



Government Gazette Staatskoerant

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA
REPUBLIEK VAN SUID AFRIKA

Vol. 601

20 July
2015
Julie

No. 39004

N.B. The Government Printing Works will not be held responsible for the quality of "Hard Copies" or "Electronic Files" submitted for publication purposes

ISSN 1682-5843



9 771682 584003

39004



AIDS HELPLINE: 0800-0123-22 Prevention is the cure

IMPORTANT

Information

from Government Printing Works

Dear Valued Customers,

Government Printing Works has implemented rules for completing and submitting the electronic Adobe Forms when you, the customer, submits your notice request.

Please take note of these guidelines when completing your form.



GPW Business Rules

1. No hand written notices will be accepted for processing, this includes Adobe forms which have been completed by hand.
2. Notices can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format to the email submission address submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted to this mailbox will be **rejected**. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
3. Notices brought into GPW by "walk-in" customers on electronic media can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted by the customer on electronic media will be **rejected**. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
4. All customers who walk in to GPW that wish to submit a notice that is not on an electronic Adobe form will be routed to the Contact Centre where the customer will be taken through the completion of the form by a GPW representative. Where a customer walks into GPW with a stack of hard copy notices delivered by a messenger on behalf of a newspaper the messenger must be referred back to the sender as the submission does not adhere to the submission rules.
5. All notice submissions that do not comply with point 2 will be charged full price for the notice submission.
6. The current cut-off of all Gazette's remains unchanged for all channels. (Refer to the GPW website for submission deadlines – www.gpwonline.co.za)
7. Incorrectly completed forms and notices submitted in the wrong format will be rejected to the customer to be corrected and resubmitted. Assistance will be available through the Contact Centre should help be required when completing the forms. (012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za)
8. All re-submissions by customers will be subject to the above cut-off times.
9. All submissions and re-submissions that miss the cut-off will be rejected to the customer to be submitted with a new publication date.
10. Information on forms will be taken as the primary source of the notice to be published. Any instructions that are on the email body or covering letter that contradicts the notice form content will be ignored.

You are therefore advised that effective from **Monday, 18 May 2015** should you not comply with our new rules of engagement, all notice requests will be rejected by our new system.

Furthermore, the fax number **012- 748 6030** will also be **discontinued** from this date and customers will only be able to submit notice requests through the email address submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za.

DISCLAIMER:

Government Printing Works reserves the right to apply the 25% discount to all Legal and Liquor notices that comply with the business rules for notice submissions for publication in gazettes.

National, Provincial, Road Carrier Permits and Tender notices will pay the price as published in the Government Gazettes.

For any information, please contact the eGazette Contact Centre on 012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za

Contents

<i>No.</i>	<i>Gazette No.</i>	<i>Page No.</i>
------------	------------------------	---------------------

GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS**Water and Sanitation, Department of/ Water en Sanitasie, Departement van**

619	National Water Act (36/1998): Proposed Classes And Quality Objectives Of Water Resources For The Olifants Catchment.	4
	39004.....	

GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SANITATION

NO. 619

20 JULY 2015

DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SANITATION**NATIONAL WATER ACT, 1998
(ACT NO.36 OF 1998)****PROPOSED CLASSES AND RESOURCE QUALITY OBJECTIVES OF WATER
RESOURCES FOR THE OLIFANTS CATCHMENT**

I, Nomvula Paula Mokonyane, in my capacity as Minister of Water and Sanitation, and duly authorised in terms of section 13(4) of the National Water Act (Act No. 36 of 1998) hereby publishes for public comment the proposed classes of water resources and resource quality objectives for catchments of the Olifants, in the Schedule, to be issued under section 13(4) of the National Water Act (Act No. 36 of 1998).

Any person who wishes to submit written comments with regard to the proposed classes and resource quality objectives should submit the comments within 60 days from the date of publication of this Notice to:

Director: Water Resource Classification
Attention: Ms Shane Naidoo
Department of Water and Sanitation
Zwamadaka Building 185 Francis Baard Street
Private Bag X313
Pretoria
0001

E-mail: naidooshane@dwa.gov.za

Facsimile: 012 336 6712



**MRS NP MOKONYANE
MINISTER OF WATER AND SANITATION**
DATE: 01.07.15

SCHEDULE**PROPOSED CLASSES AND RESOURCE QUALITY OBJECTIVES OF WATER RESOURCES FOR CATCHMENTS OF THE OLIFANTS IN TERMS OF SECTION 13(1)(A) AND (B) OF THE NATIONAL WATER ACT (ACT NO.36 OF 1998)****1. DESCRIPTION OF WATER RESOURCE**

1. The proposed classes and resource quality objectives are determined for all or part of every significant water resource within the catchments of the Olifants as set out below:

Water Management Area:	Olifants
Drainage Regions:	B primary drainage region
Rivers:	Olifants River System

2. The Minister has, in terms of section 12 of the National Water Act (No. 36 of 1998), prescribed a system for classifying water resources by promulgating Regulation 810, Government Gazette 33541 dated 17 September 2010. In terms of section 13(1) of the Act the Minister must, as soon as reasonably practicable after the Minister has prescribed a system for classifying water resources and subject to subsection (4), by notice in the *Gazette*, determine for all or part of every significant water resource, a class in accordance with the prescribed classification system.
3. The Minister, in terms of section 13(1)(a) of the Act, proposes to determine the following classes of each significant water resource for catchments of the Olifants.
4. The Minister, in terms of section 13(1)(b) of the Act, proposes to determine the following resource quality objectives of each significant water resource for catchments of the Olifants.

2. DETERMINATION OF THE CLASS OF WATER RESOURCES AND RESOURCE QUALITY OBJECTIVES IN TERMS OF SECTION 13(1)(A) AND (B) OF THE NATIONAL WATER ACT (ACT NO.36 OF 1998)

1. A summary of the water resource classes for Integrated Units of Analysis (Figure 1) and ecological categories for the Olifants is set out in Table 1.
2. Integrated Units of Analysis (IUA) are classified in terms of their extent of permissible utilization and protection as either Class I: indicating high environmental protection and minimal utilization; or Class II indicating moderate protection and moderate utilization; and Class III indicating sustainable minimal protection and high utilization.
3. Resource Quality Objectives (RQO) are defined for each prioritised resource unit (RU) (Table 2) for every IUA in terms of water quantity, quality, habitat and biota as shown in Tables 3 – 10 respectively.
4. Where specified, the ecological category or Recommended Ecological Category (REC) means the assigned ecological condition by the Minister to a water resource that reflects the ecological condition of that water resource in terms of the deviation of its biophysical components from a predevelopment condition.
5. RQO are applicable from 1 April 2016.

1. Water Resource Classes for the Olifants catchment

Table 1: Water Resource Classes per IUA and Ecological Categories per Biophysical Node

Integrated Unit of Analysis (IUA)	Water Resource Class for IUA	Biophysical Node Name	Quaternary Catchment	River Name	Ecological Category to be maintained	Natural MAR (million m ³ /a)	EWI as % of natural MAR ¹⁾		
1 Upper Olifants River catchment	III	HN1	B11A, B11B	Olifants (confluence with Steenkoolspruit)	C	61.3	10.25		
		HN2	B11C	Piekespruit (confluence with Steenkoolspruit)	B	-	-		
		HN3	B11D	Dwars-indieVegspruit (confluence with Trichardtspruit)	C	-	-		
		HN4	B11D	Steenkoolspruit (outlet of quaternary)	D	44.6	4.70		
		HN5	B11E	Biesbokspruit (confluence with Rietspruit)	B	-	-		
		HN6	B11E	Steenkoolspruit (confluence with Olifants)	D	65.4	4.70		
		HN7	B11F	Olifants (outlet of quaternary)	D	147.9	4.70		
		EWI Site NOU-EWR1	B11G	Noupoortspruit	C/D	4.28	13.90		
		HN9	B11G	Olifants (releases from Wilbank Dam)	D	164.0	4.70		
		HN10	B11H	Spookspruit (confluence with Olifants)	C	11.4	10.25		
		EWI site 1	B11J	Olifants	D	184.5	4.70		
		HN12	B11K, B11L	Klipspruit (confluence with Olifants)	D	45.7	4.67		
		HN14	B12A	Boschmansfontein (confluence with Klein Olifants)	C	-	-		
		HN15	B12A	Klein Olifants (outlet of quaternary)	C	12.7	18.85		
		HN16	B12B	Klein Olifants (outlet of quaternary)	D	16.9	8.11		
		2 Wilge River catchment area	II	OLLEWR1 (Rapid site)	B12C	Klein Olifants	C	44.5	18.85
				HN18	B12C	Klein Olifants (releases from Middelburg Dam)	D	53.5	5.52
HN19	B12D			Vaalbankspruit (confluence with Klein Olifants)	D	-	-		
HN20	B12D			Klein Olifants (outlet of quaternary)	D	67.3	5.52		
HN21	B20A			Bronkhorstpruit (outlet of quaternary)	C	27.7	13.38		
HN22	B20B			Koffiespruit (confluence Bronkhorstpruit)	C	15.5	13.38		
HN23	B20C			Osspruit (inflow to Bronkhorstpruit Dam)	D	-	-		
HN24	B20C			Bronkhorstpruit (outlet from Bronkhorstpruit Dam)	C	56.4	13.44		

Integrated Unit of Analysis (IUA)	Water Resource Class for IUA	Biophysical Node Name	Quaternary Catchment	River Name	Ecological Category to be maintained	Natural MAR (million m ³ /a)	EWR as % of natural MAR ¹
³ Selons River area including Loskop Dam	II	HN25	B20D	Hondespruit (confluence with Bronkhorstspuit)	C	11.9	13.39
		HN26	B20D	Bronkhorstspuit (confluence with Wilge)	C	79.9	13.45
		HN27	B20E, B20F	Wilge (confluence with Bronkhorstspuit)	C	45.8	13.42
		HN28	B20G	Saaboospruit (confluence with Wilge)	C	22.1	13.40
		HN29	B20H	Grootspuit (confluence with Wilge)	C	12.8	13.40
		HN30	B20H	Wilge (outlet of quaternary)	B	158.2	17.92
		EWB site 4	B20J	Wilge	B	175.5	12.16
		HN32	B12E	Doringboomspruit (confluence with Klein Olifants)	B	-	-
		HN33	B12E	Keeromspruit (confluence with Klein Olifants)	C	-	-
		EWB site 3	B12E	Klein Olifants	D	81.5	12.72
		OLI-EWR3 (Rapid site)	B32A	Kranspoortspuit	B	4.7	24.42
		HN36	B32A	Boekenhoutloop (inflow to Loskop Dam)	B	-	-
		EWB Site 2	B32A	Olifants	C	500.6	12.53
⁴ Elands River catchment area	III	HN38	B32B, B32C	One node at confluence of Selons with Olifants in B32C. Included: Klipspruit (confluence with Selons) Kruis (confluence with Selons) Selons (confluence with Olifants)	B	-	-
		HN39	B32C	Olifants (releases from Loskop Dam)	D	568.6	7.22
		HN40	B32C	Olifants (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA3)	D	576.8	7.22
		HN41	B31A, B, C	One node at outlet of B31C, releases from Rust de Wierer Dam. Included: B31A (Elands) B31B (Harbeesspruit) B31C (Elands)	C	33.5	12.34
		HN42	B31D	Enkeldoringsspruit (confluence with Elands)	C	-	-

Integrated Unit of Analysis (IUA)	Water Resource Class for IUA	Biophysical Node Name	Quaternary Catchment	River Name	Ecological Category to be maintained	Natural MAR (million m ³ /a)	EWR as % of natural MAR ¹⁾
5 Middle Olifants up to Flag Boshielo Dam	III	HN43	B31F	Elands (releases from Mkumbe Dam)	C	95.8	12.34
		HN44	B31G	Kameel (upper part only)	D	-	-
		EWB Site 6	B31G	Elands	D	60.3	6.32
		HN46	B31G	Elands (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA4)	D	69.6	6.32 (D)
		HN47	B31H, B31J	Elands (outlet of quaternary, confluence with Olifants)	D	84.1	6.32 (D)
		HN48	B32E, B32F	One node at confluence with Olifants in B32F Included: B32E (Bloed) B32F (Doringpoortloop, Diepkloof and Bloed)	B	17.2	13.90
		HN49	B32G, H	One node at outlet of B32H, confluence with Olifants Included: B32G (Moses) B32H (Mametse and Moses)	C	35.4	9.93
		EWB site 5	B32D	Olifants	C	570.9	9.96
		HN51	B51B	Puleng (upper part only)	B	-	-
		HN52	B51B	Olifants (releases from Flag Boshielo Dam)	D	723.4	3.91
		HN53	B51D, B51E	Olifants (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA5)	D	726.6	3.81
		6 Steelport River Catchment	III	HN54	B41A	One node at outlet of B41A. Included: Grootspruit (outlet of quaternary) Langspruit, including Lakenveispruit and Kleinspruit	C
OLI-EWR2 (Rapid site)	B41B			Steelport	C	63.5	20.78
HN56	B41C			Masala (confluence with Steelport), including Toneldos and Vlugkraal)	C	-	-
HN57	B41D, B41E			Steelport (inflow to De Hoop Dam)	C	117.0	20.78
HN58	B41F			Draakraalspruit (confluence with Klip)	B	-	-
OLI-EWR4 (Rapid site)	B41F			Klip	C	5.2	12.44
HN60	B41G			Kraalspruit (confluence with Groot Dwaars)	B	-	-
HN61	B41G			Klein Dwaars (Confluence with Groot Dwaars)	D	-	-
HN62	B41G			Upper reaches of Dwaars (before mining impacts)	C	24.5	13.33
DWA-EWR1	B41H			Dwaars (existing)	B/C	31.4	19.41

Integrated Unit of Analysis (IUA)	Water Resource Class for IUA	Biophysical Node Name	Quaternary Catchment	River Name	Ecological Category to be maintained	Natural MAR (million m ³ /a)	EWI as % of natural MAR ¹⁾
7 Middle Olifants below Flag Boshield Dam	III	HN64	B41H	Steelpoort	D	-	-
		EWI site - 9	B41J	Steelpoort	D	120.2	7.97
		EWI site - 10	B41K	Steelpoort (confluence with Olifants - outlet of IUA6)	D	338.6	7.43
		HN67	B51F	Nikumpi (outlet of quaternary)	C	3.8	10.73
		EWI site 7	B51G	Olifants	D	726.5	3.84 (D)
		HN69	B52E	Palangwe (confluence with Olifants)	C	-	-
		HN70	B52F	Hiakaro (outlet)	C	-	-
		HN71	B52J	Mphogodima (confluence with Olifants)	C	-	-
		HN72	B52A, E, G, J	Olifants (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA7)	D	799.7	3.88
		HN73	B42A, B42B	One node for Dorpspruit at outlet of B42B. Included: Hoppe se Spruit (confluence) Doringbergpruit (confluence)	C	-	-
8 Spekboom catchment	II	OLI-EWR9 (Rapid site)	B42B	Dorpspruit	C/D	63.2	11.99
		HN75	B42C	Potloodspruit (confluence with Dorps)	C	-	-
		HN76	B42D, B42E	Dorps (confluence with Spekboom) Spekboom (confluence with Dorps)	C	69.7	14.95
		OLI-EWR8 (Rapid site)	B42D	Spekboom	C	28.0	17.15
		HN78	B42F	Potspruit (confluence with Watervals)	C	-	-
		HN79	B42F	Watervals (releases from Buffelskloof Dam)	C	28.6	17.36
		HN80	B42G	Rooiwalhoek-se-Loop (confluence with Watervals)	B	-	-
		OLI-EWR5 (Rapid site)	B42G	Watervals	C	36.4	15.47
		HN82	B42H	Spekboom (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA 8)	B	149.0	24.84
		HN83	B60E, B60F	One node at outlet of B60F. Included: Kranskloofspruit (confluence with Ohrigstad) Mantshibi (confluence with Ohrigstad) Ohrigstad (outlet of quaternary)	D	35.6	6.31

Integrated Unit of Analysis (IUA)	Water Resource Class for IUA	Biophysical Node Name	Quaternary Catchment	River Name	Ecological Category to be maintained	Natural MAR (million m ³ /a)	EWR as % of natural MAR ¹⁾
10 Lower Olifants	II	HN84	B60G	Vyehoek (confluence with Ohrigstad)	C	-	-
		OLI-EWR8 (Rapid site)	B60H	Ohrigstad	D	65.5	16.59
		HN86	B60H	Ohrigstad (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA9)	D	69.7	8.05
		HN87	B60J	Sandspruit, including Rietspruit and Qunduhlu	B	-	-
		EWR site – 12	B60J	Blyde	B	383.7	27.9
		HN89	B60J	Blyde (confluence with Olifants)	C	385.7	16.13
		HN90	B71A	Paardevlei (confluence with Tongwane)	B	-	-
		HN91	B71A	Tongwane (confluence with Olifants)	B	-	-
		EWR site – 8	B71B	Olifants	D	813.0	4.30
		HN93	B71C	Mochlapietse (upper reaches)	B	42.1	26.5
		HN94	B71D	Kgoiswane (confluence with Olifants)	B	-	-
		HN95	B71D, B71F	Olifants (confluence with Sleeppoort)	D	937.9	4.30
EWR site – 11	B71G, H, J	Olifants (confluence with Blyde)	D	1321.8	11.2 (D)		
HN97	B72A	Makhuiswi, including Mougwane and Malomanye	C	38.0	12.89		
HN98	B72C	Olifants (outlet – outlet of IUA10)	C	1755.5	18.07		
HN99	B72E	Ngwabatse (confluence with Ga-Seiati)	D	25.7	9.05		
HN100	B72F, G	Ga-Seiati (outlet of quaternary)	C	13.5	19.59		
EWR site – 14a	B72H	Ga-Seiati	C	52.2	19.59		
HN102	B72J	Molaitle (confluence with Ga-Seiati)	B	11.4	12.67		
EWR site – 14b	B72K	Ga-Seiati	D	72.7	11.99 (D)		
HN104	B72K	Ga-Seiati (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA11)	D	72.7	11.95 (D)		
EWR site 13	B72D	Olifants	C	1760.7	11.36		
OLI-EWR7 (Rapid site)	B73A	Klaserie	B/C	25.5	22.31		
HN107	B73B	Klaserie (confluence with Olifants)	C	37.1	15.41		
HN108	B73C	Tsiri (confluence with Olifants)	B	-	-		
HN109	B73C	Tshuishi (confluence with Olifants)	B	-	-		
HN110	B73D	Nharalumi, including Machaton, Nyameni and Thlaralumi	B	6.8	13.65		
HN111	B73E	Sesete (confluence with Timbavati)	B	11.1	12.24		
11 Ga-Seiati River	III						
12 Lower Olifants within Kruger National Park	II						

Integrated Unit of Analysis (IUA)	Water Resource Class for IUA	Biophysical Node Name	Quaternary Catchment	River Name	Ecological Category to be maintained	Natural MAR (million m ³ /a)	EWR as % of natural MAR ¹⁾
13 Blyde River catchment	I	HN112	B73F	Timbavati (outlet of quaternary)	B	18.7	12.12
		HN113	B73G	Timbavati, including Shisakashonghondo	B	-	-
		EWR site 16	B73G, B73H	Olifants	C	1916.9	10.75
		HN115	B73J	Hlahlani (confluence with Olifants)	A	-	-
		HN116	B73J	Olifants (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA12)	C	1918.3	14.72
		HN117	B60A	Blyde (confluence with Lisbon)	C	87.1	18.73
		HN118	B60B	Lisbon, including Heddeleispruit and Watervalspruit	B	-	-
		HN119	B60B	Blyde (outlet of quaternary)	B	183.8	32.86
		EWR site – TRE-EWR1	B60C	Treur	B	46.8	34.60
		HN121	B60D	Blyde (inflow to Blydevierpoort Dam – outlet of IUA13)	B	283.9	31.57

MAR: Mean Annual Run-off

¹⁾ Based on EWR for maintenance and drought flows only

Table 2: Summary of the Integrated Units of Analyses (IUA), Hydrological nodes and Resource Unit (RU) numbers for river systems in the Olifants catchment

IUA	BIOPHYSICAL NODE AND RU	RIVER NAME
1. Upper Olifants River catchment	1	Olifants (confluence with Steenkopspruit)
	2	Piekespruit (confluence with Steenkopspruit)
	3	Dwars-indievegspruit (confluence with Trichardspruit)
	4	Steenkopspruit (outlet of quaternary)
	5	Biesbokspruit (confluence with Rietispruit)
	6	Steenkopspruit (confluence with Olifants)
	7	Olifants (outlet of quaternary)
	8	Noupoortspruit (EWR site – NOU-EWR1) (existing)
	9	Olifants (releases from Witbank Dam)
	10	Spookspruit (confluence with Olifants)
	11	Olifants (EWR site 1 – EWR1) (existing)
	12	Klipspruit (confluence with Olifants)
	13	
	14	Boschmansfontein (confluence with Klein Olifants)
	15	Klein Olifants (outlet of quaternary)
	16	Klein Olifants (outlet of quaternary)
	17	Klein Olifants (EWR site – OL-EWR1) (Rapid site)
	18	Klein Olifants (releases from Middelburg Dam)
	19	Vaalbankspruit (confluence with Klein Olifants)
	20	Klein Olifants (outlet of quaternary)
	21	Bronkhorstpruit (outlet of quaternary)
	22	Koffiespruit (confluence with Bronkhorstpruit)
	23	Osspruit (inflow to Bronkhorstpruit Dam)
	24	Bronkhorstpruit (outlet from Bronkhorstpruit Dam)
	25	Hondespruit (confluence with Bronkhorstpruit)
	26	Bronkhorstpruit (confluence with Wilge)
	27	Wilge (confluence with Bronkhorstpruit)
	28	Saalboomspruit (confluence with Wilge)
	29	Grootpruit (confluence with Wilge)
	30	Wilge (outlet of quaternary)
	31	Wilge (EWR site – EWR4, outlet of IUA2) (existing)
	32	Doringboomspruit (confluence with Klein Olifants)
	33	Keeromspruit (confluence with Klein Olifants)
	34	Klein Olifants (EWR site – EWR3) (existing)
	35	Kranspoortspruit (EWR site – OL-EWR3) (Rapid site)
	36	Boekenhoutloop (inflow to Loskop Dam)
	37	Olifants (EWR site – EWR2) (existing)
3. Selons River area including Loskop Dam	38	One node at confluence of Selons with Olifants in B32C. Included: Klipspruit (confluence with Selons) Kruis (confluence with Selons) Selons (confluence with Olifants)
	39	Olifants (releases from Loskop Dam)
	40	Olifants (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA3)

41	One node at outlet of B31C, releases from Rust de Winter Dam. Included: B31A (Elands) B31B (Hartbeesspruit) B31C (Elands)	
42	Enkeldingspruit (confluence with Elands)	
43	Elands (releases from Mikumbe Dam)	
44	Kameel (upper part only)	
45	Elands (EWR site – EWR6) (existing)	
46	Elands (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA4)	
47	Elands (outlet of quaternary, confluence with Olifants)	
48	One node at confluence with Olifants in B32F. Included: B32E (Bloed), B32F (Doringpoortloop, Diepkloof and Bloed)	
49	One node at outlet of B32H, confluence with Olifants. Included: B32G (Moses)	
50	B32H (Marnetse and Moses)	
51	Olifants (EWR site – EWR5) (existing)	
52	Puleng (upper part only)	
53	Olifants (releases from Flag Boshielo Dam)	
54	Olifants (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA5)	
55	One node at outlet of B41A. Included: Grootspuit (outlet of quaternary)	
56	Langspuit, including Lakenvleispruit and Kleinspruit	
57	Steelpoort (EWR site – OLL-EWR2) (Rapid site)	
58	Masala (confluence with Steelpoort), including Tonteldoos and Vlugkraal)	
59	Steelpoort (inflow to De Hoop Dam)	
60	Draaikraalspruit (confluence with Klip)	
61	Klip (EWR site – OLL-EWR4) (Rapid site)	
62	Kraalspruit (confluence with Groot Dwars)	
63	Klein Dwars (Confluence with Groot Dwars)	
64	Upper reaches of Dwars (before mining impacts)	
65	Dwars (EWR site – DWA-EWR1) (existing)	
66	Steelpoort (EWR site – EWR9) (existing)	
67	Steelpoort (EWR site – EWR10) (existing) (confluence with Olifants – outlet of IUA6)	
68	Upper Nkumpi (outlet of quaternary)	
69	Olifants (EWR site – EWR7) (existing)	
70	Palangwe (confluence with Olifants)	
71	Hiakaro (outlet)	
72	Mphogodima (confluence with Olifants)	
73	Olifants (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA7)	
74	One node for Dorpspruit at outlet of B42B. Included: Hoppe se Spruit (confluence)	
75	Doringbergspruit (confluence)	
76	Dorpspruit (EWR site – OLL-EWR9) (Rapid site)	
77	Potloodspruit (confluence with Dorps)	
78	Dorps (confluence with Spekboom)	
79	Spekboom (EWR site – OLL-EWR6) (Rapid site)	
79	Poispruit (confluence with Watervals)	
79	Watervals (releases from Buffelskloof Dam)	

	80	Rootvalhoek-se-Loop (confluence with Watervals)
	81	Watervals (EWR site – OLI-EWR5) (Rapid site)
	82	Spekboom (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA 8)
9. Ohrigstad River catchment area	83	One node at outlet of B60F. Included: Kranskloofspruit, Mantshibi, Ohrigstad (outlet of quaternary)
	84	Vyehoek (confluence with Ohrigstad)
	85	Ohrigstad (EWR site – OLI-EWR8) (Rapid site)
	86	Ohrigstad (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA9)
	87	Sandspruit, including Rietspruit and Qunduhlu
	88	Byde (EWR site – EWR12) (existing)
	89	Byde (confluence with Olifants)
	90	Paardevlei (confluence with Tongwane)
	91	Tongwane (confluence with Olifants)
	92	Olifants (EWR site – EWR8) (existing)
	93	Mohlapiše (upper reaches)
	94	Kgotswane (confluence with Olifants)
	95	Olifants (confluence with Steelpoort)
	96	Olifants (EWR11, confluence with Byde) (existing)
	97	Makhutswi, including Mourngwane and Malomanye
	98	Olifants (outlet – outlet of IUA10)
	99	Ngwabatsse (confluence with Ga-Selati)
	100	Ga-Selati (outlet of quaternary)
	101	Ga-Selati (EWR site – EWR14a) (existing)
	102	Molatie (confluence with Ga-Selati)
	103	Ga-Selati (EWR site – EWR14b) (existing)
	104	Ga-Selati (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA11)
	105	Olifants (EWR site – EWR13) (existing)
	106	Klaserie (EWR site – OLI-EWR7) (Rapid site)
	107	Klaserie (confluence with Olifants)
	108	Tsiri (confluence with Olifants)
	109	Tshutshi (confluence with Olifants)
	110	Nhlalalumi, including Machaton, Nyameni and Thlaralumi
	111	Sesete (confluence with Timbavati)
	112	Timbavati (outlet of quaternary)
	113	Timbavati, including Shisakashongondo
	114	Olifants (EWR site – EWR16) (existing)
	115	Hlahlani (confluence with Olifants)
	116	Olifants (outlet of quaternary – outlet of IUA12)
	117	Byde (confluence with Lisbon)
	118	Lisbon, including Heddeispruit and Watervalspruit
	119	Byde (outlet of quaternary)
	120	Treur (EWR site – TRE-EWR1) (existing)
13. Byde River catchment area	121	Byde (inflow to Blydenvierpoort Dam – outlet of IUA13)

Table 3: Resource Quality Objectives (RQO) for RIVER WATER QUANTITY in the Olifants catchment

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ measure	Numerical Limits			
1	III	Olifants (EWR site 1 - EWR1) (existing)	RU11	11	D	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows should be improved in order to maintain the river habitat for the ecosystem and ecotourism.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Olifants EWR1 in B11J VMAR = 184.5x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Oct	0.150 (99)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)
										Nov	0.272 (90)	0.185 (99)	
										Dec	0.360 (80)	0.146 (99)	
										Jan	0.447 (99)	0.675 (80)	
										Feb	0.549 (99)	0.692 (90)	
										Mar	0.442 (80)	0.261 (90)	
	Apr	0.361 (80)	0.204 (90)										
	May	0.249 (80)	0.164 (90)										
	Jun	0.171 (80)	0.127 (99)										
	Jul	0.130 (99)	0.131 (99)										
	Aug	0.103 (80)	0.153 (70)										
	Sep	0.091 (80)	0.073 (99)										
III	Klipspruit (confluence with Olifants)	RU12	12	D	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows are necessary to dilute and carry away waste and to support ecosystem functioning.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Klipspruit at confluence with Olifants in B11L VMAR = 25.65x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Oct	0.034 (90)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	
									Nov	0.038 (90)	0.030 (99)		
									Dec	0.042 (80)	0.022 (99)		
									Jan	0.046 (90)	0.041 (99)		
									Feb	0.055 (90)	0.048 (99)		
									Mar	0.051 (90)	0.046 (99)		
Apr	0.051 (90)	0.045 (99)											
May	0.047 (80)	0.034 (99)											
Jun	0.047 (80)	0.035 (99)											
Jul	0.044 (90)	0.037 (99)											
Aug	0.039 (90)	0.035 (99)											
Sep	0.035 (70)	0.008 (99)											
2	III	Olifants	RU13	13	B	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows should be improved in order to maintain the river habitat for the ecosystem and ecotourism.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Olifants in B11L VMAR = 307.36x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Oct	0.280 (90)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)
										Nov	0.455 (90)	0.241 (99)	
										Dec	0.589 (90)	0.391 (99)	
										Jan	0.721 (90)	0.507 (99)	
										Feb	0.882 (90)	0.620 (99)	
										Mar	0.732 (90)	0.759 (99)	
	Apr	0.631 (80)	0.624 (99)										
	May	0.478 (90)	0.428 (99)										
	Jun	0.367 (90)	0.412 (99)										
	Jul	0.298 (90)	0.316 (99)										
	Aug	0.243 (90)	0.256 (99)										
	Sep	0.211 (90)	0.209 (99)										
II	Willige (EWR site - EWR4, outlet of IUA2)	RU31	31	B	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows need to be improved in	EWR maintenance low and drought	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Oct	0.280 (90)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	
									Nov	0.455 (90)	0.241 (99)		

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ measure	Numerical Limits																																																																									
		(existing)						order to maintain river habitat and the ecosystem.	flows: Wlge EWR4 in B20J VMAR = 175.59x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=B category	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Oct</td><td>0.806 (50)</td><td>(Percentile)</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov</td><td>1.094 (60)</td><td>0.206 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec</td><td>1.235 (60)</td><td>0.269 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jan</td><td>1.476 (60)</td><td>0.298 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Feb</td><td>1.862 (60)</td><td>0.350 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Mar</td><td>1.733 (60)</td><td>0.436 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Apr</td><td>1.528 (50)</td><td>0.405 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>May</td><td>1.277 (50)</td><td>0.362 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jun</td><td>1.121 (50)</td><td>0.307 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jul</td><td>0.961 (60)</td><td>0.275 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Aug</td><td>0.802 (60)</td><td>0.239 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Sep</td><td>0.696 (60)</td><td>0.205 (99)</td></tr> </table>	Oct	0.806 (50)	(Percentile)	Nov	1.094 (60)	0.206 (99)	Dec	1.235 (60)	0.269 (99)	Jan	1.476 (60)	0.298 (99)	Feb	1.862 (60)	0.350 (99)	Mar	1.733 (60)	0.436 (99)	Apr	1.528 (50)	0.405 (99)	May	1.277 (50)	0.362 (99)	Jun	1.121 (50)	0.307 (99)	Jul	0.961 (60)	0.275 (99)	Aug	0.802 (60)	0.239 (99)	Sep	0.696 (60)	0.205 (99)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Oct</td><td>0.135 (70)</td><td>Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov</td><td>0.227 (80)</td><td>0.071 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec</td><td>0.313 (80)</td><td>0.100 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jan</td><td>0.394 (80)</td><td>0.160 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Feb</td><td>0.467 (80)</td><td>0.200 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Mar</td><td>0.384 (80)</td><td>0.237 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Apr</td><td>0.324 (70)</td><td>0.161 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>May</td><td>0.257 (70)</td><td>0.162 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jun</td><td>0.200 (70)</td><td>0.119 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jul</td><td>0.167 (70)</td><td>0.103 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Aug</td><td>0.134 (70)</td><td>0.087 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Sep</td><td>0.112 (70)</td><td>0.070 (99)</td></tr> </table>	Oct	0.135 (70)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Nov	0.227 (80)	0.071 (99)	Dec	0.313 (80)	0.100 (99)	Jan	0.394 (80)	0.160 (99)	Feb	0.467 (80)	0.200 (99)	Mar	0.384 (80)	0.237 (99)	Apr	0.324 (70)	0.161 (99)	May	0.257 (70)	0.162 (99)	Jun	0.200 (70)	0.119 (99)	Jul	0.167 (70)	0.103 (99)	Aug	0.134 (70)	0.087 (99)	Sep	0.112 (70)	0.070 (99)
Oct	0.806 (50)	(Percentile)																																																																																	
Nov	1.094 (60)	0.206 (99)																																																																																	
Dec	1.235 (60)	0.269 (99)																																																																																	
Jan	1.476 (60)	0.298 (99)																																																																																	
Feb	1.862 (60)	0.350 (99)																																																																																	
Mar	1.733 (60)	0.436 (99)																																																																																	
Apr	1.528 (50)	0.405 (99)																																																																																	
May	1.277 (50)	0.362 (99)																																																																																	
Jun	1.121 (50)	0.307 (99)																																																																																	
Jul	0.961 (60)	0.275 (99)																																																																																	
Aug	0.802 (60)	0.239 (99)																																																																																	
Sep	0.696 (60)	0.205 (99)																																																																																	
Oct	0.135 (70)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)																																																																																	
Nov	0.227 (80)	0.071 (99)																																																																																	
Dec	0.313 (80)	0.100 (99)																																																																																	
Jan	0.394 (80)	0.160 (99)																																																																																	
Feb	0.467 (80)	0.200 (99)																																																																																	
Mar	0.384 (80)	0.237 (99)																																																																																	
Apr	0.324 (70)	0.161 (99)																																																																																	
May	0.257 (70)	0.162 (99)																																																																																	
Jun	0.200 (70)	0.119 (99)																																																																																	
Jul	0.167 (70)	0.103 (99)																																																																																	
Aug	0.134 (70)	0.087 (99)																																																																																	
Sep	0.112 (70)	0.070 (99)																																																																																	
3	II	Klein Olifants (EWR site - EWR3) (existing)	RU34	34	C	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows should be improved in order to maintain ecosystem functioning and ecotourism.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Klein Olifants in B12E VMAR = 81.54x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=C/D category	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Oct</td><td>1.110 (70)</td><td>Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov</td><td>1.682 (80)</td><td>0.636 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec</td><td>2.040 (80)</td><td>0.941 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jan</td><td>2.471 (70)</td><td>1.129 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Feb</td><td>3.042 (80)</td><td>1.357 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Mar</td><td>2.667 (70)</td><td>1.664 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Apr</td><td>2.323 (70)</td><td>1.460 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>May</td><td>1.842 (70)</td><td>1.161 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jun</td><td>1.473 (70)</td><td>1.023 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jul</td><td>1.233 (70)</td><td>0.830 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Aug</td><td>1.009 (70)</td><td>0.701 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Sep</td><td>0.876 (70)</td><td>0.582 (99)</td></tr> </table>	Oct	1.110 (70)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Nov	1.682 (80)	0.636 (99)	Dec	2.040 (80)	0.941 (99)	Jan	2.471 (70)	1.129 (99)	Feb	3.042 (80)	1.357 (99)	Mar	2.667 (70)	1.664 (99)	Apr	2.323 (70)	1.460 (99)	May	1.842 (70)	1.161 (99)	Jun	1.473 (70)	1.023 (99)	Jul	1.233 (70)	0.830 (99)	Aug	1.009 (70)	0.701 (99)	Sep	0.876 (70)	0.582 (99)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Oct</td><td>0.742 (99)</td><td>Freshets (m³/s) (Percentile)</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov</td><td>2.691 (80)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec</td><td>4.385 (80)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jan</td><td>6.616 (70)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Feb</td><td>1.492 (99)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Mar</td><td>2.720 (90)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Apr</td><td>1.975 (99)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>May</td><td>1.023 (99)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jun</td><td>0.830 (99)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Jul</td><td>0.701 (99)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Aug</td><td>0.582 (99)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Sep</td><td>0.514 (99)</td><td>0.742 (99)</td></tr> </table>	Oct	0.742 (99)	Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Nov	2.691 (80)	0.742 (99)	Dec	4.385 (80)	0.742 (99)	Jan	6.616 (70)	0.742 (99)	Feb	1.492 (99)	0.742 (99)	Mar	2.720 (90)	0.742 (99)	Apr	1.975 (99)	0.742 (99)	May	1.023 (99)	0.742 (99)	Jun	0.830 (99)	0.742 (99)	Jul	0.701 (99)	0.742 (99)	Aug	0.582 (99)	0.742 (99)	Sep	0.514 (99)	0.742 (99)
Oct	1.110 (70)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)																																																																																	
Nov	1.682 (80)	0.636 (99)																																																																																	
Dec	2.040 (80)	0.941 (99)																																																																																	
Jan	2.471 (70)	1.129 (99)																																																																																	
Feb	3.042 (80)	1.357 (99)																																																																																	
Mar	2.667 (70)	1.664 (99)																																																																																	
Apr	2.323 (70)	1.460 (99)																																																																																	
May	1.842 (70)	1.161 (99)																																																																																	
Jun	1.473 (70)	1.023 (99)																																																																																	
Jul	1.233 (70)	0.830 (99)																																																																																	
Aug	1.009 (70)	0.701 (99)																																																																																	
Sep	0.876 (70)	0.582 (99)																																																																																	
Oct	0.742 (99)	Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile)																																																																																	
Nov	2.691 (80)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Dec	4.385 (80)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Jan	6.616 (70)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Feb	1.492 (99)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Mar	2.720 (90)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Apr	1.975 (99)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
May	1.023 (99)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Jun	0.830 (99)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Jul	0.701 (99)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Aug	0.582 (99)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
Sep	0.514 (99)	0.742 (99)																																																																																	
4	III	Elands (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA4)	RU46	46	D	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows need to be improved in order to provide for the ecosystem and basic human needs.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Elands EWR6 in B31G VMAR = 60.32x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Oct</td><td>0.077 (99)</td><td>Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov</td><td>0.121 (90)</td><td>0.077 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec</td><td>0.133 (99)</td><td>0.077 (99)</td></tr> </table>	Oct	0.077 (99)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Nov	0.121 (90)	0.077 (99)	Dec	0.133 (99)	0.077 (99)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Oct</td><td>0.077 (99)</td><td>Freshets (m³/s) (Percentile)</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov</td><td>0.113 (99)</td><td>0.077 (99)</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec</td><td>0.133 (10)</td><td>0.077 (99)</td></tr> </table>	Oct	0.077 (99)	Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Nov	0.113 (99)	0.077 (99)	Dec	0.133 (10)	0.077 (99)																																																						
Oct	0.077 (99)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)																																																																																	
Nov	0.121 (90)	0.077 (99)																																																																																	
Dec	0.133 (99)	0.077 (99)																																																																																	
Oct	0.077 (99)	Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile)																																																																																	
Nov	0.113 (99)	0.077 (99)																																																																																	
Dec	0.133 (10)	0.077 (99)																																																																																	

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ measure category	Numerical Limits			
5	III	Elands (outlet of quaternary, confluence with Olifants)	RU47	47	D	Quantity	Low and High Flows	High flows (freshets) must be provided to maintain the ecosystem and replenish natural storage.	category	Jan	0.173 (99)	0.173 (99)	0.956 (70)
								Feb		0.196 (99)	0.196 (99)	0.196 (99)	
								Mar		0.176 (99)	0.176 (99)	0.360 (80)	
								Apr		0.148 (99)	0.136 (99)	0.161 (99)	
								May		0.113 (99)	0.113 (99)		
								Jun		0.095 (99)	0.095 (99)		
	Jul	0.084 (99)	0.084 (99)										
	Aug	0.076 (99)	0.076 (99)										
	Sep	0.070 (99)	0.070 (99)										
	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)												
	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)												
	Freshets (Percentile)												
Oct	0.108 (99)	0.108 (99)	0.084 (99)										
Nov	0.171 (90)	0.154 (99)	0.504 (80)										
Dec	0.186 (99)	0.186 (99)	0.630 (80)										
Jan	0.238 (99)	0.238 (99)	1.191 (80)										
Feb	0.277 (99)	0.277 (99)	0.264 (99)										
Mar	0.247 (99)	0.247 (99)	0.476 (90)										
Apr	0.205 (99)	0.193 (99)	0.197 (99)										
May	0.155 (99)	0.155 (99)											
Jun	0.130 (99)	0.130 (99)											
Jul	0.115 (99)	0.115 (99)											
Aug	0.103 (99)	0.103 (99)											
Sep	0.094 (99)	0.094 (99)											
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)													
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)													
Oct	0.073 (70)		0.042 (99)										
Nov	0.107 (80)		0.060 (99)										
Dec	0.122 (80)		0.068 (99)										
Jan	0.126 (70)		0.069 (99)										
Feb	0.163 (70)		0.089 (99)										
Mar	0.156 (70)		0.085 (99)										
Apr	0.145 (70)		0.079 (99)										
May	0.117 (70)		0.065 (99)										
Jun	0.103 (70)		0.058 (99)										
Jul	0.088 (70)		0.050 (99)										
Aug	0.077 (70)		0.044 (99)										
Sep	0.068 (70)		0.039 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)													
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)													
Oct	0.556 (99)		0.556 (99)										
Nov	0.849 (99)		0.849 (99)										
Dec	1.007 (99)		1.007 (99)										
Jan	1.274 (99)		1.274 (99)										
Feb	1.499 (99)		1.499 (99)										
Mar	1.303 (99)		1.303 (99)										
III		Olifants (releases from Flag Boshielo Dam)	RU52	52	D	Quantity	Low Flows	The low flows should be improved to maintain ecosystem functioning and also to provide for users in the dry season.	category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)		

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RGO	Indicator/ measure	Numerical Limits
										Apr 1.140 (99) May 0.888 (99) Jun 0.726 (99) Jul 0.611 (99) Aug 0.514 (99) Sep 0.457 (99)
	III	Olifants (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA5)	RU53	53	D	Quantity	Low Flows	The low flows should be improved to maintain ecosystem functioning and also to provide for users.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Olifants in B41E VMAR = 726.06x10 ³ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.556 (99) Nov 0.849 (99) Dec 1.007 (99) Jan 1.214 (99) Feb 1.499 (99) Mar 1.303 (99) Apr 1.140 (99) May 0.888 (99) Jun 0.726 (99) Jul 0.611 (99) Aug 0.514 (99) Sep 0.457 (99)
	III	One node at outlet of B41A, included: Grootspuit (outlet of quaternary) and Langspruit, including Lakenvleispruit and Kleinspruit	RU54	54	C	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows must be maintained to provide for the ecosystem and the angling industry.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Grootspuit in B41A VMAR = 41.97x10 ³ m ³ PES=C category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.157 (70) Nov 0.242 (70) Dec 0.319 (70) Jan 0.418 (80) Feb 0.529 (70) Mar 0.446 (70) Apr 0.417 (70) May 0.322 (70) Jun 0.251 (70) Jul 0.189 (70) Aug 0.157 (70) Sep 0.143 (70)
6	III	Steelpoort (inflow to De Hoop Dam)	RU57	57	C	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows must be maintained for ecosystem functioning.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Steelpoort in B41E VMAR = 117.01x10 ³ m ³ PES=C category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.442 (70) Nov 0.680 (70) Dec 0.887 (70) Jan 1.160 (70) Feb 1.464 (70) Mar 1.233 (10) Apr 1.147 (70) May 0.891 (70) Jun 0.701 (70) Jul 0.528 (70)

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	ROO	Indicator/ measure	Numerical Limits
7	III	Upper reaches of Dwars (before mining impacts)	RU62	62	C	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows must be maintained for ecosystem functioning...	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Dwars River in B41G VMAR = 24.41x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=C category	Aug 0.441 (70)
										Sep 0.401 (70)
	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)									
	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)									
	Oct 0.061 (60)									
	Nov 0.085 (80)									
	Dec 0.121 (70)									
	Jan 0.142 (70)									
	Feb 0.179 (70)									
	Mar 0.168 (70)									
Apr 0.145 (70)										
May 0.118 (70)										
Jun 0.094 (70)										
Jul 0.072 (70)										
Aug 0.061 (70)										
Sep 0.056 (70)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.532 (99)										
Nov 0.843 (99)										
Dec 1.073 (99)										
Jan 1.324 (99)										
Feb 1.642 (99)										
Mar 1.405 (99)										
Apr 1.251 (99)										
May 1.002 (99)										
Jun 0.801 (99)										
Jul 0.621 (99)										
Aug 0.529 (99)										
Sep 0.495 (99)										
8	II	Spekboom (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA8)	RU82	82	B	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows must be maintained to provide for fish and	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Spekboom in	Aug 0.487 (99)
										Sep 0.487 (99)
	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)									
	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)									
	Oct 0.596 (99)									
	Nov 0.949 (99)									
	Dec 1.131 (99)									
	Jan 1.370 (99)									
	Feb 1.696 (99)									
	Mar 1.466 (99)									
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.596 (99)										
Nov 0.949 (99)										
Dec 1.131 (99)										
Jan 1.370 (99)										
Feb 1.696 (99)										
Mar 1.466 (99)										
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.596 (99)										
Nov 0.949 (99)										
Dec 1.131 (99)										
Jan 1.370 (99)										
Feb 1.696 (99)										
Mar 1.466 (99)										
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.596 (99)										
Nov 0.949 (99)										
Dec 1.131 (99)										
Jan 1.370 (99)										
Feb 1.696 (99)										
Mar 1.466 (99)										
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.596 (99)										
Nov 0.949 (99)										
Dec 1.131 (99)										
Jan 1.370 (99)										
Feb 1.696 (99)										
Mar 1.466 (99)										
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.596 (99)										
Nov 0.949 (99)										
Dec 1.131 (99)										
Jan 1.370 (99)										
Feb 1.696 (99)										
Mar 1.466 (99)										
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.596 (99)										
Nov 0.949 (99)										
Dec 1.131 (99)										
Jan 1.370 (99)										
Feb 1.696 (99)										
Mar 1.466 (99)										
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										
Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)										
Oct 0.596 (99)										
Nov 0.949 (99)										
Dec 1.131 (99)										
Jan 1.370 (99)										
Feb 1.696 (99)										
Mar 1.466 (99)										
Apr 1.250 (99)										
May 0.954 (99)										
Jun 0.776 (99)										
Jul 0.649 (99)										
Aug 0.547 (99)										
Sep 0.487 (99)										

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	ROO	Indicator/measure	Numerical Limits	
								agriculture.	B42H VMAR = 148.99x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=B category	Oct 0.598 (60) Nov 0.932 (60) Dec 1.193 (70) Jan 1.445 (70) Feb 1.771 (70) Mar 1.507 (70) Apr 1.348 (60) May 1.117 (70) Jun 0.922 (60) Jul 0.719 (60) Aug 0.610 (60) Sep 0.571 (60)	Freshets flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) 0.315 (99) 0.476 (99) 0.601 (99) 0.722 (99) 0.881 (99) 0.751 (99) 0.676 (99) 0.565 (99) 0.472 (99) 0.373 (99) 0.321 (99) 0.303 (99)
	III	One node at outlet of B60F. Included: Kransklootspruit, Mantshibi, Ohrigstad (outlet of quaternary)	RU83	83	D	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows must be maintained so that they provide for fish and the ecosystem. High flows need to provide cues for fish breeding.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Ohrigstad River in B60F VMAR = 35.64x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.062 (80) Nov 0.067 (80) Dec 0.086 (70) Jan 0.110 (60) Feb 0.165 (60) Mar 0.149 (60) Apr 0.123 (70) May 0.093 (60) Jun 0.082 (80) Jul 0.068 (80) Aug 0.058 (80) Sep 0.053 (80)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) 0.062 (80) 0.067 (80) 0.086 (70) 0.110 (60) 0.165 (60) 0.149 (60) 0.123 (70) 0.093 (60) 0.082 (80) 0.068 (80) 0.058 (80) 0.053 (80)
9	III	Ohrigstad (EWR site - OLI-EWR8) (Rapid site)	RU86	86	C	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows must be improved so that they provide for fish and the ecosystem. High flows need to provide cues for fish breeding.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Ohrigstad River OLI-EWR8 in B60H VMAR = 65.49x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=C category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.176 (60) Nov 0.244 (50) Dec 0.326 (50) Jan 0.420 (50) Feb 0.663 (50) Mar 0.595 (50) Apr 0.473 (60) May 0.353 (60) Jun 0.285 (60) Jul 0.239 (70) Aug 0.198 (60) Sep 0.178 (60)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) 0.063 (99) 0.020 (99) 0.085 (99) 0.112 (99) 0.319 (70) 0.298 (80) 1.269 (60) 0.199 (99) 0.160 (99) 0.121 (99) 0.102 (99) 0.084 (99) 0.070 (99) 0.064 (99)
10	II	Olifants (confluence with Steelpoort)	RU95	95	D	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows need to be improved to maintain the ecosystem	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Olifants in B71F VMAR = 937.93x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.783 (99) Nov 1.169 (99) Dec 1.380 (99) Jan 1.674 (99)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) 1.128 (90) 5.189 (80) 1.380 (99) 1.674 (99)

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ measure	Numerical Limits
								High flows need to be improved to maintain the ecosystem.		Feb 2.137 (99) 2.137 (99) 14.982 (60) Mar 1.906 (99) 1.906 (99) 4.216 (80) Apr 1.658 (99) 1.658 (99) 2.028 (90) May 1.302 (99) 1.302 (99) 1.302 (99) Jun 1.073 (99) 1.073 (99) 1.073 (99) Jul 0.898 (99) 0.898 (99) 0.898 (99) Aug 0.761 (99) 0.761 (99) 0.761 (99) Sep 0.680 (99) 0.680 (99) 0.680 (99) Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 2.959 (80) 1.576 (99) 0.340 (99) Nov 4.420 (80) 2.353 (99) 1.713 (99) Dec 5.358 (80) 2.853 (99) 2.760 (99) Jan 6.468 (80) 3.444 (99) 1.426 (99) Feb 8.217 (80) 4.376 (99) 5.091 (99) Mar 7.345 (80) 3.911 (99) 1.426 (99) Apr 6.450 (80) 3.434 (99) 0.701 (99) May 5.095 (80) 2.713 (99) 0.701 (99) Jun 4.139 (80) 2.204 (99) 0.701 (99) Jul 3.396 (80) 1.808 (99) 0.701 (99) Aug 2.886 (80) 1.537 (99) 0.701 (99) Sep 2.623 (80) 1.397 (99) 0.701 (99)
	II	Olifants (EWR11, confluence with Blyde) (existing)	RU96	96	D	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows must support the ecosystem structure and function. High flows must be maintained for ecosystem functioning.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Olifants EWR11 in B71J VMAR = 1321.9x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.130 (50) 0.000 0.000 Nov 0.144 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Dec 0.173 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Jan 0.258 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Feb 0.435 (50) 0.000 0.000 Mar 0.415 (50) 0.000 0.000 Apr 0.330 (50) 0.000 0.000 May 0.236 (50) 0.000 0.000 Jun 0.206 (50) 0.000 0.000 Jul 0.179 (70) 0.000 0.000 Aug 0.159 (60) 0.000 0.000 Sep 0.142 (50) 0.000 0.000 Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 5.645 (60) 2.148 (99) 0.654 (99) Nov 8.016 (70) 2.978 (99) 3.383 (99) Dec 9.747 (70) 3.573 (99) 5.806 (99) Jan 11.956 (70) 4.341 (99) 3.425 (99) Feb 15.848 (70) 5.713 (99) 12.616 (99) Mar 14.484 (70) 5.219 (99) 3.425 (99) Apr 13.039 (60) 4.724 (99) 1.824 (99) May 10.333 (60) 3.777 (99) 1.824 (99)
	II	Makhotswi, including Mougwana and Malomanye	RU97	97	C	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows must be maintained to provide for basic human needs.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Makhotswi River in B72A VMAR = 38.01x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=C category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.130 (50) 0.000 0.000 Nov 0.144 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Dec 0.173 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Jan 0.258 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Feb 0.435 (50) 0.000 0.000 Mar 0.415 (50) 0.000 0.000 Apr 0.330 (50) 0.000 0.000 May 0.236 (50) 0.000 0.000 Jun 0.206 (50) 0.000 0.000 Jul 0.179 (70) 0.000 0.000 Aug 0.159 (60) 0.000 0.000 Sep 0.142 (50) 0.000 0.000 Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 5.645 (60) 2.148 (99) 0.654 (99) Nov 8.016 (70) 2.978 (99) 3.383 (99) Dec 9.747 (70) 3.573 (99) 5.806 (99) Jan 11.956 (70) 4.341 (99) 3.425 (99) Feb 15.848 (70) 5.713 (99) 12.616 (99) Mar 14.484 (70) 5.219 (99) 3.425 (99) Apr 13.039 (60) 4.724 (99) 1.824 (99) May 10.333 (60) 3.777 (99) 1.824 (99)
	II	Olifants (outlet - outlet of IUA10)	RU98	98	C	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows must be maintained so that they provide for the ecosystem. High flows must provide for the ecosystem.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Olifants in B72C VMAR = 1755.5x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=C category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.130 (50) 0.000 0.000 Nov 0.144 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Dec 0.173 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Jan 0.258 (50) 0.004 (99) 0.004 (99) Feb 0.435 (50) 0.000 0.000 Mar 0.415 (50) 0.000 0.000 Apr 0.330 (50) 0.000 0.000 May 0.236 (50) 0.000 0.000 Jun 0.206 (50) 0.000 0.000 Jul 0.179 (70) 0.000 0.000 Aug 0.159 (60) 0.000 0.000 Sep 0.142 (50) 0.000 0.000 Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 5.645 (60) 2.148 (99) 0.654 (99) Nov 8.016 (70) 2.978 (99) 3.383 (99) Dec 9.747 (70) 3.573 (99) 5.806 (99) Jan 11.956 (70) 4.341 (99) 3.425 (99) Feb 15.848 (70) 5.713 (99) 12.616 (99) Mar 14.484 (70) 5.219 (99) 3.425 (99) Apr 13.039 (60) 4.724 (99) 1.824 (99) May 10.333 (60) 3.777 (99) 1.824 (99)

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	ROO	Indicator/ measure	Numerical Limits		
11	III	Ga-Selati (EWR site - EWR14b) (existing)	RU103	103	D	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows are important for the maintenance of the ecosystem.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Ga-Selati EWR14b in B72K VMAR = 72.74x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	
										Oct 0.122 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Nov 0.138 (60)	0.001 (99)	
										Dec 0.192 (60)	0.001 (99)	
										Jan 0.350 (50)	0.001 (99)	
										Feb 0.744 (60)	0.003 (99)	
										Mar 0.608 (50)	0.003 (99)	
										Apr 0.378 (70)	0.002 (99)	
										May 0.200 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Jun 0.178 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Jul 0.156 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Aug 0.141 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Sep 0.132 (7)	0.001 (99)	
11	III	Ga-Selati (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA11)	RU104	104	D	Quantity	Low Flows	Low flows are important for the maintenance of the ecosystem.	EWR maintenance low and drought flows: Ga-Selati EWR14b in B72K VMAR = 72.74x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=D category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	
										Oct 0.122 (60)	0.001 (99)	
										Nov 0.138 (60)	0.001 (99)	
										Dec 0.192 (60)	0.001 (99)	
										Jan 0.350 (50)	0.001 (99)	
										Feb 0.744 (60)	0.003 (99)	
										Mar 0.608 (50)	0.003 (99)	
										Apr 0.378 (70)	0.002 (99)	
										May 0.200 (60)	0.001 (99)	
										Jun 0.178 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Jul 0.156 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Aug 0.141 (70)	0.001 (99)	
										Sep 0.132 (70)	0.001 (99)	
12	II	Olifants (EWR site - EWR13) (existing)	RU105	105	C	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows must be improved to maintain ecosystem structure and function. High flows must be maintained to support ecosystem structure and function.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Olifants EWR13 in B72B VMAR = 1762.2x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=C category	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile)
										Oct 3.940 (70)	2.149 (99)	0.598 (99)
										Nov 5.592 (70)	2.979 (99)	3.093 (99)
										Dec 6.802 (80)	3.576 (99)	5.317 (90)
										Jan 8.351 (70)	4.347 (99)	3.141 (99)
										Feb 10.994 (70)	5.683 (99)	11.515 (90)
										Mar 10.125 (70)	5.231 (99)	3.141 (99)
										Apr 9.105 (70)	4.729 (99)	1.665 (99)
										May 7.209 (70)	3.778 (99)	
										Jun 5.860 (70)	3.112 (99)	
										Jul 4.732 (70)	2.544 (99)	
										Aug 3.998 (70)	2.179 (99)	
										Sep 3.625 (70)	1.999 (99)	

IUA	Class	River	RU	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ measure	Numerical Limits																					
										Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Freshets (m ³ /s) (Percentile)																
13	II	Olifants (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA12)	RU116	116	C	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows must be maintained for ecosystem structure and function.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Olifants EVMR16 in B73H VMAR = 1918.3x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=C category	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep										
								High flows must be maintained for ecosystem structure and functioning.		3.765 (70)	5.335 (70)	6.544 (70)	8.179 (70)	11.144 (70)	10.150 (70)	8.945 (70)	6.942 (70)	5.614 (70)	4.545 (70)	3.851 (70)	3.500 (70)	1.762 (99)	2.426 (99)	2.935 (99)	3.630 (99)	4.905 (99)	4.468 (99)	3.960 (99)	3.104 (99)	2.545 (99)	2.085 (99)
13	I	Blyde (inflow to Blydenierpoort Dam - outlet of IUA13)	RU121	121	B	Quantity	Low and High Flows	Low flows are essential for protection of this ecosystem.	EWR maintenance low and high flows and drought flows: Blyde River in B60D VMAR = 283.9x10 ⁶ m ³ PES=B category	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep										
								High flows are essential to maintain the protected status of this ecosystem.		1.559 (60)	1.776 (60)	2.036 (60)	2.550 (60)	3.534 (60)	3.408 (60)	3.230 (60)	2.793 (60)	2.546 (60)	2.076 (70)	1.776 (70)	1.632 (70)	0.512 (99)	0.573 (99)	0.638 (99)	0.774 (99)	1.044 (99)	1.000 (99)	0.957 (99)	0.838 (99)	0.776 (99)	0.648 (99)

Table 4: Resource Quality Objectives (RQO) for RIVER WATER QUALITY in the Olifants catchment

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
1	III	Olifants (releases from Witbank Dam)	RU9	9	D	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrient concentrations must be maintained in the river at mesotrophic or better levels	Phosphate(PO ₄) [*]	≤ 0.125 mg/L P
									Nitrate (NO ₃) & Nitrite (NO ₂) [*]	≤ 4.00 mg/L N
									Total Ammonia [*]	≤ 0.100 mg/L N
		Olifants (EWR site 1 - EWR1) (existing)	RU11	11	D	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrient concentrations should be improved to prevent nuisance conditions for ecotourism.	Phosphate(PO ₄) [*]	≤ 0.125 mg/L P
									Nitrate (NO ₃) & Nitrite (NO ₂) [*]	≤ 4.00 mg/L N
									Total Ammonia [*]	≤ 0.100 mg/L N
		Klipspruit (confluence with Olifants)	RU12	12	D	Quality	Nutrients	The nutrient concentrations need to be improved for the ecosystem and users.	Phosphate (PO ₄) [*]	≤ 0.125 mg/L P
									Nitrate (NO ₃) & Nitrite (NO ₂) [*]	≤ 0.70 mg/L N
									Phosphate (PO ₄) [*]	≤ 0.015 mg/L P
6	III	Olifants	RU13	13	B	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrient concentrations should be improved to maintain the ecosystem and ecotourism.	Nitrate (NO ₃) & Nitrite (NO ₂) [*]	≤ 0.125 mg/L P
									Phosphate (PO ₄) [*]	≤ 0.015 mg/L P
9	III	Steelpoort (EWR site - EWR10) (existing) (confluence with Olifants - outlet of IJA6)	RU66	64	D	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrients should be maintained to support the ecosystem.	Phosphate (PO ₄) [*]	≤ 0.125 mg/L P
									Nitrate (NO ₃) & Nitrite (NO ₂) [*]	≤ 4.00 mg/L N
1	III	Olifants (releases from Witbank Dam) and Olifants (EWR site 1 - EWR1) (existing)	RU9 RU11	9 and 11	D	Quality	Salts	Salt concentrations need to be maintained at levels where they do not render the ecosystem unsustainable.	Sulphates [*]	≤ 500 mg/L
									Electrical conductivity [*]	≤ 111 mS/m
		Olifants	RU13	13	B	Quality	Salts	Salt concentrations need to be maintained at levels where they do not render the ecosystem unsustainable.	Sulphates [*]	≤ 80 mg/L

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
									Electrical conductivity*	≤ 55 mS/m
	III	Klipspruit (confluence with Olifants)	RU12	12	D			Salt concentrations need to be improved to protect the ecosystem, for basic human needs, vegetable and livestock watering.	Electrical conductivity*	≤ 111 mS/m
2	II	Wilge (EWR site - EWR4, outlet of IUA2) (existing)	RU31	31	C	Quality	Salts	Overall salt and sulphate concentrations need to be improved so that they do not threaten the ecosystem or agricultural users.	Sulphates*	≤ 500 mg/L
3	III	Olifants (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA3)	RU40	40	D	Quality	Salts	Concentrations and also maxima of salt in particular sulphate should be maintained so that they allow for a sustainable ecosystem.	Sulphates*	≤ 500 mg/L
									Electrical conductivity*	≤ 111 mS/m
1	III	Olifants (releases from Witbank Dam)	RU9	9	D	Quality	System Variables	Alkalinity must be maintained at concentrations which do not allow for a dramatic rise in acidity.	Alkalinity*	≥ 60 mg/L CaCO ₃
									Turbidity*	≤ 10 NTU
									Dissolved oxygen*	≥ 4 mg/L O
									Temperature*	≤ abs(dev from ambient) 4.0
									Dissolved oxygen*	≥ 4 mg/L O
									Alkalinity*	≥ 60 mg/L CaCO

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
3	II	Olifants (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA3)	RUJ40	40	D	Quality	System Variables	Dissolved oxygen should be maintained. Alkalinity must not decrease and thus allow for acidification of the river.	Temperature*	≤ abs(dev from ambient) 4.0
									Dissolved oxygen*	≥ 4 mg/L O ₂
									Alkalinity*	≥ 60 mg/L CaCO ₃
11	III	Ga-Selati (EWR site - EWR14b) (existing)	RU103	103	D	Quality	System Variables	Sedimentation must not excessively impact on habitat state.	Suspended solids*	≤ 50.0 mg/L
			RU104	104				Sedimentation must not excessively impact on habitat state.	Alkalinity*	≥ 60 mg/L CaCO ₃
		Ga-Selati (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA11)							Turbidity*	≤ 10 NTU
12	II	Olifants (EWR site - EWR13) (existing)	RU105	105	C	Quality	System Variables	Sediment concentrations should not reach levels where instream sedimentation excessively impacts on the instream habitat or where suspended sediments negatively impact on fitness for use for water institutions.	Temperatures*	≤ abs(dev from ambient) 4.0
									Dissolved oxygen*	≥ 4 mg/L O ₂
1	III	Olifants (releases from Witbank Dam)	RU9	9	D	Quality	Toxins	Toxicity levels must comply with the fitness for use which is acceptable for lifetime consumption (Class 1#) after treatment in the existing infrastructure.	F ⁻	≤ 3.00 mg/L
									Al ³⁺	≤ 0.150 mg/L
									As ³⁺	≤ 0.130 mg/L
									Cd hard*	≤ 5.0 µg/L
									Cr(VI)*	≤ 200 µg/L
									Cu hard*	≤ 8.0 µg/L
									Hg*	≤ 1.70 µg/L

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
									Mn*	≤ 1.300 mg/L
									Pb hard*	≤ 13.0 µg/L
									Se*	≤ 0.030 mg/L
									Zn*	≤ 36.0 µg/L
									Chlorine*	≤ 5.0 µg/L free Cl
									Endosulfan*	≤ 0.20 µg/L
									Atrazine*	≤ 100.0 µg/L
									F*	≤ 3.00 mg/L
									Al*	≤ 0.150 mg/L
									As*	≤ 0.130 mg/L
									Cd hard*	≤ 5.0 µg/L
									Cr(VI)*	≤ 200 µg/L
									Cu hard*	≤ 8.0 µg/L
									Hg**	≤ 1.70 µg/L
									Mn*	≤ 1.300 mg/L
									Pb hard*	≤ 13.0 µg/L
									Se*	≤ 0.030 mg/L
									Zn*	≤ 36.0 µg/L
									Chlorine*	≤ 5.0 µg/L free Cl
									Endosulfan*	≤ 0.20 µg/L
									Atrazine*	≤ 100.0 µg/L
		Klipspruit (confluence with Olifants)	RU12	12	D	Quality	Toxins	Toxics should not be allowed to negatively impact on the ecosystem.		

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
2	II	Wlge (EWR site - EWR4, outlet of IUA2) (existing)	RU31	31	C	Quality	Toxins	Toxics should not be allowed to negatively impact on the ecosystem or agricultural users.	F*	≤ 2,50 mg/L
									Al*	≤ 0,105 mg/L
									As*	≤ 0,095 mg/L
									Cd hard*	≤ 3,0 µg/L
									Cr(VI)*	≤ 121 µg/L
									Cu hard*	≤ 6,0 µg/L
									Hg*	≤ 0,97 µg/L
									Mn*	≤ 0,990 mg/L
									Pb hard*	≤ 9,5 µg/L
									Se*	≤ 0,022 mg/L
									Zn*	≤ 25,2 µg/L
									Chlorine*	≤ 3,1 µg/L free Cl
									Endosulfian*	≤ 0,13 µg/L
Atrazine*	≤ 78,5 µg/L									
3	II	Olifants (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA3)	RU40	40	D	Quality	Toxins	The concentrations of toxic substances must be improved to minimise toxic effects on the ecosystem and other users of the system.	F*	≤ 3,00 mg/L
									Al*	≤ 0,150 mg/L
									As*	≤ 0,130 mg/L
									Cd hard*	≤ 5,0 µg/L
									Cr(VI)*	≤ 200 µg/L
									Cu hard*	≤ 8,0 µg/L
									Hg*	≤ 1,70 µg/L
									Mn*	≤ 1,300 mg/L
									Pb hard*	≤ 13,0 µg/L

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
6	III	Steelpoort (EWR sile - EWR10) (existing) (confluence with Olifants - outlet of IUA8)	RU66	66	D	Quality	Toxins	Toxics should be minimised to reduce the risk of human health and ecosystem impairment.	Se* Zn* Chlorine* Endosulfan* Atrazine*	≤ 0,030 mg/L ≤ 36,0 µg/L ≤ 5,0 µg/L free Cl ≤ 0,20 µg/L ≤ 100,0 µg/L
8	II	Spekboom (outlet of quaternary - outlet of IUA8)	RU82	82	B	Quality	Toxins	Toxicity levels must be minimised to protect community users and also fish.	F* Al* As* Cd hard* Cr(VI)* Cu hard* Hg* Mn* Pb hard* Se* Zn* Chlorine* Endosulfan* Atrazine*	≤ 2,00 mg/L ≤ 0,063 mg/L ≤ 0,058 mg/L ≤ 1,6 µg/L ≤ 68 µg/L ≤ 4,9 µg/L ≤ 0,53 µg/L ≤ 0,680 mg/L ≤ 5,8 µg/L ≤ 0,013 mg/L ≤ 14,4 µg/L ≤ 1,8 µg/L free Cl ≤ 0,08 µg/L ≤ 48,8 µg/L ≤ 3,00 mg/L ≤ 0,150 mg/L

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
11	III	Ga-Selati (EWR site - EWR14b) (existing) and Ga-Selati (outlet of quaternary -outlet of IUA11)	RU103 RU104	103 and 104	D	Quality	Toxins		As* Cd hard* Cr(VI)* Cu hard* Hg* Mn* Pb hard* Se* Zn* Chlorine* Endosulfan* Atrazine*	≤ 0.130 mg/L ≤ 5.0 µg/L ≤ 200 µg/L ≤ 8.0 µg/L ≤ 1.70 µg/L ≤ 1.300 mg/L ≤ 13.0 µg/L ≤ 0.030 mg/L ≤ 36.0 µg/L ≤ 5.0 µg/L free Cl ≤ 0.20 µg/L ≤ 100.0 µg/L
									F* Al* As* Cd hard* Cr(VI)* Cu hard* Hg* Mn* Pb hard* Se*	≤ 2.50 mg/L ≤ 0.105 mg/L ≤ 0.095 mg/L ≤ 3.0 µg/L ≤ 121 µg/L ≤ 6.0 µg/L ≤ 0.97 µg/L ≤ 0.990 mg/L ≤ 9.5 µg/L ≤ 0.022 mg/L

IUA	Class	River	Ru	Biophysical Node Name	REC	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
									Zn*	≤ 25.2 µg/L
									Chlorine*	≤ 3.1 µg/L free Cl
									Endosulfan*	≤ 0.13 µg/L
									Atrazine*	≤ 78.5 µg/L

Table 5: Resource Quality Objectives for RIVER INSTREAM HABITAT and BIOTA in the Olifants catchment

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
1. Upper Olifants River catchment	III	Olifants	11	D	<p>Instream habitat must be in a largely modified or better condition to support the ecosystem and for ecotourism users.</p> <p>Instream biota must be in a largely modified or better conditions and at sustainable levels.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat for ecosystem condition and ecotourism.</p> <p>Water quality: Nutrient concentrations must be improved to prevent nuisance conditions for ecotourism</p> <p>Salt concentrations must be maintained at levels where they do not render the ecosystem unsustainable.</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Instream Ecotatus category $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Hydrological category $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p>
2. Wilge River catchment area	II	Wilge	31	C	<p>Instream habitat must be in moderately modified or better condition to sustain instream biota.</p> <p>Instream biota must be in a moderately modified or better condition and at sustainable levels.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p>Water quality: Overall salt and sulphate concentrations must be at a level where it does not threaten the ecosystem or agricultural users.</p> <p>Toxics must not negatively impact on the ecosystem or agricultural users.</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Instream Ecotatus category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p>
3. Selons River area including Loskop Dam	II	Klein-Olifants	34	C	<p>Instream habitat must be in a better than moderately modified condition to support the ecosystem and for ecotourism users.</p> <p>Instream biota must be in moderately modified or better condition.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p>

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
					ecosystem condition. <u>Water quality:</u> Nutrients must not exceed levels that threatens the sustainability of the ecosystem. Salt concentrations must not reach levels where it threatens the sustainability of ecosystem. Alkalinity must be at levels that prevent acidification of the river.	Instream Ecostatus category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62) Hydrological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62) Water Quality category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)
3. Selons River area including Loskop Dam	II	Olifants	40	D	Instream habitat must be in a largely modified or better condition to support the ecosystem and for ecotourism users. Instream biota must be in a largely modified or better condition. Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition. <u>Water quality:</u> Overall salt and sulphate concentrations must be at a level where it does not threaten the ecosystem or agricultural users. Dissolved oxygen concentrations must be maintained. Alkalinity must not decrease and thus allow for acidification of the river.	Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq D$ (≥ 62) Fish ecological category: $\geq C/D$ (≥ 58) Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62) Instream Ecostatus category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62) Hydrological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62) Water Quality category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)
4. Elands River catchment area	III	Elands	46	D	Instream habitat must be in a largely modified or better conditions to support ecosystem processes and sustainable use. Instream biota must be in a largely modified or better condition. Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition. Low flows must be suitable to maintain the ecosystem and for human use. <u>Water quality:</u> Concentrations of pathogens must not exceed levels where	Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42) Fish ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42) Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42) Instream Ecostatus category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42) Hydrological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
					downstream use is compromised.	Water Quality category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)
6. Steelpoort River catchment	III	Steelpoort	66	D	<p>Instream habitat must be in a largely modified or better condition to support ecosystem processes.</p> <p>Instream biota must be in a largely modified or better condition.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u> Toxics must be minimised to reduce the risk of human health and ecosystem impairment.</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Instream Ecotatus category: $\geq D$ (42)</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p>
6. Steelpoort River catchment	III	Steelpoort	64	D	<p>Instream habitat must be in a largely modified or better condition to support ecosystem processes.</p> <p>Instream biota must be in a largely modified or better condition.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u> Toxics must be minimised to reduce the risk of human health and ecosystem impairment.</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Instream Ecotatus category: $\geq D$ (42)</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p>
9. Ohrigstad River catchment area	III	Ohrigstad	86	D	<p>Instream habitat must be in a largely modified or better condition to support ecosystem processes.</p> <p>Instream biota must be in a largely modified or better condition. The requirements of ecologically important species must be provided for.</p> <p>Diatom communities must be in a largely modified or better condition indicating an ecosystem in similar condition.</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Diatom SPI category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p>

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
					<p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u> Nutrients must be not reach levels that cause hypertrophic conditions.</p>	<p>Instream Ecostatus category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p>
10. Lower Olifants	II	Blyde	88	B	<p>Instream habitat must be in a largely natural condition to support ecosystem processes.</p> <p>Instream biota should be in a close to natural condition. The requirements of ecologically important species must be provided for.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u> Water quality must be in a close to natural or better condition.</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p> <p>Instream Ecostatus category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p>
11. Ga-Selati River area	III	Ga-Selati (outlet of UJA11)	103	D	<p>Instream habitat must be in a largely modified or better condition.</p> <p>Instream biological assemblages must be in a largely modified or better condition.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u> Toxicity must not pose a threat to local users and the ecosystem</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Instream Ecostatus category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq D$ (≥ 42)</p>
12. Lower Olifants within Kruger National Park	II	Olifants	105	C	<p>Instream habitat must be in a moderately modified or better condition to support ecosystem processes.</p> <p>Instream biological assemblages must be in a moderately modified or better condition. The habitat requirements of species of special</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category</p>

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
					<p>ecological importance must be provided for to ensure viable and sustainable populations.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u></p> <p>Sediment concentrations must not reach levels where instream sedimentation excessively impacts on the instream habitat or where suspended sediments negatively impact on fitness for use for water institutions.</p>	<p>category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Instream Ecotatus category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Suitable instream habitat conditions for > 5 Hippopotami</p> <p>Habitat for a minimum of 45 aquatic bird species.</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p>
12. Lower Olifants within Kruger National Park	II	Olifants	114	C	<p>Instream habitat must be in a moderately modified or better condition.</p> <p>Instream biological assemblages must be in a moderately modified or better condition. The habitat requirements of species of special ecological importance must be provided for to ensure viable and sustainable populations.</p> <p>Diatom communities must be maintained to health levels indicating an ecosystem in similar condition.</p> <p>Periphyton must be in a condition which does not reflect eutrophic conditions.</p> <p>The local Hippopotamus population must remain in a viable state.</p> <p>Habitats of aquatic bird communities must be maintained in a suitable ecological state.</p> <p>Habitat for instream herpetofauna should reflect a moderately modified or better condition.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be maintained for ecosystem structure and function.</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Instream Ecotatus category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Habitat for a minimum of 45 aquatic bird species.</p> <p>Suitable and sufficient habitat for a crocodile population with a healthy age and size composition approaching natural characteristics.</p> <p>Diatoms: SPI category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Periphyton: SPI-Score of 8.9-9.1</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p>

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
12. Lower Olifants within Kruger National Park	II	Olifants (outlet of IUA12)	116	C	<p><u>Water quality:</u> Sediment loads must be reduced so that sedimentation does not negatively impact on habitat state. Toxicity levels must not pose a threat to the ecosystem and local users. Instream habitat must be in a moderately modified or better condition.</p> <p>Instream biological assemblages must be in a moderately modified or better condition. The habitat requirements of species of special ecological importance must be provided for to ensure viable and sustainable populations.</p> <p>Diatom communities must be maintained to health levels indicating an ecosystem in similar condition.</p> <p>Periphyton must be in a condition which does not reflect eutrophic conditions.</p> <p>The local Hippopotamus population must remain in a viable state.</p> <p>Habitats of aquatic bird communities must be maintained in a suitable ecological state.</p> <p>Habitat for instream herpetofauna should reflect a moderately modified or better condition.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u> Sediment loads must be reduced so that sedimentation does not negatively impact on habitat state. Toxicity levels must not pose a threat to the ecosystem and local users. Instream habitat must be in a close to natural condition.</p> <p>Instream biological assemblages must be in a moderately modified or</p>	<p>Water Quality category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Instream Ecostatus category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Habitat for a minimum of 45 aquatic bird species.</p> <p>Suitable and sufficient habitat for a crocodile population with a healthy age and size composition approaching natural characteristics.</p> <p>Diatoms: SPI category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Periphyton: SPI-Score of 8.9-9.1</p> <p>Hydrological category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p> <p>Water Quality category: $\geq C$ (≥ 62)</p>
13. Blyde River catchment area	I	Blyde	121	B	<p><u>Water quality:</u> Sediment loads must be reduced so that sedimentation does not negatively impact on habitat state. Toxicity levels must not pose a threat to the ecosystem and local users. Instream habitat must be in a close to natural condition.</p> <p>Instream biological assemblages must be in a moderately modified or</p>	<p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: $\geq b$ (≥ 82)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: $\geq B$ (≥ 82)</p>

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
13. Blyde River catchment area	I	Blyde	117	B	<p>better condition. The habitat requirements of species of special ecological importance must be provided for to ensure viable and sustainable populations.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u></p> <p>The sediment situation must be improved to support the protected status of this river.</p> <p>Instream habitat must be in a close to natural condition.</p> <p>Instream biological assemblages must be in a moderately modified or better condition. The habitat requirements of species of special ecological importance must be provided for to ensure viable and sustainable populations.</p> <p>Low and high flows must be suitable to maintain the river habitat and ecosystem condition.</p> <p><u>Water quality:</u></p> <p>The sediment situation must be improved to support the protected status of this river.</p>	<p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Instream Ecostatus category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Hydrological category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Water Quality category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Instream Habitat Integrity category: ≥ b(≥ 82)</p> <p>Fish ecological category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Macro-invertebrate ecological category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Instream Ecostatus category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Hydrological category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p> <p>Water Quality category: ≥ B (≥ 82)</p>

Table 6: Resource Quality Objectives for RIVER RIPARIAN ZONE HABITAT in Olifants catchment

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
1. Upper Olifants River catchment area	III	Olifants	11	C	The riparian zone must be in a moderately modified or better condition to support the ecosystem and for ecotourism. Riparian vegetation must be in a moderately modified or better condition. Low and high flows must be in a largely modified or better condition to maintain the riparian habitat and for ecotourism.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq C (\geq 62) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq C (\geq 62) Hydrological category \geq D (\geq 42)
2. Wilge River catchment area	II	Wilge	31	B	The riparian zone must be in a largely natural or better condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a moderately modified condition Low flows must be in a moderately modified or better condition. High flows must be suitable to sustain the riparian zone habitat.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq C (\geq 82) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq C (\geq 82) Hydrological category \geq B (\geq 82)
3. Selons River area including Loskop Dam	II	Klein-Olifants	34	C	The riparian zone must be in a moderately modified or better condition to maintain the ecosystem and for ecotourism. Riparian vegetation must be in a moderately modified or better condition Low flows must be in a moderately modified or better condition. High flows must be suitable to sustain the riparian zone habitat.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq C (\geq 62) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq C (\geq 62) Hydrological category \geq C (\geq 62)
3. Selons River area including Loskop Dam	II	Olifants	40	C	The riparian zone must be maintained in a moderately modified or better condition to maintain the ecosystem. Riparian vegetation must be maintained in a moderately modified or better condition Low flows must be in a moderately modified or better condition. High flows must be suitable to sustain the riparian zone habitat.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq C (\geq 62) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq C (\geq 62) Hydrological category \geq C (\geq 62)
4. Elands River catchment area	III	Elands	46	D	The riparian zone must be improved to be in a largely modified or better condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a better than largely modified condition Low flows must be in a largely modified or better condition to maintain the riparian zone and to provide for basic human needs. High flows (freshets) must be provided to maintain the riparian zone.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq D (\geq 42) Riparian ecostatus category \geq C/D (\geq 58) Hydrological category \geq D (\geq 42)

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
6. Steelpoort River catchment	III	Steelpoort	66	D	The riparian zone must be in a largely modified or better condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a largely modified or better condition. Low and high flows must be in a largely modified or better condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq D (\geq 42) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq D (\geq 62) Hydrological category \geq D (\geq 62)
9. Steelpoort River catchment	III	Steelpoort	64	C/D	The riparian zone must be improved to be in a better than largely modified condition. Riparian vegetation must be maintained in a largely modified or better condition Low and high flows must be in a largely modified or better condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq C/D (\geq 58) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq D (\geq 42) Hydrological category \geq D (\geq 42)
9. Ohrigstad River catchment area	III	Ohrigstad	86	C	The riparian zone must be improved to be in a better than moderately modified condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a moderately modified or better condition Low and high flows must be in a moderately modified or better condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq C (\geq 62) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq C (\geq 62) Hydrological category \geq D (\geq 62)
10. Lower Olifants	II	Blyde	88	B	The riparian zone must be in close to natural condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a close to natural condition Low and high flows must be in a better than a moderately modified condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq B (\geq 82) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq B (\geq 82) Hydrological category \geq B (\geq 82)
11. Ga-Selati River area	III	Ga-Selati (outlet of UJA11)	103	D	The riparian zone must be in a largely modified or better condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a better than largely modified condition Low and high flows must be in a largely modified or better condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq D (\geq 42) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq C/D (\geq 58) Hydrological category \geq D (\geq 42)
12. Lower Olifants within Kruger National Park	II	Olifants	105	B/C	The riparian zone must be in a better than moderately modified condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a close to natural condition	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category \geq B/C (\geq 78) Riparian ecostatus category: \geq

IUA	Class	River	RU	REC	RQO	Numerical Limits
					Low and high flows must be in a moderately modified condition.	B (≥ 82) Hydrological category ≥ C (≥ 62)
12. Lower Olifants within Kruger National Park	II	Olifants	114	B/C	The riparian zone must be in a better than moderately modified condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a close to natural condition Low and high flows must be in a moderately modified condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category ≥ B/C (≥ 78) Riparian ecostatus category: ≥ B (≥ 82) Hydrological category ≥ C (≥ 62)
12. Lower Olifants within Kruger National Park	II	Olifants (outlet of IUA12)	116	C	The riparian zone must be in a moderately modified or better condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a moderately modified or better condition Low and high flows must be in a moderately modified or better condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category ≥ B/C (≥ 78) Riparian ecostatus category: ≥ B (≥ 62) Hydrological category ≥ C (≥ 62)
13. Blyde River catchment area	I	Blyde	121	B	The riparian zone must be in a close to natural condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a close to natural condition Low and high flows must be in a better than a moderately modified condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category ≥ B (≥ 82) Riparian ecostatus category: ≥ B (≥ 82) Hydrological category ≥ B (≥ 78)
13. Blyde River catchment area	I	Blyde	117	B	The riparian zone must be in close to natural condition. Riparian vegetation must be in a close to natural condition Low and high flows must be in a better than a moderately modified condition.	Riparian Zone Habitat Integrity category ≥ B (≥ 82) Riparian ecostatus category: ≥ B (≥ 82) Hydrological category ≥ B (≥ 78)

Table 7: Resource Quality Objectives (RQO) for DAM WATER QUANTITY in the Olifants catchment

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits		
1	Witbank Dam (25°54'34.71"S; 29°18'52.31"E)	RU9	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Olifants in B11G; VMAR = 164.05x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=D category*. (Releases from Witbank Dam monitored by B1H010.)	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	
							Oct	0.128 (80)	0.085 (99)
							Nov	0.245 (90)	0.197 (99)
							Dec	0.332 (90)	0.254 (99)
							Jan	0.415 (90)	0.291 (99)
							Feb	0.514 (90)	0.291 (99)
	Mar	0.401 (80)	0.244 (99)						
	Apr	0.323 (80)	0.216 (99)						
	May	0.218 (70)	0.094 (99)						
	Jun	0.147 (90)	0.16 (90)						
	Jul	0.108 (99)	0.141 (90)						
	Aug	0.084 (99)	0.113 (99)						
Sep	0.073 (90)	0.085 (90)							
Doompoort Dam (25°51'42.01"S; 29°18'19.92"E)	RU9	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Olifants in B11J; VMAR = 169.46x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=D category*. (Releases - no gauge close by)	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)		
						Oct	0.138 (80)	0.093 (99)	
						Nov	0.261 (80)	0.158 (99)	
						Dec	0.352 (80)	0.105 (99)	
						Jan	0.439 (99)	0.439 (99)	
						Feb	0.544 (99)	0.544 (99)	
Mar	0.427 (80)	0.164 (99)							
Apr	0.344 (70)	0.093 (99)							
May	0.234 (70)	0.067 (99)							
Jun	0.158 (70)	0.062 (99)							
Jul	0.117 (80)	0.086 (99)							
Aug	0.091 (90)	0.086 (99)							
Sep	0.079 (80)	0.031 (99)							
Middleburg Dam (25°46'30"S; 29°32'46"E)	RU18	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Klein Olifants in B12C; VMAR = 53.52x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=D category*. (Releases from Middelburg Dam monitored by B1H015)	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)		
						Oct	0.048 (90)	0.044 (99)	
						Nov	0.078 (90)	0.062 (99)	
						Dec	0.112 (90)	0.102 (99)	
						Jan	0.148 (99)	0.134 (99)	
						Feb	0.174 (9)	0.158 (99)	
Mar	0.138 (90)	0.123 (99)							
Apr	0.115 (90)	0.104 (99)							
May	0.092 (90)	0.078 (99)							
Jun	0.074 (90)	0.067 (99)							
Jul	0.058 (90)	0.053 (99)							
Aug	0.048 (80)	0.034 (99)							
Sep	0.04 (70)	0.00							

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits		
4	Rust De Winter Dam (25°14'0"S; 28°31'5"E)	RU41	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	B3H019) Flow releases: Elands in B31C; VMAR = 33.47x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases from Rust de Winter Dam, monitored by B3H014)	Nov	0.128 (60)	0.044 (99)
							Dec	0.15 (60)	0.05 (99)
							Jan	0.188 (60)	0.062 (99)
							Feb	0.234 (60)	0.076 (99)
							Mar	0.199 (60)	0.065 (99)
							Apr	0.186 (50)	0.061 (99)
							May	0.147 (50)	0.049 (99)
							Jun	0.123 (60)	0.043 (99)
							Jul	0.105 (60)	0.037 (99)
							Aug	0.092 (50)	0.033 (99)
							Sep	0.083 (60)	0.031 (99)
							Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)		Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)
							Oct	0.084 (70)	0.044 (99)
							Nov	0.126 (70)	0.064 (99)
							Dec	0.135 (70)	0.069 (99)
							Jan	0.178 (70)	0.09 (99)
							Feb	0.209 (70)	0.105 (99)
							Mar	0.192 (70)	0.096 (99)
							Apr	0.164 (70)	0.083 (99)
							May	0.126 (70)	0.065 (99)
							Jun	0.105 (70)	0.055 (99)
							Jul	0.093 (70)	0.049 (99)
							Aug	0.085 (70)	0.045 (99)
							Sep	0.078 (70)	0.041 (99)
							Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)		Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)
							Oct	0.077 (99)	0.077 (99)
							Nov	0.117 (99)	0.109 (99)
							Dec	0.133 (99)	0.133 (99)
							Jan	0.173 (99)	0.173 (99)
							Feb	0.177 (99)	0.177 (99)
							Mar	0.176 (99)	0.176 (99)
							Apr	0.143 (90)	0.132 (99)
							May	0.114 (99)	0.114 (99)
							Jun	0.092 (99)	0.092 (99)
							Jul	0.084 (99)	0.084 (99)
							Aug	0.077 (99)	0.077 (99)
							Sep	0.068 (99)	0.068 (99)
							Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)		Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile)
							Oct	0.03 (40)	0.007 (99)
							Nov	0.095 (40)	0.00
							Dec	0.115 (40)	0.024 (99)
							Jan	0.138 (40)	0.019 (99)
							Feb	0.178 (40)	0.021 (99)
5	Rooikraal Dam (25°17'34"S; 29°39'7"E)	RU48	Quantity	Low Flows	Releases of drought requirements are at least required to maintain ecosystem function downstream.	Flow releases: Bleed in B32F; VMAR = 17.15x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=B category*. (Releases from Rooikraal Dam - no active gauge close by)	Oct	0.03 (40)	0.007 (99)
							Nov	0.095 (40)	0.00
							Dec	0.115 (40)	0.024 (99)
							Jan	0.138 (40)	0.019 (99)
							Feb	0.178 (40)	0.021 (99)

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
							Mar 0.12 (40) Apr 0.081 (40) May 0.047 (40) Jun 0.035 (40) Jul 0.03 (40) Aug 0.024 (40) Sep 0.021 (40) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) 0.556 (99) 0.849 (99) 1.007 (99) 1.214 (99) 1.499 (99) 1.303 (99) 1.140 (99) 0.888 (99) 0.726 (99) 0.611 (99) 0.514 (99) 0.457 (99)
	Flag Boshielo Dam (24°46'50"S; 29°25'32"E)	RU52			The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Olifants EWR7 in B51C; VMAR = 726.64x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=D category*. (Releases from Flag Boshielo Dam, monitored by B5H004)	Oct 0.556 (99) Nov 0.849 (99) Dec 1.007 (99) Jan 1.214 (99) Feb 1.499 (99) Mar 1.303 (99) Apr 1.140 (99) May 0.888 (99) Jun 0.726 (99) Jul 0.611 (99) Aug 0.514 (99) Sep 0.457 (99)
	Belfast Dam (25°39'56.12"S; 30°044.62"E)	RU54	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Langspruit in B41A; VMAR = 41.97x10 m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases to Langspruit - no gauge close by)	Oct 0.157 (70) Nov 0.242 (70) Dec 0.319 (70) Jan 0.418 (70) Feb 0.529 (70) Mar 0.446 (70) Apr 0.417 (70) May 0.322 (70) Jun 0.251 (70) Jul 0.189 (70) Aug 0.157 (70) Sep 0.143 (70)
6	Tonteldoos Dam (25°16'45"S; 29°56'30"E)	RU56	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases together with the Vlugkraal Dam for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	PES=C category Flow releases: Tonteldoos Dam at outlet of B41C; VMAR = 14.85x10 m ³ . (Releases from Tonteldoos Dam, monitored by B4R001)	Oct 0.057 (70) Nov 0.086 (70) Dec 0.111 (70) Jan 0.145 (70) Feb 0.184 (70) Mar 0.156 (70) Apr 0.146 (70) May 0.114 (70) Jun 0.09 (70)

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
	Vluggkraal Dam (25°13'45"S; 29°57'11"E)	RU66	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases together with the Tonteldoos Dam for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Vluggkraal at outlet of B41C; VMAR = 14.85x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases from Vluggkraal Dam, monitored by B4H017)	Jul 0.068 (70) Aug 0.057 (70) Sep 0.052 (70) Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.057 (70) Nov 0.086 (70) Dec 0.111 (70) Jan 0.145 (70) Feb 0.184 (70) Mar 0.156 (70) Apr 0.146 (70) May 0.114 (70) Jun 0.09 (70) Jul 0.068 (70) Aug 0.057 (70) Sep 0.052 (70) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.026 (99) Nov 0.019 (99) Dec 0.062 (99) Jan 0.08 (99) Feb 0.1 (99) Mar 0.082 (99) Apr 0.073 (99) May 0.049 (99) Jun 0.051 (99) Jul 0.039 (99) Aug 0.033 (99) Sep 0.03 (99)
	Der Bruchem Dam (25°31'9"S; 30°7'12"E)	RU62	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Groot Dwaars in B41G; VMAR = 24.48x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases from Der Bruchem Dam - no gauge close by)	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.062 (60) Nov 0.096 (70) Dec 0.122 (70) Jan 0.143 (70) Feb 0.18 (70) Mar 0.159 (70) Apr 0.146 (70) May 0.119 (70) Jun 0.095 (70) Jul 0.072 (70) Aug 0.061 (70) Sep 0.057 (70) Drought flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.034 (99) Nov 0.051 (99) Dec 0.064 (99) Jan 0.075 (99) Feb 0.093 (99) Mar 0.071 (99) Apr 0.076 (99) May 0.062 (99) Jun 0.05 (99) Jul 0.039 (99) Aug 0.034 (99) Sep 0.031 (99)
	De Hoop Dam (24°57'30" S; 29°57'25 E)	RU64	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Steelpoort EWR9 in B41H; VMAR = 137.53x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=D category*. (Releases from De Hoop Dam, monitored by B4H023)	Maintenance low flows (m ³ /s) (Percentile) Oct 0.240 (99) Nov 0.357 (90) Dec 0.469 (99) Jan 0.607 (99) Feb 0.685 (99) Mar 0.638 (99) Apr 0.570 (99) May 0.464 (99) Jun 0.357 (99) Jul 0.283 (99) Aug 0.239 (99) Sep 0.213 (99)

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits	
							Maintenance low flows (m³/s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)
8	Lydenburg Dam (25°8'1"S; 30°31'1"E)	RU74	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Sterk in B42B at dam; VMAR = 9.44x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases from Lydenburg - no gauge close by)	0.026 (70)	0.014 (99)
							0.041 (70)	0.022 (99)
							0.052 (70)	0.027 (99)
							0.063 (70)	0.033 (99)
							0.074 (70)	0.038 (99)
							0.063 (70)	0.033 (99)
	0.068 (70)	0.03 (99)						
	0.049 (70)	0.026 (99)						
	0.04 (70)	0.021 (99)						
	0.031 (70)	0.017 (99)						
	0.026 (70)	0.014 (99)						
	0.014 (99)	0.014 (99)						
9	Buffelskloof Dam (24°57'15"S; 30°16'1"E)	RU79	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Watervals in B42F; VMAR = 28.56x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases from Buffelskloof Dam, monitored by B4H021)	0.088 (70)	0.048 (99)
							0.109 (70)	0.059 (99)
							0.126 (70)	0.067 (99)
							0.142 (70)	0.075 (99)
							0.173 (70)	0.091 (99)
							0.156 (70)	0.083 (99)
	0.155 (70)	0.082 (99)						
	0.139 (70)	0.073 (99)						
	0.126 (70)	0.067 (99)						
	0.105 (70)	0.056 (99)						
	0.092 (70)	0.05 (99)						
	0.087 (70)	0.048 (99)						
10	Ohrigstad Dam (24°55'1"S; 30°37'1"E)	RU83	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Ohrigstad in B60E; VMAR = 15.95x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases from Ohrigstad Dam, monitored by B6H011 of B6H012)	0.053 (80)	0.029 (99)
							0.063 (80)	0.034 (99)
							0.076 (80)	0.04 (99)
							0.093 (80)	0.049 (99)
							0.126 (80)	0.065 (99)
							0.119 (80)	0.062 (99)
	0.107 (80)	0.056 (99)						
	0.09 (80)	0.047 (99)						
	0.082 (80)	0.044 (99)						
	0.069 (80)	0.037 (99)						
	0.06 (80)	0.033 (99)						
	0.055 (80)	0.03 (99)						
10	Blydenvierpoort Dam (24°32'57"S; 30°48'5"E)	RU88	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function	Flow releases: Blyde EWR12 in B60J; VMAR = 361.98x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=B category*. (Releases from Blydenvierpoort Dam, monitored	Maintenance low flows (m³/s) (Percentile)	Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)
							2.223 (60)	0.725 (99)

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits							
11	Tours Dam (24°5'50"S; Longitude:30°15'13"E)	RU99	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	by B6H005)	Nov	2.394 (70)	0.769 (99)					
							Dec	2.763 (60)	0.866 (99)					
							Jan	3.387 (60)	1.030 (99)					
							Feb	4.274 (70)	1.263 (99)					
							Mar	4.446 (60)	1.308 (99)					
							Apr	3.991 (70)	1.188 (99)					
							May	3.529 (60)	1.067 (99)					
							Jun	3.180 (70)	0.976 (99)					
							Jul	2.844 (70)	0.887 (99)					
							Aug	2.507 (60)	0.799 (99)					
							Sep	2.289 (70)	0.742 (99)					
							Maintenance low flows (m³/s) (Percentile)							Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)
							Oct	0.034 (70)	0.00					
Nov	0.038 (60)	0.00												
Dec	0.052 (60)	0.00												
Jan	0.09 (50)	0.001 (99)												
Feb	0.182 (60)	0.001 (99)												
Mar	0.157 (60)	0.001 (99)												
Apr	0.105 (70)	0.001 (99)												
May	0.059 (70)	0.00												
Jun	0.053 (70)	0.00												
Jul	0.045 (60)	0.00												
Aug	0.041 (70)	0.00												
Sep	0.037 (70)	0.00												
Maintenance low flows (m³/s) (Percentile)							Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)							
Oct	0.084 (70)	0.026 (99)												
Nov	0.102 (70)	0.031 (99)												
Dec	0.155 (60)	0.044 (99)												
Jan	0.238 (60)	0.067 (99)												
Feb	0.323 (70)	0.069 (99)												
Mar	0.339 (60)	0.060 (99)												
Apr	0.276 (70)	0.063 (99)												
May	0.184 (70)	0.053 (99)												
Jun	0.136 (70)	0.040 (99)												
Jul	0.108 (70)	0.032 (99)												
Aug	0.092 (70)	0.028 (99)												
Sep	0.081 (70)	0.025 (99)												
Maintenance low flows (m³/s) (Percentile)							Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)							
Oct	3.940 (70)	2.149 (99)												
Nov	5.411 (80)	2.863 (99)												
Dec	6.802 (70)	3.576 (99)												
Jan	8.351 (70)	4.347 (99)												
Feb	10.019 (80)	5.178 (99)												
12	Klaserie Dam (24°31'30"S; 31°4'15"E)	RU106	Quantity	Low Flows	The dam must be managed to provide sufficient releases for the protection of ecosystem function downstream as well as for other users.	Flow releases: Klaserie OLL EWR7 in B73A; VMAR = 25.54x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=B/C category*. (Releases from Klaserie Dam, monitored by B7R001)	Oct	0.084 (70)	0.026 (99)					
							Nov	0.102 (70)	0.031 (99)					
							Dec	0.155 (60)	0.044 (99)					
							Jan	0.238 (60)	0.067 (99)					
							Feb	0.323 (70)	0.069 (99)					
							Mar	0.339 (60)	0.060 (99)					
							Apr	0.276 (70)	0.063 (99)					
							May	0.184 (70)	0.053 (99)					
							Jun	0.136 (70)	0.040 (99)					
							Jul	0.108 (70)	0.032 (99)					
							Aug	0.092 (70)	0.028 (99)					
							Sep	0.081 (70)	0.025 (99)					
							Maintenance low flows (m³/s) (Percentile)							Drought flows (m³/s) (Percentile)
Oct	3.940 (70)	2.149 (99)												
Nov	5.411 (80)	2.863 (99)												
Dec	6.802 (70)	3.576 (99)												
Jan	8.351 (70)	4.347 (99)												
Feb	10.019 (80)	5.178 (99)												
12	Phalaborwa Barrage (24°4'1"S; 31°10'1"E)	RU114	Quantity	Low Flows	Releases from the weir are important to maintain and protect the ecosystem function downstream, especially in the KNP.	Flow releases: Olifants EWR13 in B72D; VMAR = 1762.2x10 ⁶ m ³ ; PES=C category*. (Releases from Phalaborwa Barrage, monitored by B7R002)	Oct	3.940 (70)	2.149 (99)					
							Nov	5.411 (80)	2.863 (99)					
							Dec	6.802 (70)	3.576 (99)					
							Jan	8.351 (70)	4.347 (99)					
							Feb	10.019 (80)	5.178 (99)					

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
							Mar 10.125 (70) 5.231 (99)
							Apr 8.812 (70) 4.577 (99)
							May 7.208 (70) 3.778 (99)
							Jun 5.671 (70) 3.012 (99)
							Jul 4.732 (70) 2.544 (99)
							Aug 3.988 (70) 2.179 (99)
							Sep 3.508 (70) 1.994 (99)

Table 8: Resource Quality Objectives (RQO) for DAM WATER QUALITY in Olifants catchment

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
1	Witbank Dam (25°54'34.71"S; 28°18'52.31"E)	RU9, RU18	Quality	Nutrients	The system must be maintained in a mesotrophic state to avoid cyanobacterial blooms and the associated algal toxins.	PO ₄ -P	≤ 0.025 mg/L P
	TIN					≤ 1.00 mg/L N	
2	Doompoort Dam (25°51'42.01"S; 29°18'19.92"E)	RU23	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrient concentrations in the dam must be maintained at mesotrophic levels.	Chl-a: phytoplankton	≤ 20.0 µg/L
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
3	Middelburg Dam (25°46'30"S; 29°32'46"E)	RU37	Quality	Nutrients	The dam must be maintained in a mesotrophic state to avoid cyanobacterial blooms and the associated algal toxins.	TIN	≤ 1.00 mg/L N
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
4	Loskop Dam (25°25'1"S; 29°21'30"E)	RU41; RU45	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrients must be maintained at mesotrophic levels.	Chl-a: phytoplankton	≤ 20.0 µg/L
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
5	Rust De Winter Dam (25°14'0"S; 28°31'5"E)	RU52	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrients must be maintained at mesotrophic levels.	Chl-a: phytoplankton	≤ 20.0 µg/L
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
6	Mkhombo Dam (25°54'5"S; 28°55'0"E)	RU56	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrient concentrations must be maintained such that the system is in a mesotrophic state or better.	TIN	≤ 1.00 mg/L N
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
8	Tonteldoos Dam (25°16'45"S; 29°56'30"E)	RU79	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrients must be maintained at mesotrophic levels so as to retain the recreational value of the dam.	Chl-a: phytoplankton	≤ 20.0 µg/L
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
9	Vluggkraal Dam (25°13'45"S; 29°57'1"E)	RU83	Quality	Nutrients	Nutrient concentrations must be maintained at mesotrophic levels so as to avoid eutrophication.	TIN	≤ 1.00 mg/L N
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
1	Buffelskloof Dam (24°57'15"S; 30°16'1"E)	RU9	Quality	Salts	Salt concentrations must be maintained at levels where they allow for a sustainable ecosystem in the dam and downstream and do not compromise users.	Electrical conductivity	≤ 85 mS/m
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
3	Ohrigstad Dam (24°55'1"S; 30°37'1"E)	RU18	Quality	Salts	Salt and sulphate concentrations must be maintained at levels where they allow for a sustainable ecosystem in the dam and downstream and do not compromise users.	Electrical conductivity	≤ 200 mg/L
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
5	Witbank Dam (25°54'34.71"S; 29°18'52.31"E)	RU37	Quality	Salts	Salt concentrations must be maintained at levels where they allow for a sustainable ecosystem in the dam and downstream and do not compromise users.	Sulphates	≤ 85 mS/m
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
8	Doompoort Dam (25°51'42.01"S; 29°18'19.92"E)	RU52	Quality	Salts	Salt concentrations must be maintained at levels where they allow for a sustainable ecosystem in the dam and downstream and do not compromise users.	Electrical conductivity	≤ 200 mg/L
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	
8	Middelburg Dam (25°46'30"S; 29°32'46"E)	RU79	Quality	Salts	Salt concentrations must be maintained at levels where they allow for a sustainable ecosystem in the dam and downstream and do not compromise users.	Sulphates	≤ 200 mg/L
	PO ₄ -P					≤ 0.025 mg/L P	

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
	(24o57'15"S; 30o16'1E)				they allow for a sustainable ecosystem in the dam and downstream and do not compromise users.	Electrical conductivity	≤ 85 mS/m
1	Witbank Dam (25°54'34.71"S; 28°18'52.31"E); Doornpoort Dam (25°51'42.01"S; 29°18'19.92"E)	RU9	Quality	System Variables	The pH in the dam must be maintained at levels where it does not compromise the ecosystem or users.	pH_max	≥ 8.80
	Middleburg Dam (25°46'30"S; 29°32'46"E)	RU18	Quality	System Variables	The pH in the dam must be maintained at levels where it does not compromise the ecosystem or users.	pH_min	≤ 5.90
4	Mkhombo Dam (25°54'5"S; 28°55'0"E)	RU45	Quality	System Variables	The pH in the dam must be maintained at levels where it does not compromise the ecosystem or users.	pH_max	≥ 8.80
						pH_min	≥ 8.80
						F	≤ 5.90
							≤ 2.50 mg/L
						Al	≤ 0.105 mg/L
						As	≤ 0.095 mg/L
						Cd hard	≤ 3.0 µg/L
						Cr(VI)	≤ 121 µg/L
						Cu hard	≤ 6.0 µg/L
						Hg	≤ 0.97 µg/L
						Mn	≤ 0.990 mg/L
						Pb hard	≤ 9.5 µg/L
						Se	≤ 0.022 mg/L
						Zn	≤ 25.2 µg/L
						Chlorine	≤ 3.1 µg/L free Cl
						Chl-a: phytoplankton	≤ 20.0 µg/L
						F	≤ 2.50 mg/L
						Al	≤ 0.105 mg/L
						As	≤ 0.095 mg/L
						Cd hard	≤ 3.0 µg/L
						Cr(VI)	≤ 121 µg/L
						Cu hard	≤ 6.0 µg/L
						Hg	≤ 0.97 µg/L
						Mn	≤ 0.990 mg/L
						Pb hard	≤ 9.5 µg/L
						Se	≤ 0.022 mg/L
						Zn	≤ 25.2 µg/L
						Chlorine	≤ 3.1 µg/L free Cl
						Chl-a: phytoplankton	≤ 20.0 µg/L
1	Witbank Dam (25°54'34.71"S; 29°18'52.31"E); Doornpoort Dam (25°51'42.01"S; 29°18'19.92"E)	RU9	Quality	Toxins	The system must be maintained in a mesotrophic state to avoid cyanobacterial blooms and the associated algal toxins. Metal concentrations in the dam must be maintained at levels which allow for a sustainable ecosystem.		
3	Loskop Dam (25°25'1"S; 29°21'30"E)	RU37	Quality	Toxins	Toxicity of metals must be maintained at concentrations that would not pose a threat to human or ecosystem health. The dam must be maintained in a mesotrophic state to avoid cyanobacterial blooms and the associated algal toxins.		

Table 9: Resource Quality Objectives (RQO) for DAM BIOTA in the Olifants catchment

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
1	Witbank Dam (RU 9, 25°54'34.71"S, 29°18'52.31"E), Middleburg Dam (RU 18, 25°46'30"S, 29°32'46"E)	RU9 RU18	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
2	Bronkhorstspuit Dam (RU 23, 25°53'14.1"S, 28°43'18.4"E), Wlge (Primer Mine) Dam (RU 26, 25°48'2.7"S, 28°51'46"E)	RU23 RU26	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
3	Leskop Dam (RU 37, 25°25'1"S, 29°21'30"E)	RU37	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
4	Rust De Winter Dam (RU 41, 25°14'0"S, 28°31'5"E), Mkhombo Dam (RU 45, 25°5'45"S, 28°55'0"E)	RU41 RU45	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
5	Flag Boshield Dam (RU 52, 24°46'50"S, 29°25'32"E)	RU52	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
6	De Hoop Dam (RU 64, 24°05'30" S, 29°05'25 E)	RU64	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
9	Ohrigstad Dam (RU 83, 24°05'51"S, 30°03'11"E)	RU83	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
10	Tours Dam (RU 99, 24°5'50"S, Longitude:30°15'13"E)	RU99	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Implementation of the Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.
11	Klaserie Lake (RU 106,	RU106	Biota	Fish	The wellbeing of the fish community of this	Implementation of the	Habitat suitability and fish wellbeing in a

IUA	Dams	RU	Component	Sub Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
	24°31'30"S; 31°4'15"E)				artificial ecosystem must be maintained in a suitable condition to contribute to regional biodiversity and to support local recreational angling industry. Consumption of fish must not pose a health risk to local communities.	Index of Reservoir Habitat Impairment (IRHI) by Miranda and Hunt (2011).	state which is equivalent to a D or better ecological category.

Table 10: Resource Quality Objectives (RQO) for GROUNDWATER in the Olifants catchment

IUA	RU	Component	RQO	Indicator/ Measure	Numerical Limits
All	All Prioritised RUs	Quantity	Where water use is higher than requirements for Reserve, Schedule 1 and General Authorizations, abstraction rates should not exceed the average recharge.	Abstraction Volume (Q) per hectare > Reserve, Schedule and General Authorizations.	Q < Average recharge per hectare
All	RU1 RU2 RU3 RU4 RU6 RU7 RU8 RU9 RU10 RU11 RU12 RU14 RU15 RU17 RU18 RU19 RU24 RU27 RU28 RU31 RU33 RU34 RU56 RU59 RU62 RU73	Aquifer	Medium to long-term water trends should not show a negative deviation from the natural trend	Depth to Groundwater Level according to Groundwater Monitoring Guidelines.	At least one NGwQI MP monitoring site that is representative of the aquifer. Water level fluctuations in Dolomitic aquifers ⁶ should not exceed 6m.
	RU22				Water level fluctuations around the average site water level should not exceed 18.2 m.
	RU21				Water level fluctuations around the average site water level should not exceed 19.1 m.
	RU63				Water level fluctuations around the average site water level should not exceed 20.9 m
	RU58				Water level fluctuations around the average site water level should not exceed 8.8 m

INTEGRATED UNITS OF ANALYSIS (13 IUAS) DELINEATED FOR THE OLIFANTS WMA

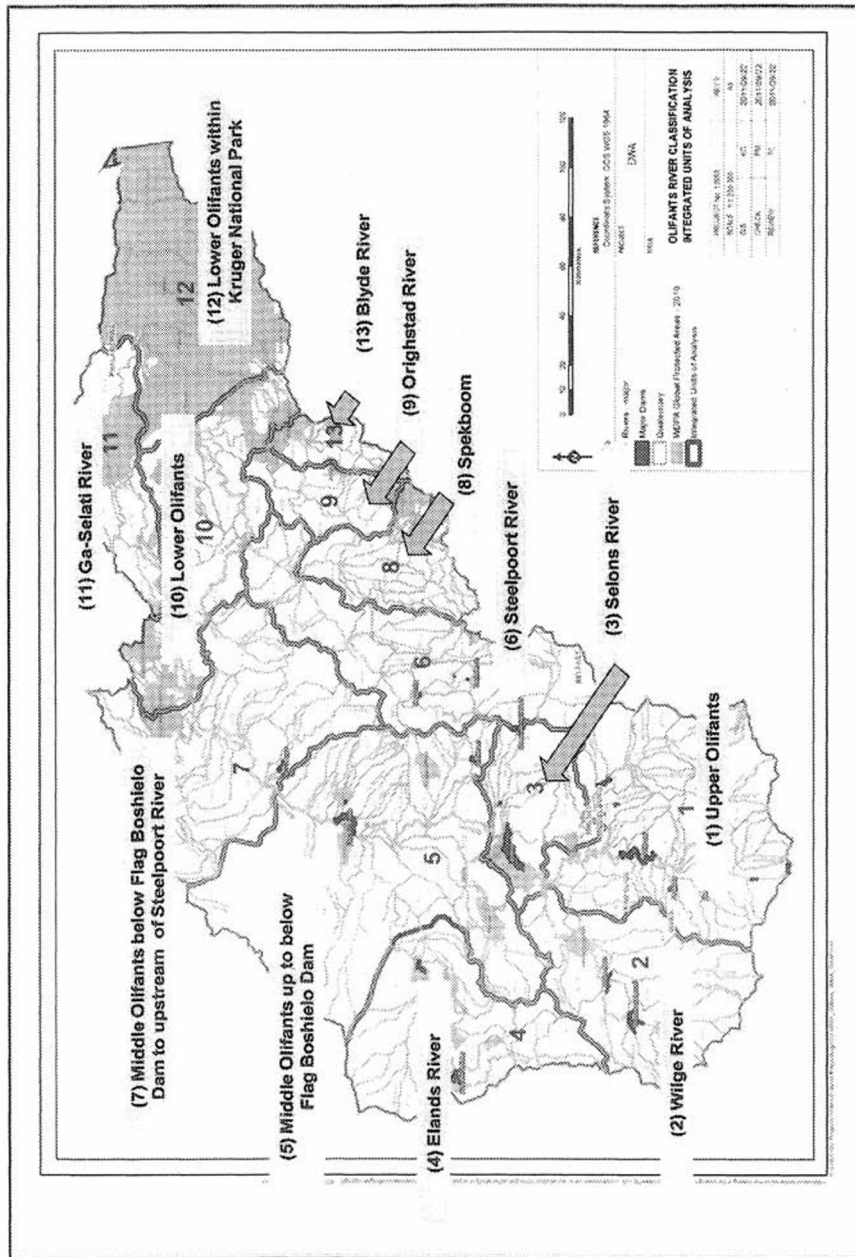


Figure 1: Map illustrating the integrated units of analysis for the Olifants Catchment

WARNING!!!

To all suppliers and potential suppliers of goods to the Government Printing Works

The Government Printing Works would like to warn members of the public against an organised syndicate(s) scamming unsuspecting members of the public and claiming to act on behalf of the Government Printing Works.

One of the ways in which the syndicate operates is by requesting quotations for various goods and services on a quotation form with the logo of the Government Printing Works. Once the official order is placed the syndicate requesting upfront payment before delivery will take place. Once the upfront payment is done the syndicate do not deliver the goods and service provider then expect payment from Government Printing Works.

Government Printing Works condemns such illegal activities and encourages service providers to confirm the legitimacy of purchase orders with GPW SCM, prior to processing and delivery of goods.

To confirm the legitimacy of purchase orders, please contact:

Renny Chetty (012) 748-6375 (Renny.Chetty@gpw.gov.za),

Anna-Marie du Toit (012) 748-6292 (Anna-Marie.DuToit@gpw.gov.za) and

Siraj Rizvi (012) 748-6380 (Siraj.Rizvi@gpw.gov.za)

IMPORTANT Information from Government Printing Works

Dear Valued Customers,

Government Printing Works has implemented rules for completing and submitting the electronic Adobe Forms when you, the customer, submits your notice request.

Please take note of these guidelines when completing your form.

GPW Business Rules

1. No hand written notices will be accepted for processing, this includes Adobe forms which have been completed by hand.
2. Notices can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format to the email submission address submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted to this mailbox will be **rejected**. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
3. Notices brought into GPW by "walk-in" customers on electronic media can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted by the customer on electronic media will be **rejected**. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
4. All customers who walk in to GPW that wish to submit a notice that is not on an electronic Adobe form will be routed to the Contact Centre where the customer will be taken through the completion of the form by a GPW representative. Where a customer walks into GPW with a stack of hard copy notices delivered by a messenger on behalf of a newspaper the messenger must be referred back to the sender as the submission does not adhere to the submission rules.
5. All notice submissions that do not comply with point 2 will be charged full price for the notice submission.
6. The current cut-off of all Gazette's remains unchanged for all channels. (Refer to the GPW website for submission deadlines – www.gpwonline.co.za)
7. Incorrectly completed forms and notices submitted in the wrong format will be rejected to the customer to be corrected and resubmitted. Assistance will be available through the Contact Centre should help be required when completing the forms. (012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za)
8. All re-submissions by customers will be subject to the above cut-off times.
9. All submissions and re-submissions that miss the cut-off will be rejected to the customer to be submitted with a new publication date.
10. Information on forms will be taken as the primary source of the notice to be published. Any instructions that are on the email body or covering letter that contradicts the notice form content will be ignored.

You are therefore advised that effective from **Monday, 18 May 2015** should you not comply with our new rules of engagement, all notice requests will be rejected by our new system.

Furthermore, the fax number **012-748 6030** will also be **discontinued** from this date and customers will only be able to submit notice requests through the email address submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za.

