

Government Gazette Staatskoerant

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA

Vol. 598

Pretoria, 22 April 2015

No. 38728

N.B. The Government Printing Works will not be held responsible for the quality of "Hard Copies" or "Electronic Files" submitted for publication purposes







AIDS HELPLINE: 0800-0123-22 Prevention is the cure

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The Government Printing Works will not be held responsible for faxed documents not received due to errors on the fax machine or faxes received which are unclear or incomplete. Please be advised that an "OK" slip, received from a fax machine, will not be accepted as proof that documents were received by the GPW for printing. If documents are faxed to the GPW it will be the sender's responsibility to phone and confirm that the documents were received in good order.

Furthermore the Government Printing Works will also not be held responsible for cancellations and amendments which have not been done on original documents received from clients.

CONTENTS • INHOUD

No.

Page Gazette No. No.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

National Treasury

Government Notice

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

NATIONAL TREASURY

No. 342 22 April 2015

INVITATION FOR PUBLIC COMMENTS ON THE DRAFT FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE CENTRE AMEMNDMENT BILL, 2014.

The draft Financial Intelligence Centre Amendment Bill ("FIC Bill") resulted from the need to improve the Financial Intelligence Centre Act, 2001 (Act No. 38 of 2001) ("the FIC Act") so as to address certain deficiencies, and to align the FIC Act with the recently revised international standards set by the Financial Action Task Force ("FATF") on Anti-Money Laundering and Combating the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT), as adopted in February 2012.

Compliance with international measures and standards is necessary to avoid adverse implications for South Africa's financial sector and economy, and to minimise the risk of isolation. The Bill seeks to address threats to the stability of our financial system posed by money laundering and terrorism financing through ensuring compliance with international measures and standards, within the South African legislative framework. This supports the vision in the National Development Plan of sustainable economic growth and to promote South Africa as a safe investment destination

The FIC Bill followed an evaluation undertaken by FATF in 2009, on South Africa's AML and CFT regime. This included a review of the relevant AML and CFT laws and regulations, and the supervisory and regulatory systems in place to deter money laundering and terrorist financing.

The primary objective of the Bill is to establish a stronger AML and CTF regulatory framework by, amongst other things:

- Introducing the concepts of beneficial ownership, on-going due diligence and foreign and domestic prominent influential persons
- Enhancing the customer due diligence requirements
- Providing for the adoption of a risk based approach in the identification and assessment of AML and CTF risks
- Providing for the implementation of the United Nations Security Council Resolutions relating to the freezing of assets
- Dissolving the Counter-Money Laundering Advisory Council ("the CMLAC")
- Extending the functions of the FIC in relation to suspicious transactions,
- Enhancing the supervisory powers of accountable institutions, and;
- Enhancing certain administrative and enforcements mechanisms

The improvements to the FIC Act seek to enable financial and other institutions to make it simpler for customers to satisfy customer due diligence processes. Customer due diligence, including beneficial ownership, on-going due diligence and due diligence on foreign and domestic prominent influential persons, bring greater transparency to the financial system, and complement government's objective to fighting corruption. It is intended that the improvements will assist institutions to strengthen their internal compliance regimes and concentrate their resources more effectively on addressing risks that their products and services may be abused for illicit purposes. The Bill proposes amendments to the FIC Act that require accountable institutions to have appropriate risk-management systems enabling them to determine proactively whether a potential customer or the beneficial owner of a business presents a higher risk and to apply these measures accordingly in relation to each business relationship.

The Bill and accompanying documents are available on the National Treasury (www.treasury.gov.za) and Financial Intelligence Centre (www.fic.co.za) websites. Comments on the Bill are invited from all interested stakeholders. Written comments should be sent to CommentDraftLegislation@treasury.gov.za, or faxed to 012 315 5206, on or before ...

Printed by and obtainable from the Government Printer, Bosman Street, Private Bag X85, Pretoria, 0001
Publications: Tel: (012) 748 6052, 748 6053, 748 6058
Advertisements: Tel: (012) 748 6205, 748 6209, 748 6210, 748 6211
Subscriptions: Tel: (012) 748 6054, 748 6055, 748 6057

Gedruk deur en verkrygbaar by die Staatsdrukker, Bosmanstraat, Privaatsak X85, Pretoria, 0001 Publikasies: Tel: (012) 748 6052, 748 6053, 748 6058 Advertensies: Tel: (012) 748 6205, 748 6209, 748 6210, 748 6211 Subskripsies: Tel: (012) 748 6054, 748 6055, 748 6057