

# Government Gazette Staatskoerant

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA

Vol. 599

Pretoria, 4 May 2015

No. 38755

N.B. The Government Printing Works will not be held responsible for the quality of "Hard Copies" or "Electronic Files" submitted for publication purposes







AIDS HELPLINE: 0800-0123-22 Prevention is the cure

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

The Government Printing Works will not be held responsible for faxed documents not received due to errors on the fax machine or faxes received which are unclear or incomplete. Please be advised that an "OK" slip, received from a fax machine, will not be accepted as proof that documents were received by the GPW for printing. If documents are faxed to the GPW it will be the sender's responsibility to phone and confirm that the documents were received in good order.

Furthermore the Government Printing Works will also not be held responsible for cancellations and amendments which have not been done on original documents received from clients.

#### **CONTENTS • INHOUD**

No. Page Gazette
No. No. No.

#### **GENERAL NOTICES**

#### **Independent Communications Authority of South Africa**

#### General Notices

÷	387	the erretum to the Final Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT): Notice regarding	3	38755
		the erratum to the Final Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan: Frequency Band 450 to 470 MHz	3	36733
3	888	do.: do.: Frequency Band 703 to 733 MHz and 758 to 788 MHz	6	38755
3	889	do.: do.: Frequency Band 733 to 758 MHz	9	38755
3	390	do.: do.: Frequency Band 791 to 821 MHz and 832 to 862 MHz	13	38755
3	391	do.: do.: Frequency Band 880 to 915 MHz and 925 to 960 MHz	16	38755
3	392	do.: do.: Frequency Band 2300 to 2400 MHz	19	38755
3	393	do.: do.: Frequency Band 2500 to 2570 MHz and 2620 to 2690 MHz	22	38755
3	394	do.: do.: Frequency Band 3400 to 3600 MHz	25	38755

#### GENERAL NOTICES

#### **NOTICE 387 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

### NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 450 TO 470 MHz

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 270 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE

#### 1. Substitution of paragraph 7.2:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured based on (ECC/REC (11)04 for 790-862MHz. Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighbouring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $55 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of  $29 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 9 km inside the neighbouring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength levels can be increased to 59 dB $\mu$ V/m/5MHz and 41 dB $\mu$ V/m/5MHz at 6 km.

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels such as those in Annex 1 may be applicable. Field strength levels should be agreed on a bilateral basis.

BW (MHz)	Field strength level at 3 m height (general case)	Field strength level at 3 m height (LTE case)
	55.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km	59.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km
5 MHz	29.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @9km	41.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km
10 7 777	58.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km	62.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km
10 MHz	32.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @9km	44.0 dBµV/m/10MHz @6km
45357	59.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km	63.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km
15 MHz	33.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @9km	45.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @6km
20 7 44	61.0 dBμV/m/20MHz @0km	65.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km
20 MHz	35.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @9km	47.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighbouring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $15dB\mu V/m/5$  MHz at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline."

#### **NOTICE 388 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 703 TO 733 MHz AND 758 TO 788 MHz

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 271 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE

#### 1. Substitution of paragraph 5.8:

"5.8 Criteria and guidelines for interference mitigation are described in Appendix D."

#### 2. Substitution of paragraphs 6.1 and 6.2:

- "6.1 The Radio Frequency Assignment Plan comes into effect on the 1st January 2016 subject to the Transitional Arrangements in paragraph 9.
- 6.2 The process of assignment may commence prior to the date referred to in paragraph 6.1."

#### 3. Substitution of paragraphs 7.2 and 7.5:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured based on (ECC/REC (11)04 for 790-862MHz also taken here for 703-790MHz). Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference.

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighboring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $55 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of  $29 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 9 km inside the neighboring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength levels can be increased to 59 dB $\mu$ V/m/5MHz and 41 dB $\mu$ V/m/5MHz at 6 km.

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels such as those in Annex 1 may be applicable. Field strength levels should be agreed on a bilateral basis.

BW (MHz)	Field strength level at 3 m height	Field strength level at 3 m height
-------------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------

	(general case)	(LTE case)
5 MHz	55.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km	59.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km
3 WHIZ	29.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @9km	41.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @6km
10 MHz	58.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km	62.0 dBµV/m/10MHz @0km
10 10112	32.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @9km	44.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km
15 MHz	59.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km	63.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km
13 141112	33.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @9km	45.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @6km
20 MHz	61.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km	65.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km
20 14112	35.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @9km	47.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighboring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $15 dB\mu V/m/5$  MHz at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline.

7.5 In the event of any interference, the Authority will require affected parties to carry out coordination. In the event that the interference continues to be unresolved after 24 hours, the affected parties may refer the matter to the Authority for a resolution. The Authority will decide the necessary modifications and schedule of modifications to resolve the dispute. The Authority will be guided by the interference resolution process as shown in Appendix D."

#### 4. Addition of paragraph 9.3:

"9.3 Sharing and co-existence in this band is to be implemented systematically through a Geographic separation of Mobile IMT Systems and Broadcasting Services in affected areas in accordance with the Terrestrial Broadcasting Frequency Plan 2013, Government Gazette 36321 read with the First Update to the Terrestrial Broadcasting Plan 2013 Government Gazette 38005 until the end of migration from Analogue to Digital Terrestrial Television process."

#### **NOTICE 389 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

# NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 733 TO 758 MHz

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 272 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE CHAIRPERSON

#### 1. Substitution of paragraph 5.8:

"5.8 Criteria and guidelines for interference mitigation are described in Appendix D."

#### 2. Substitution of paragraphs 6.1 and 6.2:

- "6.1 The Radio Frequency Assignment Plan comes into effect on the 1st January 2016 subject to the Transitional Arrangements in paragraph 9.
  - 6.2 The process of assignment may commence prior to the date referred to in paragraph 6.1."

#### 3. Substitution of paragraphs 7.2 and 7.5:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured based on (ECC/REC(11)04 for 790-862MHz. Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference.

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighboring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of 55dBµV/m/5MHz at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of 29dBµV/m/5MHz at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 9 km inside the neighboring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength levels can be increased to  $59 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m/5MHz}$  and  $41 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m/5MHz}$  at 6 km.

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels such as those in Annex 1 may be applicable. Field strength levels should be agreed on a bilateral basis.

BW	Field strength level at 3 m height	Field strength level at 3 m height
(MHz)	(general case)	(LTE case)
5 MHz	55.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km	59.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km
	29.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @9km	41.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @6km
10 MHz	58.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km	62.0 dBµV/m/10MHz @0km
	32.0 dBµV/m/10MHz @9km	44.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km
15 MHz	59.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km	63.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km
	33.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @9km	45.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @6km
20 MHz	61.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km	65.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km
	35.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @9km	47.0 dBμV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighboring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $15dB\mu V/m/5$  MHz at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline.

7.5 In the event of any interference, the Authority will require affected parties to carry out coordination. In the event that the interference continues to be unresolved after 24 hours, the affected parties may refer the matter to the Authority for a resolution. The Authority will decide the necessary modifications and schedule of modifications to resolve the dispute. The Authority will be guided by the interference resolution process as shown in Appendix D."

#### 4. Addition of paragraph 9.3:

"9.3 Sharing and co-existence in this band is to be implemented systematically through a Geographic separation of Mobile IMT Systems and Broadcasting Services in affected areas in accordance with the Terrestrial Broadcasting Frequency Plan 2013, Government Gazette 36321read with the First Update to the Terrestrial Broadcasting

Plan 2013 Government Gazette 38005<sup>[1]</sup> until the end of migration from Analogue to Digital Terrestrial Television process."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[1]</sup> The Multiplexes in the latest updated version of the terrestrial Broadcasting Plan 2013 has been coordinated in terms of the GE06 Agreement and meets the conformance requirements of the Plan. The frequencies below 694 MHz on this version have been successfully notified to the ITU-R Bureau and have been included in the ITU-R Master International Frequency Register.

#### **NOTICE 390 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 791 TO 821 MHz AND 832 TO 862 MHz.

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 273 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE CHAIRPERSON

#### 1. Substitution of paragraphs 6.1 and 6.2:

- "6.1 The Radio Frequency Assignment Plan comes into effect on the 1st July 2015 subject to the Transitional Arrangements in paragraph 9.
- 6.2 The process of assignment may commence prior to the date referred to in paragraph 6.1."

#### 2. Substitution of paragraph 7.2:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured based on (ECC/REC(11)04 for 790-862MHz. Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference.

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighboring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $55 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of  $29 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 9 km inside the neighboring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength levels can be increased to 59 dB $\mu$ V/m/5MHz and 41 dB $\mu$ V/m/5MHz at 6 km.

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels such as those in Annex 1 may be applicable. Field strength levels should be agreed on a bilateral basis.

BW	Field strength level at 3 m height	Field strength level at 3 m height
(MHz)	(general case)	(LTE case)
5 MHz	55.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km	59.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km
3 14112	29.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @9km	41.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km
10 MHz	58.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km	62.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km

	$32.0~\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}/10\text{MHz}$ @9km	44.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km
15 MHz	59.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km	63.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km
	33.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @9km	45.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @6km
20 MHz	61.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km	65.0 dBμV/m/20MHz @0km
20 14112	35.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @9km	47.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighboring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $15dB\mu V/m/5$  MHz at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline."

#### 3. Addition of paragraph 9.3:

"9.3 Sharing and co-existence in this band is to be implemented systematically through a Geographic separation of Mobile IMT Systems and Broadcasting Services in affected areas in accordance with the Terrestrial Broadcasting Frequency Plan 2013, Government Gazette 36321read with the First Update to the Terrestrial Broadcasting Plan 2013 Government Gazette 38005<sup>[1]</sup> until the end of migration from Analogue to Digital Terrestrial Television process."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[1]</sup> The Multiplexes in the latest updated version of the terrestrial Broadcasting Plan 2013 has been coordinated in terms of the GE06 Agreement and meets the conformance requirements of the Plan. The frequencies 694 MHz on this version have been successfully notified to the ITU-R Bureau and have been included in the Master International Frequency Register.

#### **NOTICE 391 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 880 TO 915 MHZ AND 925 TO 960 MHZ

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 275 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE

#### 1. Substitution of paragraph 5.8:

"5.8 Criteria and guidelines for interference mitigation are described in Appendix D."

#### 2. Substitution of paragraphs 7.2 and 7.5:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured. Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference.

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighboring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $65 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of  $37 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 6 km inside the neighboring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength level at 6 km can be increased to  $49 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$ .

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels such as those in Annex 1 may be applicable. Field strength levels should be agreed on a bilateral basis.

BW	Field strength at 3 m height	Field strength at 3 m height
(MHz)	(general case)	(LTE case)
5 MHz	65.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @0km	65.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @0km
JWHZ	37.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km	49.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km
10 MHz	68.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km	68.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km
	40.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km	52.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km
15 MHz	69.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km	69.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km
15 141112	41.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @6km	53.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @6km

20 MHz	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km
	43.0 dBμV/m/20MHz @6km	55.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighboring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $21dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline.

7.5 In the event of any interference, the Authority will require affected parties to carry out coordination. In the event that the interference continues to be unresolved after 24 hours, the affected parties may refer the matter to the Authority for a resolution. The Authority will decide the necessary modifications and schedule of modifications to resolve the dispute. The Authority will be guided by the interference resolution process as shown in Appendix D."

#### **NOTICE 392 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 2300 TO 2400 MHz

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 276 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE

#### 1. Substitution of paragraph 7.2:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured. Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference.

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighboring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $65 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of  $37 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 6 km inside the neighboring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength level at 6 km can be increased to  $49dB\mu V/m/5MHz$ .

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels such as those in Annex 1 may be applicable. Field strength levels should be agreed on a bilateral basis.

BW	Field strength at 3 m height	Field strength at 3 m height
(MHz)	(general case)	(LTE case)
5 MHz	65.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @0km	65.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @0km
	37.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km	49.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km
10 MHz	68.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km	68.0 dBµV/m/10MHz @0km
	40.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km	52.0 dBµV/m/10MHz @6km
15 MHz	69.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km	69.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km
	41.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @6km	53.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @6km
20 MHz	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km
	43.0 dBμV/m/20MHz @6km	55.0 dBμV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighboring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $21dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline.

7.5 In the event of any interference, the Authority will require affected parties to carry out coordination. In the event that the interference continues to be unresolved after 24 hours, the affected parties may refer the matter to the Authority for a resolution. The Authority will decide the necessary modifications and schedule of modifications to resolve the dispute. The Authority will be guided by the interference resolution process as shown in Appendix D."

#### **NOTICE 393 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 2500 TO 2570 MHz AND 2620 TO 2690 MHz.

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 277 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE

#### 1. Substitution of paragraph 5.8:

"5.8 Criteria and guidelines for interference mitigation are described in Appendix D."

#### 2. Substitution of paragraphs 7.2 and 7.5:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured. Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference.

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighbouring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $65 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of  $37 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 6 km inside the neighbouring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength level at 6 km can be increased to  $49 dB \mu V/m/5 MHz$ .

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels such as those in Annex 1 may be applicable. Field strength levels should be agreed on a bilateral basis.

BW (MHz)	Field strength at 3 m height (general case)	Field strength at 3 m height (LTE case)
<i>C</i> 3/11	65.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @0km	65.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @0km
5 MHz	37.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @6km	49.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km
10 10 1	68.0 dBµV/m/10MHz @0km	68.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km
10 MHz	40.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km	52.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km
1 / 3 ATT	69.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km	69.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @0km
15 MHz	41.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @6km	53.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @6km
20 3411	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km
20 MHz	43.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @6km	55.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighbouring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country, the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $21dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline.

7.5 In the event of any interference, the Authority will require affected parties to carry out coordination. In the event that the interference continues to be unresolved after 24 hours, the affected parties may refer the matter to the Authority for a resolution. The Authority will decide the necessary modifications and schedule of modifications to resolve the dispute. The Authority will be guided by the interference resolution process as shown in Appendix D."

#### 3. Substitution of paragraph 8.1:

"8.1 The radio frequency spectrum licence of WBS in the 2550-2565 MHz band will be amended for its reassignment in the 2575-2595 MHz band."

#### **NOTICE 394 OF 2015**

#### INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA



Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plans for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT)

NOTICE REGARDING THE ERRATUM TO THE FINAL RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM ASSIGNMENT PLAN FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND 3400 TO 3600 MHz.

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa hereby issues an erratum notice to the published Radio Frequency Spectrum Assignment Plan dated 30 March 2015 (Notice No. 278 of 2015) to the extent reflected in the schedule.

The purpose of the erratum is to give clarity with regard to the relationship between the implementation date and the transitional arrangements and to also correct typographical errors.

Dr SS MNCUBE

#### 1. Substitution of paragraph 5.8:

"5.8 Criteria and guidelines for interference mitigation are described in Appendix D."

#### 2. Substitution of paragraph 7.2:

"7.2 The following field strength thresholds have to be assured. Operator-to-operator coordination may be necessary to avoid interference.

In general stations of FDD systems may be used without coordination with a neighbouring country if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $65 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at the borderline between countries and does not exceed a value of  $37 dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at a height of 3m above ground at a distance of 6 km inside the neighbouring country.

In the case that LTE is deployed both sides of the border the field strength level at 6 km can be increased to  $49 \text{dB} \mu \text{V/m/5MHz}$ .

If TDD is in operation across both sides of a border and is synchronised across the border then field strength levels as well.

BW (MHz)	Field strength at 3 m height (general case)	Field strength at 3 m height (LTE case)
5 N 57 Y	65.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @0km	65.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @0km
5 MHz	37.0 dBµV/m/5MHz @6km	49.0 dBμV/m/5MHz @6km
10 MI	68.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km	68.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @0km
10 MHz	40.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km	52.0 dBμV/m/10MHz @6km
15 851	69.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km	69.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @0km
15 MHz	41.8 dBµV/m/15MHz @6km	53.8 dBμV/m/15MHz @6km
20 MH	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km	71.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @0km
20 MHz	43.0 dBμV/m/20MHz @6km	55.0 dBµV/m/20MHz @6km

If neighbouring administrations wish to agree on frequency coordination based on preferential frequencies, while ensuring a fair treatment of different operators within a country, the Authority will add these within mutual agreements.

Stations of IMT systems may be operated without coordination if the mean field strength produced by the cell (all transmitters within the sector) does not exceed the value of  $21dB\mu V/m/5MHz$  at 10% time, 50% of locations at 3 metres above ground level at the borderline."

# IMPORTANT Reminder

# from Government Printing Works

Dear Valued Customers,

As part of our preparation for eGazette Go Live on 9 March 2015, we will be suspending the following existing email addresses and fax numbers from **Friday**, **6 February**.

Discontinued Email addresses	Discontinued Fax numbers
GovGazette&LiquorLicense@gpw.gov.za	+27 12 334 5842
Estates@gpw.gov.za	+27 12 334 5840
LegalGazette@gpw.gov.za	+27 12 334 5819
ProvincialGazetteGauteng@gpw.gov.za	+27 12 334 5841
ProvincialGazetteECLPMPNW@gpw.gov.za	+27 12 334 5839
ProvincialGazetteNCKZN@gpw.gov.za	+27 12 334 5837
TenderBulletin@gpw.gov.za	+27 12 334 5830

To submit your notice request, please send your email (with Adobe notice form and proof of payment to <a href="mailto:submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za">submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za</a> or fax +27 12-748 6030.

Notice requests not received in this mailbox, will **NOT** be processed.

Please <u>DO NOT</u> submit notice requests directly to your contact person's private email address at GPW – Notice requests received in this manner will also <u>NOT</u> be processed.

GPW does not accept responsibility for notice requests submitted through the discontinued channels as well as for the quality and accuracy of information, or incorrectly captured information and will not amend information supplied.

Thank you!

For any queries, please contact the eGazette Contact Centre.



info.egazette@gpw.gov.za (only for queries).

Notice requests received in this mailbox will **NOT** be processed.



012-748 6200







We are here for YOU!

Printed by and obtainable from the Government Printer, Bosman Street, Private Bag X85, Pretoria, 0001
Publications: Tel: (012) 748 6052, 748 6053, 748 6058
Advertisements: Tel: (012) 748 6205, 748 6208, 748 6209, 748 6210, 748 6211
Subscriptions: Tel: (012) 748 6054, 748 6055, 748 6057