

REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
KEMENTERIAN KEHUTANAN
DIREKTORAT JENDERAL
KONSERVASI DAN
REKONSTRUKSI

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GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

NO. R. 133

17 FEBRUARY 2017

AGRICULTURAL PESTS ACT, 1983
(ACT No. 36 OF 1983)

CONTROL MEASURES: AMENDMENT

I, Senzeni Zokwana, Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries acting under section 6 of the Agricultural Pests Act, 1983 (Act No. 36 of 1983), hereby amend the Control Measures set out in the Schedule

S. Zokwana

Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

SCHEDULE

Definition

In this Schedule “the Control Measures” means the control measures published in Government Notice No. R. 110 of 27 January 1984, as amended by Government Notices Nos. R. 909 of 4 May 1984, R. 1770 of 17 August 1984, R. 845 of 12 April 1985, R. 1518 of 12 July 1985, R. 1442 of 11 July 1986, R. 87 of 22 January 1988, R. 1349 of 8 July 1988, R. 1954 of 30 September 1988, R. 2416 of 19 October 1990, R. 18 of 4 January 1991, R. 2840 of 29 November 1991, R. 2269 of 14 August 1992, R. 2876 of 16 October 1992, R. 1560 of 20 August 1993, R. 451 of 11 March 1994, R. 1373 of 5 August 1994, R. 1636 of 27 October 1995, R. 1977 of 22 December 1995, R. 2029 of 13 December 1996, and revoked by Government Notice No. R. 1012 of 1 August 1997, R. 288 of 27 February 1998, R. 1470 of 20 November 1998, R. 666 of 28 May 1999, R. 1016 of 27 August 1999, R. 613 of 23 June 2000, R. 83 of 22 January 2001, R. 397 of 18 May 2001, R. 810 of 31 August 2001, R. 368 of 5 April 2002, R. 714 of 24 May 2002, R. 831 of 21 June 2002, R. 1364 of 8 November 2002, R. 465 of 4 April 2003, R. 144 of 9 February 2004, R. 243 of 24 March 2005, R. 457 of 20 May 2005 as corrected by the Government Notice No. R. 563 of 17 June 2005, R. 1223 of 23 December 2005 as corrected by the Correction Notice published on page 2 of Government Gazette No. 28356 of 30 December 2005, R. 369 of 21 April 2006, R. 43 of 26 January 2007, R. 117 of 8 February 2008, R. 461 of 25 April 2008, R. 258 of 13 March 2009, R. 1148 of 11 December 2009, R. 48 of 5 February 2010, R. 74 of 12 February 2010, R. 19 of 21 January 2011, R. 189 of 11 March 2011, R. 129 of 24 February 2012, R. 76 of 8 February 2013, R. 1002 of 20 December 2013, R. 442 of 6 June 2014, R. 49 of 30 January 2015 and R. 66 of 29 January 2016.

Substitution of Table 10 of the Control Measures

1. Table 10 of the Control Measures is hereby substituted with the following table:

TABLE 10
FEES PAYABLE

NATURE OF SERVICE	TARIFF
1	2
1. Inspection and simultaneous issuing of a permit to exempt someone from the stipulations of a control measures [Par.4A (2) of the Control Measures]	R 201, 00 for 30 minutes or portion thereof.
2. Test, examination or analysis of a sample taken in the course of an examination as intended in 1	
(i) Test occurrence of bacteria	R 247,00 per isolation
(ii) Test occurrence of fungi	R 175,00 per isolation
(iii) Test occurrence of nematodes	R 119,00 per extraction
(iv) Test occurrence of insects and mites	R 128,00 per sample
(v) Morphological identifications of insects, mites, nematodes or fungi	R 247,00 per identification
(vi) Biochemical tests for the identification of bacteria	R 205,00 per test
(vii) BIOLOG tests for the identification of bacteria	R 259,00 per test plate
(viii) PCR tests for the identification and/or detection of bacteria, fungi, nematodes, insects, mites, viruses and phytoplasmas	R 457,00 per sample for the first test plus R82,00 for every additional test
(ix) Sequencing for the identification of bacteria, fungi, nematodes, insects, mites, viruses and phytoplasmas	R 344,00 per sample
(x) ELISA tests for identification and/or detection of organisms	R 125,00 per test
(xi) Herbaceous indexing for the detection of viruses	R 220,00 per sample

This amendment will come into operation on 01 April 2017.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

NO. R. 134

17 FEBRUARY 2017

**AGRICULTURAL PESTS ACT, 1983
(ACT No. 36 OF 1983)**

REGULATIONS: AMENDMENT

I, Senzeni Zokwana, Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, acting under section 16 of the Agricultural Pests Act, 1983 (Act No. 36 of 1983), hereby amend the Regulations set out in the Schedule.

S. Zokwana

Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

SCHEDULE

Definition

1. In this Schedule “the Regulations” means the regulations published by Government Notice No. R. 111 of 27 January 1984, as amended by Government Notices Nos. R. 2573 of 15 November 1985, R. 2350 of 14 November 1986, R. 100 of 16 January 1987, R. 1521 of 14 July 1989, R. 75 of 18 January 1991, R. 1637 of 27 October 1995, R. 1471 of 20 November 1998, R. 665 of 28 May 1999, R. 614 of 23 June 2000, R. 396 of 18 May 2001, R. 367 of 5 April 2002, R. 464 of 4 April 2003, R. 143 of 9 February 2004, R. 244 of 24 March 2005, R. 228 of 17 March 2006 and R. 42 of 26 January 2007, R. 118 of 8 February 2008, R. 257 of 13 March 2009, R. 73 of 12 February 2010, R. 190 of 11 March 2011, R. 130 of 24 February 2012, R. 77 of 8 February 2013, R. 1003 of 20 December 2013, R. 50 of 30 January 2015 and R. 67 of 29 January 2016.

Substitution of Table 1 of the Regulations

2. Table 1 of the Regulations is hereby substituted with the following table:

TABLE 1
FEES PAYABLE

NATURE OF SERVICE	TARIFF
1	2
1. Inspection of a quarantine area in respect of which an application, adaptation or withdrawal of an instruction has been submitted [Reg.8 (a) of the Regulations]	R 201, 00 for 30 minutes or portion thereof.
2. Test, examination or analysis of a sample taken in the course of an examination as intended in 1. [Reg.8 (b) of the Regulations]	
(i) Test occurrence of bacteria	R 247,00 per isolation
(ii) Test occurrence of fungi	R 175,00 per isolation
(iii) Test occurrence of nematodes	R 119,00 per extraction
(iv) Test occurrence of insects and mites	R 128,00 per sample
(v) Morphological identifications of insects, mites, nematodes or fungi	R 247,00 per identification
(vi) Biochemical tests for the identification of bacteria	R 205,00 per test
(vii) BIOLOG tests for the identification of bacteria	R 259,00 per test plate
(viii) PCR tests for the identification and/or detection of bacteria, fungi, nematodes, insects, mites, viruses and phytoplasmas	R 457,00 per sample for the first test plus R 82,00 for every additional test
(ix) Sequencing for the identification of bacteria, fungi, nematodes, insects, mites, viruses and phytoplasmas	R 344,00 per sample
(x) ELISA tests for identification and/ or detection of organisms	R 125,00 per test
(xi) Herbaceous indexing for the detection of viruses	R 220,00 per sample
3. Appeal in terms of section 11 of the Act [Reg. 9 (3) of the Regulations]	R 6 253,00 per appeal

This amendment will come into operation on 01 April 2017.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

NO. R. 135

17 FEBRUARY 2017

DESIGNATION OF CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 159B(2) OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ACT, 1977 (ACT NO. 51 OF 1977)

The Minister of Justice and Correctional Services has, in terms of section 159B(2) of the Criminal Procedure, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977), designated the correctional facility as is set out in Column 1 of the Schedule in respect of the courts situated in the magisterial districts mentioned opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

T M MASUTHA**MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES****SCHEDULE**

Column 1 Correctional facility	Column 2 Magisterial district
Upington Correctional Centre	(a) Gordonia
	(b) Namaqualand

DEPARTEMENT VAN JUSTISIE EN STAATKUNDIGE ONTWIKKELING

NO. R. 135

17 FEBRUARIE 2017

AANWYSING VAN KORREKTIEWE FASILITEIT KRAGTENS ARTIKEL 159B(2) VAN DIE STRAFPROSESWET, 1977 (WET NO. 51 VAN 1977)

Die Minister van Justisie en Korrektiewe Dienste het, handelende kragtens artikel 159B(2) van die Strafproseswet, 1977 (Wet No. 51 of 1977), die korrektiewe fasiliteit soos uiteengesit in Kolom 1 van die Bylae ten opsigte van die howe in die landdrosdistrikte vermeld daarteenoor in Kolom 2 van die Bylae, aangewys.

T M MASUTHA
MINISTER VAN JUSTISIE EN KORREKTIEWE DIENSTE

BYLAE

Kolom 1 Korrektiewe fasiliteit	Kolom 2 Landdrosdistrik
Upington Korrektiewe Sentrum	(a) Gordonia
	(b) Namaqualand

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NO. R. 136

17 FEBRUARY 2017

**OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY, ACT 85
OF 1993****DRIVEN MACHINERY REGULATIONS
INCORPORATION OF THE CODE OF
PRACTICE FOR ZIP LINE**

The Chief Inspector of Labour intends, in terms of section 43 of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 on the recommendation of the Advisory Council for Occupational Health and Safety to incorporate the the code of practice for zip line into the Driven Machinery Regulations, 2015

Interested persons are invited to submit any substantiated comments or representations on the proposed code of practice to the Director General, Department of Labour, Private Bag x 117, Pretoria, 0001(for the attention of the Chief Inspector: Occupational Health and Safety), within 90 days of publication of this notice.

CODE OF PRACTICE

The installation and operation of commercial zip lines

Definitions

Competent individual is somebody who has been sufficiently trained before the tour and understands what is required to safely complete the tour.

Zip line is a cable fixed between two points that people traverse along by means of a pulley connected to a harness suspended below a cable.

1. Introduction

The requirements laid down and recommendations made in this code of practice are intended solely to ensure safety in the installation and operation of zip lines.

The attention of users of this code of practice is drawn to the relevant regulations of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act 85 of 1993). The Chief Inspector will require that a complete set of design calculations and drawings be submitted to him for approval. A registered professional engineer having experience in this field shall be responsible for the certification of this design and installation such as to ensure its safe operation.

2. Scope

This code of practice covers the general safety aspects, construction, operation and maintenance of commercial zip lines or zip lines that may be accessed by the public. This code of practice is not meant to cover non-commercial or private zip lines, i.e ones in which the user is not required to pay the operator for use of the zip line.

3. Design and construction

The design of commercial zip lines shall conform to acceptable good practice with in the industry.

Due provisions shall be made for the following:

- A.) The location's suitability for this type of activity.
- B.) The nature of the ground on which foundations are to be built and slides are to cross;
- C.) The foundations for masts, trestles, anchorages and tensioning devices must be able to accommodate all conditions of loading, including the required safety factors and to include wind loading;
- D.) The forces applied to the rope with rope loaded, shock-loaded and unloaded
- E.) Forces applied to rope terminations with rope loaded, shock-loaded and unloaded
- F.) Forces applied to anchors and structures with rope loaded, shock-loaded and unloaded
- G.) the mass of each component part

3.1 Foundation

Foundations shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Buildings Regulations and where necessary a soil survey shall be carried out to ensure that the base size to soil-bearing capacity ratio is adequate.

3.2 Steel structure

Steel structure that form part of the installation may be bolted, riveted or welded construction but in the case of welded structure all welds shall comply with the relevant requirements of SANS 9606-1 for grade B welds or acceptable equivalents.

4. Erection

The erection of all installations shall be carried out under the supervision of a competent person.

5. Requirements for Steel wire rope

5.1 Suitability

Any rope used in the operation of commercial zip lines shall be made of steel wire with diameter of no less than 10mm and be of a suitable construction.

5.2 New Rope

The breaking load of a new rope shall be guaranteed by the manufacturer and the breaking force as obtained by actual test shall be supplied. A rope test certificate must be obtained from the supplier showing the ultimate breaking force in relation to the rope supplied.

5.3 Used Rope

A rope which has been previously in use shall not be installed unless the breaking force of an undamaged part of the specimen cut from the end of the rope has been determined by actual test at an approved testing station and is adequate for the purpose for which the rope is intended. Used rope should ideally not be re-used. However if an undamaged specimen section is tested and found to be of adequate strength then an undamaged section can be re-used after inspection and testing.

5.4 Design Factors

5.4.1 Breaking load to maximum working load ratios

The breaking load to maximum working load ratios of ropes shall be at least equal to 5 to 1.

5.5 Rope Joints and fittings

5.5.1 Rope Splices

The length of a splice in a rope shall be at least 1 200 times the diameter of the rope and the clear distance between successive splices shall be at least 3 000 times the diameter of the rope.

5.5.2 Swaged Fittings

Swaged fittings are preferred for the finishing of rope ends, but when ropes are so fitted the strength of the rope for calculation purposes shall be reduced by 10 %

5.5.3 Crosby Clamps

Clamps shall be made of the Crosby or Bulldog pattern and shall comply with the requirements of SANS 813 or an acceptable equivalent specification for clamps made from forged steel. In general, joints made by the use of clamps shall be permitted only when it is impossible to predetermine the exact length of rope required or when the end cannot otherwise be fixed.

The clamps shall be of the correct size for the rope on which they are used, and the U-bolt shall be fitted on the portion of rope that does not take the load ("Never saddle a dead horse"). Nuts on the U-bolt should be tightened by the use of a torque equal to the appropriate test torque given in table 1 of SANS 813. The number of clamps used shall be at least the appropriate number prescribed in table 1 of SANS 813. When ropes are so fitted, the strength of the rope for calculation purposes shall be reduced by 20 %.

6. Trees as Anchors

Should trees be used as anchor attachment points for zip lines, or to support platforms, they are to be inspected and approved fit for purpose by a suitably experienced person or specialist in the field, i.e an arborist or engineer. Regular inspections are to be carried out on such trees to ensure they remain healthy and structurally sound.

As living trees are organisms that do not conform to any known structural standards and whose long term anchoring and foundation capabilities cannot be guaranteed, people who travel along the zip line or cable tour are to be made aware of and acknowledge such dangers before they begin the activity.

7. Safety Equipment

All safety equipment used to secure and transport people along the zip lines (including harnesses, helmets, pulleys, carabiners, lanyards, quick draws, cow tails) shall be fit for the purpose it is being used and shall carry a national or internationally recognized safety rating standard (such as SABS, CE or similar internationally recognized certification) acceptable to the adventure and mountain climbing industry.

Ride harnesses and bosons chairs etc. used in addition to regular "safety harnesses" do not require a recognized certification, but must be fit for purpose, regularly inspected and maintained.

Harnesses must be of the sit/waist or full body harness type. Chest harnesses are only to be used together and in conjunction with a waist harness as an additional means of ensuring a person remains upright in the waist harness.

Helmets are to be worn at all times to reduce the likelihood of serious injury in the event of a fall.

8. Operation

8.1 Cable attachment

When sliding along the zip line or cable slide people are at all times to be connected in at least two places between harness and pulley/trolley/cable. Such connections are only to be made with correct safety rated equipment as described in Point 6 above, and at least one of these connections is to be made with an automatic self-locking carabiner.

8.2 Communication

A clear and adequate form of communication is to be employed between the operators and or competent individual (briefed individual) at the start and end of each slide to ensure the safe and controlled transfer of people along each cable.

8.3 Braking Device

In the case of long or steep zip lines that increase the likelihood and severity of impact injuries to persons travelling along the cables, a suitable braking device is to be put in place to reduce the risk of such impact incidents.

8.4 Guides and Operators

All guides and operators involved with the operation of zip lines should receive adequate instruction and be suitably experienced and assessed as per acceptable good practice in the adventure tourism industry before they are permitted to operate the equipment and take responsibility for another person's safety on a zip line. Guides and operators should be able to identify and deal with all potential risks and hazards that may be encountered during the tour. A staff member with suitable first aid certification is to be available at all times during hours of operation.

9. Performance Testing

Before commercial operation begins the zip lines are to be load tested with 120% of the maximum working load. This is to be carried out under conditions as close as possible to the normal operating conditions and thereafter at intervals not exceeding 36 months or after modification or cable replacement.

10. Maintenance

10.1 General

All persons involved with the operation and maintenance of zip lines should receive adequate instruction to ensure that they are fully conversant with the equipment concerned.

10.2 Operations manual

The operator shall provide at least one copy of an instruction manual that contains at least the following information:

- a) A description of the installation, detailing its maximum working load, operating speeds, and safety devices;
- b) detailed operating instructions;
- c) information on maintenance measures (preferably accompanied by a schedule); and
- d) emergency procedures to be followed in the event of an incident or accident.

10.3 Records

A register or log book shall be kept on site in which the following information is recorded:

- a) name and address of the person in charge of the installation and the name(s) and address(es) of his deputy/deputies;
- b) particulars of the ropes, the dates on which they were installed, the dates on which they were changed, and the reasons for changing them;
- c) dates of periodic inspections, a report on each inspection, and the signature of the person carrying out the inspection;
- d) details of stoppages, other than shut-downs, giving dates, times, reason for stoppages, and action taken; and
- e) dates and details of periodic tests carried out and adjustments made, and the signature of the person carrying out each test.
- f) dates and details of the daily visual inspection carried out.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NO. R. 137

17 FEBRUARY 2017

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1995

CHANGE OF NAME OF A TRADE UNION

I, Johannes Theodorus Crouse, Registrar of Labour Relations, hereby notify, in terms of section 109(2) of the Labour Relations Act, 1995, that **Building Construction, Transport, Hotel, Liquor, Catering, Commercial and Allied Workers' Union of South Africa (BUTHOLICCA) (LR 2/6/2/1970)** resolved to change its name. With effect from *1 February 2017* the trade union is registered as **BUTHOLICCA Social Justice for All Workers Union (BUSJU) (LR 2/6/2/1970)**.



REGISTRAR OF LABOUR RELATIONS

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NO. R. 138

17 FEBRUARY 2017

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1995

CHANGE OF NAME OF A TRADE UNION

I, Johannes Theodorus Crouse, Registrar of Labour Relations, hereby notify, in terms of section 109(2) of the Labour Relations Act, 1995, that **Building Construction, Transport, Hotel, Liquor, Catering, Commercial and Allied Workers' Union of South Africa (BUTHOLICCA) (LR 2/6/2/1970)** resolved to change its name. With effect from *1 February 2017* the trade union is registered as **BUTHOLICCA Social Justice for All Workers Union (BUSJU) (LR 2/6/2/1970)**.



REGISTRAR OF LABOUR RELATIONS