plant toxins 14.1 Tannins	- Feeding stuff for cattle, sheep and goats	30000
14.2 Trypsin inhibitors	- Soya beans for all animals	88
14.3 Cyanogens	- All farm feeds containing underground cereals	186
14.4 Glucosinolates	- Rape seeds for non-ruminants	100mmol

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
14.5 Mimosine	- All farm animals	25000
14.7 Quinolizidine Alkaloids	- Lupin	10000
14.8 S-methyle cysteine sulphoxide (non-protein amino acid)	- Foliage and plant seeds	40000
14.9 Lectins	- Winged Beans	40
	- Lima Beans	59
	- Jack Beans	73
15. Phosphoric Acid Esters 15.1 Malathion 15.2 Fenithrothion 15.3 Pirimiphos (Methyl)	- All feedstuffs	1
	- All feedstuff	1
	- All feedstuffs	1
16. Nitrosamines 16.1 Nitrosodiethylamine 16.2 Nitrosodimethylamine)	- All feedstuff	0.01
	- All feedstuffs	0.01
17. Animal Toxin 17.1 Ruminant meat and bone meal 17.2 Prion Proteins	- Poultry and swine	0
	-Cattle, sheep and goats	0
18. Dioxin Sum of dioxins, furans and dioxin-like PCB's	Meat and meat products:	4,0
	- Ruminants	1,5
	- Poultry and farm game	12.0
	- Pigs	
	Feed material of plant origin	2
	- Ruminants	0.75
	- Poultry and farm game	6
	- Pigs	
	Feed Additives	6
	Liver of terrestrial animals and derived products	200µg/kg
19. Polychlorbiphenols (Pcb's)	Frying fats and oils	250µg/kg(based on fat)
	Feed materials of animal origin (where fat content >2%fat)except fish oil	50µg/kg(based on fat)

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
	Feed materials of animal origin (where fat content <2% fat)	200µg/kg(based on fat)
	Feed materials of plant origin with the exception of vegetable oils	1.25µg/kg
	Compound feeding stuffs with the exception for pet food	1.5µg/kg
	Feeding stuff for pet	7µg/kg
	Premixtures	1.5µg/kg
	Feed Additives	1.5µg/kg
20. Hydrocyanic acid	Feed ingredients with the exception of:	50
	Linseed	250
	Linseed cakes	350
	Manioc products and almond cakes	100
	Complete feeds with the exception of:	50
21. Hydrocarbons (C10 – C40)	Animal fats, with the exception of:	400
	-Raw fish oil	3000
	Vegetable oil(except sunflower oil)	400
	Sunflower oil and sunflower fatty acids	1000
	Vegetable fatty acids incl. mixes of fatty acids(except sunflower fatty acids)	3000
	- complete feeds for chickens:	10
22. Free gossypol	Feed ingredients with the	20

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
	exception of: - cotton seed cakes - cotton seed Complete farm feeds with the exception of: complete feeds for cattle, sheep and goats complete feeds for poultry (except laying hens) and calves - complete feeds for rabbits and pigs (except piglets)	1 200 5 000 20 500 100 60
23. Theobromine	Complete farm feeds with the exception of: - complete feeds for adult cattle	300 700
24. Volatile mustard oil	Feed ingredients with the exception of: - rape seed cakes Complete farm feeds with the exception of - complete feeds for cattle, sheep and goats (except young animals) complete feeds for pigs (except piglets) and poultry	100 4 000 (expressed as allyl isothiocyanate) 150 (expressed as allyl isothiocyanate) 1 000 (expressed as allyl isothiocyanate) 500 (expressed as allyl isothiocyanate)
25. Vinyl thioxazolidone (vinyloxazolidine thione)	Complete feeds for poultry with the exception of: - complete feeds for laying hens	1 000 500
26. Rye ergot (<i>Claviceps purpurea</i>)	All farm feeds containing unground cereals	1 000
27. Weed seeds and unground and uncrushed fruit containing	All farm feeds	3 000

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
alkaloids, glucosides or other toxic substances separately or in combination including		
(a) <i>Lolium temulentum</i> L,		1 000
(b) <i>Lolium remotum</i> Schrank,		1 000
(c) <i>Datura stramonium</i> L.		1 000
28. Castor oil plant – <i>Ricinus communis</i> L.	All farm feeds	10 (expressed in terms of castor-oil plant husks)
29. <i>Crotalaria</i> spp.	All animals feeds	100
30. Aldrin singly or combined expressed as dieldrin	All farm feeds with the exception of:	0,01
	- fats	0,02
31. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (Pah's)	Fodder fats	50ug (Based on fat)
32. Dieldrin/Aldrin	Complete feeding stuff for	
	- Cow	0.05
	-Laying hen	0.025
	-Broiler	0.025
33. Dibenzofurans	-Layers	5000
	-Broilers	5000
34. Camphechlor (Toxaphene)	All farm feeds	0,1
35. Chlordane (sum of cis-and trans-isomers and of oxychlordane, expressed as chlordane)	All farm feeds with the exception of:	0,02
	- fats	0,05
36. Chlordane	Feeding stuff for fish	0.05
37. Chloropyrifos	Feeding stuff for	
	-Cow	0.3
	-Poultry	0.01
38. DDT (sum of DDT- TDE and DDE-isomers, expressed as DDT)	All farm feeds with the exception of:	0,05
	- fats	0,5
39. 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	Feeding stuff for	
	-Poultry	18
	-Goats	480
40. Endosulfan (sum of alpha- and beta-somers and of	All farm feeds with the exception of	0,1

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
endosulfansulphate expressed as endosulfan)	- maize - oilseeds - complete feeds for fish	0,2 0,5 0,005
41. Endrin (sum of endrin and delta-ketoi-endrin, expressed as endrin)	All farm feeds with the exception of: - fats	0,01 0,05
42. Heptachlor (sum of heptachlor and of heptachlor-epoxide, expressed as oxidized)	All farm feeds with the exception of: - fats	0,01 0,2
43. Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	All farm feeds with the exception of: - fats	0,01 0,2
44. Hexachlorocyclo-hexane (HCH)	All farm feeds with the exception of fat	0,02
45.1 alpha-isomer	All farm feeds with the exception of: - fats	0,02 0,2
45.2 beta-isomer	Compound farm feed with the exception of: - feeding stuffs for dairy cattle Feed ingredients with the exception of: - fats	0,01 0,005 0,01 0,1
46.3 gamma-isomer	All farm feeds with the exception of: - fats	0,2 2,0
47. Methoxichlor	Feeding stuff for -Cows -Poultry	800 0.02
48. Parathion	Protein concentrates for pigs and poultry	3
49. Melamine and its derivatives	Feed ingredients and complete feed for livestock	0.5
50. Melamine and its derivatives	Feed ingredients and complete pet foods	0.001
51 Cyanuric acid	Feed ingredients and complete feed for all species	0.001

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
52 NPN sources	Complete pet foods Complete monogastric feed	0.0001 1000
53. Sand	Raw material of plant origin	1000
54 Mould & Yeast:	Compound Feed & Feedingstuffs	Absent in 25g
54.1 Salmonella	Raw material (feedingstuffs)	Absent in 25g
54.2 Enterobacteriaceae	Compound feed Raw material (feedingstuffs)	Absent in 25g Absent in 1g
54.3 <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	Compound feed Raw material (feedingstuffs)	Absent in 1g Absent in 25g
54.4 <i>Escherica Coli</i> 0157:H7	Compound feed Raw material (feedingstuffs)	Absent in 25g Absent in 20g
54.5 <i>Clostridium</i> sp.	Compound feed Raw material (feedingstuffs)	Absent in 20g Absent in 20g
C. BOTANICAL IMPURITIES	Compound feed	Absent in 20g
<p>Apricots – <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L.</p>		
<p>Bitter almond – <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D.A. Webb var. <i>amara</i> (DC.) Focke (= <i>Prunus amygdalus</i> Batsch var. <i>amara</i> (DC.) Focke)</p>		
<p>Unhusked beech mast – <i>Fagus silvatica</i> (L).</p>		
<p>Camelina – <i>Camelina sativa</i> (L). Crantz</p>		
<p>Mowrah, <i>Bassia</i>,</p>		Seeds and fruit of the plant

SUBSTANCE, PRODUCTS	FARM FEEDS	MAXIMUM CONTENT IN mg/kg (ppm) relative to a farm feed with a moisture content of 120g/kg
(1)	(2)	(3)
<p><i>Madhuca</i> – <i>Madhuca longifolia</i> (L.) Macbr. (= <i>Bassia longifolia</i> L. = <i>Illipe malabroum</i> Eng1.) <i>Madhuca indica</i> Gmelin (= <i>Bassia latifolia</i> (Roxb.) = <i>Illipe latifolia</i> (Roscb.) F. Mueller)</p> <p><i>Purghera</i> – <i>Jatropha curcas</i> L.</p> <p><i>Croton</i> – <i>Croton tiglium</i> L.</p> <p>Indian mustard – <i>Brassica juncea</i> (L.) Czern. And Coss.ssp. <i>integrifolia</i> (West.) Thell.</p> <p>Sareptian mustard – <i>Brassica juncea</i> (L.) Czern. And Coss.ssp. <i>juncea</i></p> <p>Chinese mustard – <i>Brassica Juncea</i> (L.) Czern and Coss. Ssp. <i>Junica var lutea</i> Batelin</p> <p>Black mustard – <i>Brassica nigra</i> (L.) Koch</p> <p>Ethiopian mustard – <i>Brassica carinata</i> A. Braun</p>	All farm feeds	species listed opposite as well their processed derivatives may only be present in feed ingredients in trace quantities not quantitatively determinable.

* Upon request of the competent authorities, the responsible operator must perform an analysis to demonstrate that the content of inorganic arsenic is lower than 2ppm. This analysis is of particular importance for the seaweed species *Hizikia fusiforme*.

Maximum levels refer to an analytical determination of cadmium, whereby extraction is performed in nitric acid (5% w/w) for 30 minutes at boiling temperature. Equivalent extraction procedures can be applied for which it can be demonstrated that the used extraction procedure has equal extraction efficiency.

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
DEPARTEMENT VAN GESONDHEID**

No. R. 237

6 March 2009

**HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT, 1974
HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL OF SOUTH AFRICA**

REGULATIONS DEFINING THE SCOPE OF THE PROFESSION OF MEDICINE

The Minister of Health has, in terms of section 33(1), read with section 61(2), of the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974), as amended by Act 29 of 2007, and on the recommendation of the Health Professions Council of South Africa, made the regulations in the Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Definitions

1. In these regulations "the Act" means the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974), and any expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act shall bear that meaning, and, unless inconsistent with the context—

"**board**" means the Medical and Dental Professions Board established in terms of section 15(1) of the Act;

"**medicine**" means the profession of a person registered as a medical practitioner or an intern in medicine in terms of the Act; and

"**section**" means a section of the Act.

Scope of the profession

2. The following acts are hereby specified by the board under section 33 as acts which shall, for the purposes of the Act, be deemed to be acts pertaining to the medical profession:

- (a) The physical medical and/or clinical examination of any person;
- (b) performing medical and/or clinical procedures and/or prescribing medicines and managing the health of a patient (prevention, treatment and rehabilitation);
- (c) advising any person on his or her physical health status;
- (d) on the basis of information provided by any person or obtained from him or her in any manner whatsoever—
 - (i) diagnosing such person's physical health status;
 - (ii) advising such person on his or her physical health status;
 - (iii) administering or selling to or prescribing for such person any medicine or medical treatment;
- (e) prescribing, administering or providing any medicine, substance or medical device as defined in the Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965 (Act No. 101 of 1965);
- (f) any other act specifically pertaining to the medical profession based on the education and training of medical practitioners as approved by the board from time to time.

3. The provisions of regulation 2 shall not be construed as prohibiting—

- (a) any person registered under any legislation regulating health care providers from performing any act specified in that regulation in accordance with the provisions of such legislation;
- (b) an intern working at an institution recognised by the council from performing any function or issuing any certificate or other document which in terms of any law, other than this Act, may be or is required to be performed or issued by a medical practitioner, whether described in such law as a medical practitioner or by any other name or designation, or describing himself or herself as a medical practitioner in connection with the performance of any such function or the issuing of any such certificate or document;
- (c) a student intern from performing any act specified in that regulation under the supervision of a medical practitioner in the course of his or her training;

- (d) a dentist from performing any act specified in that regulation in the course of performing any act falling within the scope of dentistry or from using any name, title, description or symbol normally associated with his or her profession; or
- (e) any person from performing any act specified in that regulation in the course of bona fide research at any institution approved for that purpose by the Minister.

Registration a prerequisite to practise

4. Any person who wishes to perform any of the acts prescribed in regulation 2 shall apply in the prescribed manner to the board for registration as a medical practitioner and submit proof of having complied with the prescribed requirements for such registration.



B HOGAN

MINISTER OF HEALTH

No. R. 237

6 Maart 2009

WET OP GESONDHEIDSBEROEPE, 1974
RAAD VIR GESONDHEIDSBEROEPE VAN SUID-AFRIKA

REGULASIES WAT DIE OMVANG VAN DIE GENEESKUNDEBEROEP OMSKRYF

Die Minister van Gesondheid het kragtens artikel 33(1), gelees met artikel 61(2), van die Wet op Gesondheidsberoepe, 1974 (Wet No. 56 van 1974), soos gewysig by Wet 29 van 2007, en op aanbeveling van die Raad vir Gesondheidsberoepe van Suid-Afrika, die regulasies in die Bylae uitgevaardig.

BYLAE

Woordomskrywing

1. In hierdie regulasies beteken "die Wet" die Wet op Gesondheidsberoepe, 1974 (Wet No. 56 van 1974), en het enige uitdrukking waaraan 'n betekenis in die Wet geheg is, daardie betekenis, en, tensy uit die samehang anders blyk, beteken—

"**artikel**" 'n artikel van die Wet;

"**beroepsraad**" die Geneeskundige en Tandheekkundige Beroepsraad ingestel kragtens artikel 15(1) van die Wet; en

"**geneeskunde**" die beroep van 'n persoon kragtens die Wet as 'n geneesheer of 'n intern-geneesheer geregistreer.

Omvang van die beroep

2. Die volgende handeling word hierby kragtens artikel 33 deur die beroepsraad bepaal as handeling wat vir doeleindes van die Wet geag word handeling te wees wat by die geneeskundeberoep tuishoort:

- (a) Die fisiese mediese en/of kliniese ondersoek van enige persoon;
- (b) die uitvoering van mediese en/of kliniese prosedures en/of die voorskryf van medisyne en die bestuur van die gesondheid van 'n pasiënt (voorkoming, behandeling en rehabilitasie);
- (c) die advisering van enige persoon oor die status van sy of haar liggaamlike gesondheid;
- (d) op grond van inligting verskaf deur enige persoon of op enige wyse hoegenaamd van hom of haar verkry —
 - (i) die diagnoseer van die status van die liggaamlike gesondheid van daardie persoon;
 - (ii) die advisering van daardie persoon oor die status van sy of haar liggaamlike gesondheid;
 - (iii) die toediening, verkoop of voorskryf van enige medisyne of mediese behandeling aan of vir sodanige persoon;
- (e) die voorskryf, toediening of verskaffing van enige medisyne, stof of mediese toestel soos omskryf in die Wet op Medisyne en Verwante Stowwe, 1965 (Wet No. 101 van 1965);
- (f) enige ander handeling wat by die geneeskundeberoep tuishoort op grond van die onderrig en opleiding van geneeshere soos van tyd tot tyd deur die beroepsraad goedgekeur.

3. Die bepaling van regulasie 2 word nie uitgelê as sou dit—

- (a) enige persoon geregistreer kragtens enige wetgewing wat gesondheidsorgverskaffers reguleer, verbied om 'n handeling in daardie regulasie genoem, te verrig ooreenkomstig die bepaling van sodanige wetgewing nie;

- (b) 'n intem werksaam in 'n inrigting wat deur die raad erken word, verbied om enige werksaamheid te verrig of enige sertifikaat of ander dokument uit te reik wat ingevolge enige wetsvoorskrif, behalwe die Wet, deur 'n geneesheer verrig of uitgereik kan of moet word nie, ongeag of daardie wetsvoorskrif hom of haar as 'n geneesheer of met enige ander naam of benaming beskryf, en of hy of sy hom- of haarself as 'n geneesheer beskryf in verband met die verrigting van sodanige werksaamheid of die uitreiking van sodanige sertifikaat of dokument;
- (c) 'n student-intem verbied om 'n handeling genoem in daardie regulasie, te verrig onder toesig van 'n geneesheer in die loop van sy of haar opleiding nie;
- (d) 'n tandarts verbied om enige handeling in daardie regulasie genoem, in die loop van die verrigting van enige handeling wat binne die omvang van tandheelkunde val, te verrig of om enige benaming, titel, beskrywing of simbool wat gewoonlik met sy of haar beroep geassosieer word, te gebruik nie; of
- (e) enige persoon verbied om enige handeling in daardie regulasie genoem, in die loop van *bona fide*-navorsing by 'n inrigting deur die Minister vir daardie doel goedgekeur, te verrig nie.

Registrasie 'n vereiste vir praktisering

4. Enigiemand wat enige van die handeling voorgeskryf by regulasie 2 wil verrig, moet op die voorgeskrewe wyse by die beroepsraad aansoek doen om registrasie as 'n geneesheer en bewys van voldoening aan die voorgeskrewe vereistes vir sodanige registrasie indien.

B HOGAN

MINISTER VAN GESONDHEID

No. R. 238

6 March 2009

HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT, 1974**HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL OF SOUTH AFRICA****REGULATIONS DEFINING THE SCOPE OF THE PROFESSION OF DENTISTRY**

The Minister of Health has, in terms of section 33(1), read with section 61(2), of the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974), as amended by Act 29 of 2007, and on the recommendation of the Health Professions Council of South Africa, made the regulations in the Schedule.

SCHEDULE**Definitions**

1. In these regulations "the Act" means the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974), and any expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act shall bear that meaning, and unless the context otherwise indicates—

"board" means the Medical and Dental Professions Board established in terms of section 15(1) of the Act;

"dentistry" means the profession of a person registered as a dentist in terms of the Act; and

"section" means a section of the Act.

Scope of the profession

2. The following acts are hereby specified by the board under section 33 as acts which shall, for the purposes of the Act, be deemed to be acts pertaining to the profession of dentistry:

-
- (a) The physical clinical examination of the oral, maxillofacial and related structures of a person;
 - (b) making a diagnosis of diseases, injuries and conditions of the oral, maxillofacial and related structures, including determining the relevance of systemic conditions, and/or giving advice on such conditions;
 - (c) performing dental procedures and/or prescribing medicines aimed at managing the oral health of a patient, including prevention, treatment and rehabilitation;
 - (d) performing any procedure on a patient aimed at fitting or supplying a dental prosthesis or appliance; and
 - (e) performing any aesthetic or cosmetic procedure on a patient pertaining to the oral and peri-oral area.
3. The provisions of regulation 2 shall not be construed as prohibiting—
- (a) a medical practitioner not registered as a dentist from performing, in the course of his or her practice, acts pertaining to the practice of dentistry in cases of emergency or where no dentist is readily available;
 - (b) the employment by and under the supervision of a dentist of any person registered under the Dental Technicians Act, 1979 (Act No. 19 of 1979), for the purpose of making or repairing dentures or other dental appliances;
 - (c) any person from making or repairing artificial dentures or other dental appliances for his or her own profit: Provided that such work is carried out on the instructions and to the order of a dentist and does not include the taking of any impression or bite or any trying or fitting in the mouth; or
 - (d) a person registered in terms of the Act in respect of a profession related to the practice of dentistry from performing any act pertaining to the practice of dentistry under the control and supervision of a dentist.

Registration a prerequisite to practise

4. Any person who wishes to perform any of the acts referred to in regulation 2 shall apply in the prescribed manner to the board for registration as a dentist and submit proof of having complied with the prescribed requirements for such registration.



B HOGAN

MINISTER OF HEALTH

No. R. 238

6 Maart 2009

WET OP GESONDHEIDSBEROEPE, 1974**RAAD VIR GESONDHEIDSBEROEPE VAN SUID-AFRIKA****REGULASIES WAT DIE OMVANG VAN DIE TANDHEELKUNDEBEROEP OMSKRYF**

Die Minister van Gesondheid het kragtens artikel 33(1), gelees met artikel 61(2), van die Wet op Gesondheidsberoepe, 1974 (Wet No. 56 van 1974), soos gewysig by Wet 29 van 2007, en op aanbeveling van die Raad vir Gesondheidsberoepe van Suid-Afrika, die regulasies in die Bylae uitgevaardig.

BYLAE**Woordomskrywing**

1. In hierdie regulasies beteken "die Wet" die Wet op Gesondheidsberoepe, 1974 (Wet No. 56 van 1974), en het enige uitdrukking waaraan 'n betekenis in die Wet geheg is, daardie betekenis, en, tensy uit die samehang anders blyk, beteken —

"**artikel**" 'n artikel van die Wet;

"**beroepsraad**" die Geneeskundige en Tandheelkundige Beroepsraad ingestel kragtens artikel 15(1) van die Wet; en

"**tandheelkunde**" die beroep van 'n persoon kragtens die Wet as 'n tandarts geregistreer.

Omvang van die beroep

2. Die volgende handeling word hierby kragtens artikel 33 deur die beroepsraad bepaal as handeling wat vir doeleindes van die Wet geag word handeling te wees wat by die tandheelkundeberoep tuishoort:

- (a) Die fisiese kliniese ondersoek van die orale, maksillofasiale en verwante strukture van 'n persoon;
 - (b) die diagnoseerling van siektes, beserings en toestande van die orale, maksillofasiale en verwante strukture, met inbegrip van die toepaslikheid van sistemiese toestande, en/of die gee van advies oor sulke toestande;
 - (c) die uitvoering van tandheelkundige prosedures en/of die voorskryf van medisyne wat die bestuur van 'n pasiënt se orale gesondheid ten doel het, met inbegrip van voorkoming, behandeling en rehabilitasie;
 - (d) die uitvoering van enige prosedure op 'n pasiënt wat die inplasing of verskaffing van 'n tandheelkundige protese of toestel ten doel het; en
 - (e) die uitvoering op 'n pasiënt van enige estetiese of kosmetiese prosedure wat met die orale of periorale gebied te doen het.
3. Die bepalings van regulasie 2 word nie uitgelê as sou dit —
- (a) 'n geneesheer wat nie as 'n tandarts geregistreer is nie, verbied om, in die loop van sy of haar praktyk, in 'n noodgeval of wanneer 'n tandarts nie geredelik beskikbaar is nie, handeling te verrig wat by die praktyk van tandheelkunde tuishoort nie;
 - (b) die indiensneming deur en onder toesig van 'n tandarts van enige persoon geregistreer kragtens die Wet op Tandtegnici, 1979 (Wet No. 19 van 1979), vir die doel van die maak of herstel van kunstande, kunsgebit of ander tandkundige toestelle, verbied nie;
 - (c) enige persoon verbied om kunstande, kunsgebit of ander tandkundige toestelle vir eie gewin te maak of te herstel nie: Met dien verstande dat sodanige werk in opdrag en volgens die bestelling van 'n tandarts verrig word en nie die maak van 'n afdruk of byt of enige passing of toets in die mond insluit nie; of
 - (d) 'n persoon geregistreer kragtens die Wet ten opsigte van 'n beroep wat met die praktyk van tandheelkunde in verband staan, verbied om onder beheer en toesig van 'n tandarts 'n handeling wat by die praktyk van tandheelkunde tuishoort, te verrig nie.

Registrasie 'n vereiste vir praktisering

4. Enigiemand wat enige van die handeling voorgeskryf by regulasie 2 wil verrig, moet op die voorgeskrewe wyse by die beroepsraad aansoek doen om registrasie as 'n tandarts en bewys van voldoening aan die voorgeskrewe vereistes vir sodanige registrasie indien.

**B HOGAN****MINISTER VAN GESONDHEID**

**DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ENTERPRISES
DEPARTEMENT VAN OPENBARE ONDERNEMINGS**

No. R. 240

6 March 2009

REPEAL OF THE HARBOUR REGULATIONS

I, Brigitte Mabandla, Minister of Public Enterprises, hereby repeal the Harbour Regulations made in terms of section 73 (1) of the South African Transport Services Act No. 65 of 1981 (which was repealed by the Legal Succession to the South African Transport Services Act No 09 of 1989), as well as the regulations made under section 21 of the Legal Succession Act No 09 of 1989.

The repeal comes into operation on the date of publication of this notice.



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BRIGITTE MABANDLA

MINISTER OF PUBLIC ENTERPRISES

DATE: 23-02-2009

**SOUTH AFRICAN REVENUE SERVICE
SUID-AFRIKAANSE INKOMSTEDIENS**

No. R. 229

6 March 2009

**CUSTOMS AND EXCISE ACT, 1964.
AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE NO. 2 (NO. 2/308)**

Under section 56 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, Schedule No. 2 to the said Act is hereby amended to the extent set out in the Schedule hereto.

**N NENE
DEPUTY MINISTER OF FINANCE**

SCHEDULE

By the deletion of the following tariff headings to item 213.02:

Item	Tariff Heading	Code	C D	Description	Rebate Items	Imported From or Originating In	Rate of Duty
213.02	6809.11	01.06	67	Boards, sheets, panels, tiles and similar articles of plaster or of compositions based on plaster, faced or re-inforced with paper or paperboard only, not ornamented, manufactured by The Siam Gypsum Industry Co Ltd (SGI)		Thailand	73,9%
213.02	6809.11	02.06	61	Boards, sheets, panels, tiles and similar articles of plaster or of compositions based on plaster, faced or re-inforced with paper or paperboard only, not ornamented (excluding those manufactured by The Siam Gypsum Industry Co Ltd (SGI))		Thailand	125%
213.02	6809.11	03.06	66	Boards, sheets, panels, tiles and similiar articles of plaster or of compositions based on plaster, faced or re-inforced with paper or paperboard only, not ornamented, manufactured by PT Petrojaya Boral Plasterboard (PJBP)		Indonesia	53,3%
213.02	6809.11	04.06	60	Boards, sheets, panels, tiles and similiar articles of plaster or of compositions based on plaster, faced or re-inforced with paper or paperboard only, not ornamented, manufactured by PT Siam Indo Gypsum Industry (PTSI)		Indonesia	23,5%

By the insertion of the following tariff headings to item 213.02:

Item	Tariff Heading	Code	C D	Description	Rebate Items	Imported From or Originating In	Rate of Duty
213.02	6809.11	05.06	65	Boards, sheets, panels, tiles and similar articles of plaster or of compositions based on plaster, faced or re-inforced with paper or paperboard only, not ornamented		Thailand	45,0%
213.02	6809.11	06.06	66	Boards, sheets, panels, tiles and similar articles of plaster or of compositions based on plaster, faced or re-inforced with paper or paperboard only, not ornamented		Indonesia	34,6%

**DOEANE- EN AKSYNSWET, 1964.
WYSIGING VAN BYLAE NO. 2 (NO. 2/308)**

Kragtens artikel 56 van die Doeane- en Aksynswet, 1964, word Bylae No. 2 by bogenoemde Wet hiermee gewysig, in die mate in die Bylae hierby aangetoon.

**N NENE
ADJUNKMINISTER VAN FINANSIES**

BYLAE

Deur die skraping van die volgende tariefposte by item 213.02:

Item	Tariefpos	Kode	T S	Beskrywing	Korting Items	Ingevoer van of Oorspronklik van	Skaal van Reg
213.02	6809.11	01.06	67	Planke, velle, panele, teëls en dergelike artikels van pleister of van komposisies op pleister gebaseer, met 'n voorkant of versterk slegs met papier of papierbord, nie versier nie, vervaardig deur The Siam Gypsum Industry Co Ltd (SGI)		Thailand	73,9%
213.02	6809.11	02.06	61	Planke, velle, panele, teëls en dergelike artikels van pleister of van komposisies op pleister gebaseer, met 'n voorkant of versterk slegs met papier of papierbord, nie versier nie (uitgesonderd dié vervaardig deur The Siam Gypsum Industry Co Ltd (SGI))		Thailand	125%
213.02	6809.11	03.06	66	Planke, velle, panele, teëls en dergelike artikels van pleister of van komposisies op pleister gebaseer, met 'n voorkant of versterk slegs met papier of papierboard, nie versier nie, vervaardig deur PT Petrojaya Boral Plasterboard (PJPB)		Indonesië	53,3%
213.02	6809.11	04.06	60	Planke, velle, panele, teëls en dergelike artikels van pleister of van komposisies op pleister gebaseer, met 'n voorkant of versterk slegs met papier of papierbord, nie versier nie, vervaardig deur PT Siam Indo Gypsum Industry (PTSI)		Indonesië	23,5%

Deur die invoeging van die volgende tariefposte by item 213.02:

Item	Tariefpos	Kode	T S	Beskrywing	Korting Items	Ingevoer van of Oorspronklik van	Skaal van Reg
213.02	6809.11	05.06	65	Planke, velle, panele, teëls en dergelike artikels van pleister of van komposisies op pleister gebaseer, met 'n voorkant of versterk slegs met papier of papierbord, nie versier nie		Thailand	45,0%
213.02	6809.11	06.06	66	Planke, velle, panele, teëls en dergelike artikels van pleister of van komposisies op pleister gebaseer, met 'n voorkant of versterk slegs met papier of papierbord, nie versier nie		Indonesië	34,6%

**CUSTOMS AND EXCISE ACT, 1964.
AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE NO. 3 (NO. 3/642)**

Under section 75 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, Schedule No. 3 to the said Act is hereby amended to the extent set out in the Schedule hereto.

**N NENE
DEPUTY MINISTER OF FINANCE**

SCHEDULE

By the insertion after tariff heading 5402.20 to rebate item 311.41 of the following:

Rebate Item	Tariff Heading	Rebate Code	C D	Description	Extent of Rebate
311.41	5402.33	01.06	67	Textured filament yarn of polyester, measuring per single yarn 75 dtex or more but not exceeding 650 dtex and having a tenacity not exceeding 45 cN/tex, at such times, in such quantities and subject to such conditions as the International Trade Administration Commission may allow by specific permit for the manufacture of textiles and textile articles classifiable in Section XI of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1, provided the Commission is satisfied that the subject yarns are not available in the SACU region	Full duty

**DOEANE- EN AKSYNSWET, 1964.
WYSIGING VAN BYLAE NO. 3 (NO. 3/642)**

Kragtens artikel 75 van die Doeane- en Aksynswet, 1964, word Bylae No. 3 by bogenoemde Wet hiermee gewysig, in die mate in die Bylae hierby aangetoon.

**N NENE
ADJUNKMINISTER VAN FINANSIES**

BYLAE

Deur die invoeging na tariefpos 5402.20 by kortingitem 311.41 van die volgende:

Korting Item	Tarief Pos	Korting Kode	T S	Beskrywing	Mate van Korting
311.41	5402.33	01.06	67	Getekstureerde filamentgaring van poliëster, met 'n lesing per enkelgaring van 75 dtex of meer maar hoogstens 650 dtex en met 'n treksterkte van hoogstens 45 cN/tex, op die tye, in die hoeveelhede en op die voorwaardes soos die Internasionale Handelsadministrasie Kommissie by bepaalde permit mag toelaat vir die vervaardiging van tekstiele en tekstielartikels indeelbaar in Afdeling XI van Deel 1 van Bylae No. 1, met dienverstande dat die Kommissie tevrede is dat die garings nie in die SADU gebied beskikbaar is nie	Volle reg