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REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA
REPUBLIEK VAN SUID AFRIKA

Regulation Gazette

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Closing times for **ORDINARY WEEKLY** **REGULATION GAZETTE** **2017**

The closing time is 15:00 sharp on the following days:

- **29 December**, Thursday, for the issue of Friday **06 January 2017**
- **06 January**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **13 January 2017**
- **13 January**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **20 January 2017**
- **20 January**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **27 January 2017**
- **27 January**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **03 February 2017**
- **03 February**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **10 February 2017**
- **10 February**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **17 February 2017**
- **17 February**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **24 February 2017**
- **24 February**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **03 March 2017**
- **03 March**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **10 March 2017**
- **10 March**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **17 March 2017**
- **16 March**, Thursday, for the issue of Friday **24 March 2017**
- **24 March**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **31 March 2017**
- **31 March**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **07 April 2017**
- **06 April**, Thursday, for the issue of Thursday **13 April 2017**
- **12 April**, Wednesday, for the issue of Friday **21 April 2017**
- **20 April**, Thursday, for the issue of Friday **28 April 2017**
- **26 April**, Wednesday, for the issue of Friday **05 May 2017**
- **05 May**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **12 May 2017**
- **12 May**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **19 May 2017**
- **19 May**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **26 May 2017**
- **26 May**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **02 June 2017**
- **02 June**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **09 June 2017**
- **08 June**, Thursday, for the issue of Thursday **15 June 2017**
- **15 June**, Thursday, for the issue of Friday **23 June 2017**
- **23 June**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **30 June 2017**
- **30 June**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **07 July 2017**
- **07 July**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **14 July 2017**
- **14 July**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **21 July 2017**
- **21 July**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **28 July 2017**
- **28 July**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **04 August 2017**
- **03 August**, Thursday, for the issue of Friday **11 August 2017**
- **11 August**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **18 August 2017**
- **18 August**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **25 August 2017**
- **25 August**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **01 September 2017**
- **01 September**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **08 September 2017**
- **08 September**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **15 September 2017**
- **15 September**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **22 September 2017**
- **21 September**, Thursday, for the issue of Friday **29 September 2017**
- **29 September**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **06 October 2017**
- **06 October**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **13 October 2017**
- **13 October**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **20 October 2017**
- **20 October**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **27 October 2017**
- **27 October**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **03 November 2017**
- **03 November**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **10 November 2017**
- **10 November**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **17 November 2017**
- **17 November**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **24 November 2017**
- **24 November**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **01 December 2017**
- **01 December**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **08 December 2017**
- **08 December**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **15 December 2017**
- **15 December**, Friday, for the issue of Friday **22 December 2017**
- **20 December**, Wednesday, for the issue of Friday **29 December 2017**

LIST OF TARIFF RATES FOR PUBLICATION OF NOTICES

COMMENCEMENT: 1 APRIL 2016

NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL

Notice sizes for National, Provincial & Tender gazettes 1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 per page. Notices submitted will be charged at R1000 per full page, pro-rated based on the above categories.

Pricing for National, Provincial - Variable Priced Notices		
Notice Type	Page Space	New Price (R)
Ordinary National, Provincial	1/4 - Quarter Page	250.00
Ordinary National, Provincial	2/4 - Half Page	500.00
Ordinary National, Provincial	3/4 - Three Quarter Page	750.00
Ordinary National, Provincial	4/4 - Full Page	1000.00

EXTRA-ORDINARY

All Extra-ordinary National and Provincial gazette notices are non-standard notices and attract a variable price based on the number of pages submitted.

The pricing structure for National and Provincial notices which are submitted as **Extra ordinary submissions** will be charged at **R3000** per page.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES

The **Government Printing Works (GPW)** has established rules for submitting notices in line with its electronic notice processing system, which requires the use of electronic *Adobe Forms*. Please ensure that you adhere to these guidelines when completing and submitting your notice submission.

CLOSING TIMES FOR ACCEPTANCE OF NOTICES

1. The *Government Gazette* and *Government Tender Bulletin* are weekly publications that are published on Fridays and the closing time for the acceptance of notices is strictly applied according to the scheduled time for each gazette.
2. Please refer to the Submission Notice Deadline schedule in the table below. This schedule is also published online on the Government Printing works website www.gpwnonline.co.za

All re-submissions will be subject to the standard cut-off times.

All notices received after the closing time will be rejected.

Government Gazette Type	Publication Frequency	Publication Date	Submission Deadline	Cancellations Deadline
National Gazette	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 12h00 - 3 days prior to publication
Regulation Gazette	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00, to be published the following Friday	Tuesday, 12h00 - 3 days prior to publication
Petrol Price Gazette	As required	First Wednesday of the month	One week before publication	3 days prior to publication
Road Carrier Permits	Weekly	Friday	Thursday 15h00, to be published the following Friday	3 days prior to publication
Unclaimed Monies (justice, labour or lawyers)	January / As required 2 per year	Any	15 January / As required	3 days prior to publication
Parliament (acts, white paper, green paper)	As required	Any		3 days prior to publication
Manuals	As required	Any	None	None
State of Budget (National Treasury)	Monthly	Any	7 days prior to publication	3 days prior to publication
Legal Gazettes A, B and C	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	Tuesday, 12h00 - 3 days prior to publication
Tender Bulletin	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 12h00 - 3 days prior to publication
Gauteng	Weekly	Wednesday	Two weeks before publication	3 days after submission deadline
Eastern Cape	Weekly	Monday	One week before publication	3 days prior to publication
Northern Cape	Weekly	Monday	One week before publication	3 days prior to publication
North West	Weekly	Tuesday	One week before publication	3 days prior to publication
KwaZulu-Natal	Weekly	Thursday	One week before publication	3 days prior to publication
Limpopo	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	3 days prior to publication
Mpumalanga	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	3 days prior to publication
Gauteng Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	Wednesday before the First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 days after submission deadline
Northern Cape Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 days after submission deadline
National Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 days after submission deadline
Mpumalanga Liquor License Gazette	2 per month	Second & Fourth Friday	One week before	3 days prior to publication

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES**EXTRAORDINARY GAZETTES**

3. *Extraordinary Gazettes* can have only one publication date. If multiple publications of an *Extraordinary Gazette* are required, a separate Z95/Z95Prov *Adobe* Forms for each publication date must be submitted.

NOTICE SUBMISSION PROCESS

4. Download the latest *Adobe* form, for the relevant notice to be placed, from the **Government Printing Works** website www.gpwonline.co.za.
5. The *Adobe* form needs to be completed electronically using *Adobe Acrobat / Acrobat Reader*. Only electronically completed *Adobe* forms will be accepted. No printed, handwritten and/or scanned *Adobe* forms will be accepted.
6. The completed electronic *Adobe* form has to be submitted via email to submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za. The form needs to be submitted in its original electronic *Adobe* format to enable the system to extract the completed information from the form for placement in the publication.
7. Every notice submitted **must** be accompanied by an official **GPW** quotation. This must be obtained from the *eGazette* Contact Centre.
8. Each notice submission should be sent as a single email. The email **must** contain **all documentation relating to a particular notice submission**.
 - 8.1. Each of the following documents must be attached to the email as a separate attachment:
 - 8.1.1. An electronically completed *Adobe* form, specific to the type of notice that is to be placed.
 - 8.1.1.1. For *National Government Gazette* or *Provincial Gazette* notices, the notices must be accompanied by an electronic Z95 or Z95Prov *Adobe* form
 - 8.1.1.2. The notice content (body copy) **MUST** be a separate attachment.
 - 8.1.2. A copy of the official **Government Printing Works** quotation you received for your notice .
(Please see *Quotation* section below for further details)
 - 8.1.3. A valid and legible Proof of Payment / Purchase Order: **Government Printing Works** account customer must include a copy of their Purchase Order. **Non-Government Printing Works** account customer needs to submit the proof of payment for the notice
 - 8.1.4. Where separate notice content is applicable (Z95, Z95 Prov and TForm 3, it should **also** be attached as a separate attachment. (Please see the *Copy Section* below, for the specifications).
 - 8.1.5. Any additional notice information if applicable.
9. The electronic *Adobe* form will be taken as the primary source for the notice information to be published. Instructions that are on the email body or covering letter that contradicts the notice form content will not be considered. The information submitted on the electronic *Adobe* form will be published as-is.
10. To avoid duplicated publication of the same notice and double billing, Please submit your notice **ONLY ONCE**.
11. Notices brought to **GPW** by "walk-in" customers on electronic media can only be submitted in *Adobe* electronic form format. All "walk-in" customers with notices that are not on electronic *Adobe* forms will be routed to the Contact Centre where they will be assisted to complete the forms in the required format.
12. Should a customer submit a bulk submission of hard copy notices delivered by a messenger on behalf of any organisation e.g. newspaper publisher, the messenger will be referred back to the sender as the submission does not adhere to the submission rules.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES**QUOTATIONS**

13. Quotations are valid until the next tariff change.
 - 13.1. **Take note:** GPW's annual tariff increase takes place on **1 April** therefore any quotations issued, accepted and submitted for publication up to **31 March** will keep the old tariff. For notices to be published from 1 April, a quotation must be obtained from **GPW** with the new tariffs. Where a tariff increase is implemented during the year, **GPW** endeavours to provide customers with 30 days' notice of such changes.
14. Each quotation has a unique number.
15. Form Content notices must be emailed to the *eGazette* Contact Centre for a quotation.
 - 15.1. The *Adobe* form supplied is uploaded by the Contact Centre Agent and the system automatically calculates the cost of your notice based on the layout/format of the content supplied.
 - 15.2. It is critical that these *Adobe* Forms are completed correctly and adhere to the guidelines as stipulated by **GPW**.
16. **APPLICABLE ONLY TO GPW ACCOUNT HOLDERS:**
 - 16.1. **GPW** Account Customers must provide a valid **GPW** account number to obtain a quotation.
 - 16.2. Accounts for **GPW** account customers **must** be active with sufficient credit to transact with **GPW** to submit notices.
 - 16.2.1. If you are unsure about or need to resolve the status of your account, please contact the **GPW** Finance Department prior to submitting your notices. (If the account status is not resolved prior to submission of your notice, the notice will be failed during the process).
17. **APPLICABLE ONLY TO CASH CUSTOMERS:**
 - 17.1. Cash customers doing **bulk payments** must use a **single email address** in order to use the **same proof of payment** for submitting multiple notices.
18. The responsibility lies with you, the customer, to ensure that the payment made for your notice(s) to be published is sufficient to cover the cost of the notice(s).
19. Each quotation will be associated with one proof of payment / purchase order / cash receipt.
 - 19.1. This means that **the quotation number can only be used once to make a payment.**

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES**COPY (SEPARATE NOTICE CONTENT DOCUMENT)**

20. Where the copy is part of a separate attachment document for Z95, Z95Prov and TForm03
- 20.1. Copy of notices must be supplied in a separate document and may not constitute part of any covering letter, purchase order, proof of payment or other attached documents.
- The content document should contain only one notice. (You may include the different translations of the same notice in the same document).
- 20.2. The notice should be set on an A4 page, with margins and fonts set as follows:
- Page size = A4 Portrait with page margins: Top = 40mm, LH/RH = 16mm, Bottom = 40mm;
Use font size: Arial or Helvetica 10pt with 11pt line spacing;
- Page size = A4 Landscape with page margins: Top = 16mm, LH/RH = 40mm, Bottom = 16mm;
Use font size: Arial or Helvetica 10pt with 11pt line spacing;

CANCELLATIONS

21. Cancellation of notice submissions are accepted by **GPW** according to the deadlines stated in the table above in point 2. Non-compliance to these deadlines will result in your request being failed. Please pay special attention to the different deadlines for each gazette. Please note that any notices cancelled after the cancellation deadline will be published and charged at full cost.
22. Requests for cancellation must be sent by the original sender of the notice and must accompanied by the relevant notice reference number (N-) in the email body.

AMENDMENTS TO NOTICES

23. With effect from 01 October 2015, **GPW** will not longer accept amendments to notices. The cancellation process will need to be followed according to the deadline and a new notice submitted thereafter for the next available publication date.

REJECTIONS

24. All notices not meeting the submission rules will be rejected to the customer to be corrected and resubmitted. Assistance will be available through the Contact Centre should help be required when completing the forms. (012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za). Reasons for rejections include the following:
- 24.1. Incorrectly completed forms and notices submitted in the wrong format, will be rejected.
- 24.2. Any notice submissions not on the correct *Adobe* electronic form, will be rejected.
- 24.3. Any notice submissions not accompanied by the proof of payment / purchase order will be rejected and the notice will not be processed.
- 24.4. Any submissions or re-submissions that miss the submission cut-off times will be rejected to the customer. The Notice needs to be re-submitted with a new publication date.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES**APPROVAL OF NOTICES**

25. Any notices other than legal notices are subject to the approval of the Government Printer, who may refuse acceptance or further publication of any notice.
26. No amendments will be accepted in respect to separate notice content that was sent with a Z95 or Z95Prov notice submissions. The copy of notice in layout format (previously known as proof-out) is only provided where requested, for Advertiser to see the notice in final Gazette layout. Should they find that the information submitted was incorrect, they should request for a notice cancellation and resubmit the corrected notice, subject to standard submission deadlines. The cancellation is also subject to the stages in the publishing process, i.e. If cancellation is received when production (printing process) has commenced, then the notice cannot be cancelled.

GOVERNMENT PRINTER INDEMNIFIED AGAINST LIABILITY

27. The Government Printer will assume no liability in respect of—
 - 27.1. any delay in the publication of a notice or publication of such notice on any date other than that stipulated by the advertiser;
 - 27.2. erroneous classification of a notice, or the placement of such notice in any section or under any heading other than the section or heading stipulated by the advertiser;
 - 27.3. any editing, revision, omission, typographical errors or errors resulting from faint or indistinct copy.

LIABILITY OF ADVERTISER

28. Advertisers will be held liable for any compensation and costs arising from any action which may be instituted against the Government Printer in consequence of the publication of any notice.

CUSTOMER INQUIRIES

Many of our customers request immediate feedback/confirmation of notice placement in the gazette from our Contact Centre once they have submitted their notice – While **GPW** deems it one of their highest priorities and responsibilities to provide customers with this requested feedback and the best service at all times, we are only able to do so once we have started processing your notice submission.

GPW has a 2-working day turnaround time for processing notices received according to the business rules and deadline submissions.

Please keep this in mind when making inquiries about your notice submission at the Contact Centre.

29. Requests for information, quotations and inquiries must be sent to the Contact Centre ONLY.
30. Requests for Quotations (RFQs) should be received by the Contact Centre at least **2 working days** before the submission deadline for that specific publication.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES

PAYMENT OF COST

31. The Request for Quotation for placement of the notice should be sent to the Gazette Contact Centre as indicated above, prior to submission of notice for advertising.
32. Payment should then be made, or Purchase Order prepared based on the received quotation, prior to the submission of the notice for advertising as these documents i.e. proof of payment or Purchase order will be required as part of the notice submission, as indicated earlier.
33. Every proof of payment must have a valid **GPW** quotation number as a reference on the proof of payment document.
34. Where there is any doubt about the cost of publication of a notice, and in the case of copy, an enquiry, accompanied by the relevant copy, should be addressed to the Gazette Contact Centre, **Government Printing Works**, Private Bag X85, Pretoria, 0001 email: info.egazette@gpw.gov.za before publication.
35. Overpayment resulting from miscalculation on the part of the advertiser of the cost of publication of a notice will not be refunded, unless the advertiser furnishes adequate reasons why such miscalculation occurred. In the event of underpayments, the difference will be recovered from the advertiser, and future notice(s) will not be published until such time as the full cost of such publication has been duly paid in cash or electronic funds transfer into the **Government Printing Works** banking account.
36. In the event of a notice being cancelled, a refund will be made only if no cost regarding the placing of the notice has been incurred by the **Government Printing Works**.
37. The **Government Printing Works** reserves the right to levy an additional charge in cases where notices, the cost of which has been calculated in accordance with the List of Fixed Tariff Rates, are subsequently found to be excessively lengthy or to contain overmuch or complicated tabulation.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

38. Copies of any of the *Government Gazette* or *Provincial Gazette* can be downloaded from the **Government Printing Works** website www.gpwonline.co.za free of charge, should a proof of publication be required.
39. Printed copies may be ordered from the Publications department at the ruling price. The **Government Printing Works** will assume no liability for any failure to post or for any delay in despatching of such *Government Gazette*(s).

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS CONTACT INFORMATION

Physical Address:
Government Printing Works

149 Bosman Street

Pretoria

Postal Address:

Private Bag X85

Pretoria

0001

GPW Banking Details:
Bank: ABSA Bosman Street

Account No.: 405 7114 016

Branch Code: 632-005

For Gazette and Notice submissions: Gazette Submissions:

For queries and quotations, contact: Gazette Contact Centre:

E-mail: submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za
E-mail: info.egazette@gpw.gov.za
Tel: 012-748 6200

Contact person for subscribers: Mrs M. Toka:

E-mail: subscriptions@gpw.gov.za
Tel: 012-748-6066 / 6060 / 6058

Fax: 012-323-9574

GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

NO. R. 405

05 MAY 2017

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS ACT, 1990
(ACT No. 119 OF 1990)

**REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE GRADING, PACKING AND MARKING OF
WHEAT PRODUCTS INTENDED FOR SALE IN THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

The Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries acting under section 15 of the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990) –

- (a) made the regulations in the Schedule;
- (b) determined that the said regulations shall come into operation six (6) months after the date of publication; and
- (c) read together with section 3(2) of the said Act, repealed the Regulations published by Promulgation No. R 576 of 15 March 1991, Government Notice R 577 of 15 March 1991, R2133 of 30 August 1991 and No. R 186 of 22 February 2008.

SCHEDULE**Definitions**

1. In these regulations, unless inconsistent with the context, any word or expression, to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act, shall have a corresponding meaning, and --

"address" means a physical address which includes the street or road name, number, and the name of the town, village or suburb and in case of a farm, the name or number of the farm and of the magisterial district in which it is situated;

"all-purpose wheat flour" means wheat flour which typically has a colour between that of darker cake wheat flours and lighter white bread wheat flours and complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4(10);

"ash content" means the amount of mineral matter, usually expressed in percentage (%), and is determined by incinerating a weighed amount of flour and weighing the residue;

"brown bread" means wheat bread obtained by baking fermented or otherwise leavened dough made from brown bread wheat flour which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 8(1)(b);

- "brown bread wheat flour"** means wheat flour which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4(12);
- "cake wheat flour"** means wheat flour which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4(7);
- "chlorinated flour"** means wheat flour which has been treated with Chlorine according to the regulations promulgated under Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972);
- "composite cereal flour"** means wheat flour, which has been blended with non-wheat flours and/or grains and / or seeds and or pulses and or legumes, which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4(16);
- "confectionery"** means all products containing wheat flour and a minimum of 5% sugar produced in a bakery with the exclusion of wheat bread;
- "container"** means a bag and/or a pack or bulk container or other suitable packing unit which wheat products is sold;
- "cracked wheat, crushed wheat, cut wheat, toasted wheat"** means whole wheat kernels that have been processed by cutting, coarse milling, rolling or heat processed to produce a broken kernel;
- "dry solid content"** means the measurement of the amount of dry solids of wheat bread in grams, as determined by the method set out in the Regulation 17, and which complies with provisions of Table 1;
- "flour improver"** means a product or mixture approved for inclusion in flour regulated in terms of Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972) which improves the processing quality and shelf life of flour;
- "fortification"** means the addition of one or more micronutrients by means of a fortification mix to wheat products regulated in the terms of Foodstuffs, Cosmetic and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972);
- "high bran brown bread"** means wheat bread which is obtained by baking fermented or otherwise leavened dough made from high bran wheat flour and which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 8(1)(e);
- "high bran wheat flour"** means flour which complies with the regulations prescribed in regulation 4(13);
- "industrial wheat flour"** means wheat flour which has a darker colour than white wheat flour as it contains small particles of bran and germ and complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4(8);
- "inspector"** means the Executive Officer from the department or an officer under his or her control, or an assignee or suitably qualified employee of an assignee;
- "leavening agent or raising agent"** means any one of a number of food additives regulated in terms of Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972) that, through a chemical process or fermentation by yeast, produces carbon dioxide (CO₂) in dough or batter that causes them to rise;

"milling" is a process through which the components of a wheat kernel (endosperm, bran and germ) are separated and the particle size of the endosperm or starch component is milled or ground down to flour fineness;

"non-wheat flour" means any flour which has been produced from any food source other than wheat seeds;

"percent" means percent calculated mass per mass on "as is" basis in the case of bran and germ, and on a moisture free basis in the case of ash;

"prescribed mass of bread" means wheat bread with a mass as regulated under the Legal Metrology Act, 2014 (Act No. 9 of 2014);

"screenings" means all material that passes through a standard slotted sieve contemplated in regulation 6(1)(a);

"self-raising wheat flour" means wheat flour that is premixed with leavening agent or raising agent which complies with the requirement prescribed in regulation 4(9);

"separation" means the separating of the various components of the wheat kernel through milling process;

"soft wheat flour" means wheat flour which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4 (6);

"speciality bread" means wheat bread which consist of dough made of wheat flour or composite cereals flour and may contain ingredients providing specific sensory characteristics and /or functional and /or nutritional value which comply with the requirements prescribed in regulation 8(3);

"stabilised wheat products" means wheat flour subjected to further processes such as heat treatment in order to inactivate enzymes and/or modify (denature) wheat proteins, yet it retains the flavour and nutritional quality, which comply with the requirements prescribed in regulation 7;

"standard sieve" means a round stainless wire mesh sieve with aperture dimensions of 212 microns;

"the Act" means the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990);

"wheat" means the kernels of the species *Triticum aestivum* (bread wheat and soft wheat), *Triticum durum* (durum wheat), *Triticum polonicum* (durum wheat) and *Triticum turgidum* (durum wheat);

"wheat bran" means a product obtained from the milling of wheat consisting mainly of the outer layers of wheat kernels;

"wheat bread" means a baked or partially baked product consisting mainly of wheat products and which--

- (a) is normally sold as bread or under the designation of bread, or which is intended to be used as bread;
- (b) is of any form, size or shape; and
- (c) has a mass of more than 100 g;

Provided that wheat products which are intended to be used as confectionery shall not be regarded as bread, notwithstanding the fact that they may have descriptive designations which include the word "bread" or "loaf";

"wheat flour" means a product obtained from the milling of cleaned wheat to which no wheat bran, wheat germ or wheat semolina has been added;

"wheat germ" means a product obtained from the milling of wheat consisting mainly of the seed embryo;

"wheat products" means wheat products obtained from the milling, rolling or crushing of cleaned wheat including baked or partially baked products which consists mainly of wheat meal or wheat flour;

"wheat semolina" means a coarse granular endosperm product obtained from the milling of wheat which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 5;

"white bread" means wheat bread which is obtained by baking fermented or otherwise leavened dough made from white bread wheat flour which complies with the requirement prescribed in regulation 8(1)(a);

"white bread wheat flour" means wheat flour which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4(11);

"whole and/or processed wheat kernels" means cleaned wheat kernels which are intact or processed by cutting, coarse milling or rolling to produce broken kernels which comply with the regulations prescribed in regulation 6(3);

"whole wheat" means cleaned wheat kernels in their natural form;

"whole-wheat bread" means wheat bread obtained by baking fermented or otherwise leavened dough made from whole-wheat flour which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 8(1)(c);

"whole-wheat brown bread" means wheat bread obtained by baking fermented or otherwise leavened dough made from whole wheat brown flour which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 8(1)(d);

"whole-wheat brown flour" means wheat flour which includes all components present in a wheat kernel obtained through the milling of the whole wheat kernel, whole wheat, cracked wheat, crushed wheat and cut wheat which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4(14); and

"whole-wheat flour" means wheat flour which includes all components present in a wheat kernel obtained through the milling of the wheat, which complies with the requirements prescribed in regulation 4 (15).

Restrictions on sale of wheat products

2. (1) No person shall sell any wheat product in the Republic of South Africa --
- (a) unless the wheat product concerned is sold according to the classes set out in regulation 3;
 - (b) unless the wheat product concerned complies with the standards for the classes set out in regulations 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8;
 - (c) unless the containers in which the wheat product concerned is packed comply with requirements set out in regulation 9;
 - (d) unless the wheat product concerned is packed in accordance with the packing requirements set out in regulation 9;
 - (e) unless the wheat product concerned is marked in accordance with the marking requirements set out in regulations 10, 11 and 12;
 - (f) unless the samples drawn by an inspector for inspection are drawn in accordance with the requirements as set out in regulations 14 and 15; and
 - (g) unless the consignment sampled by an inspector is analysed in accordance with the methods of analysis as set out in regulations 16,17,18,19,20, and 21.
- (2) The Executive Officer may exempt a person in writing entirely or partially and on such conditions as he or she may deem necessary, from the provisions of subregulation 1: Provided that such exemption is done in terms of section 3(1) (c) of the Act.

QUALITY STANDARDS***Class for wheat products***

3. The class of wheat products shall be classified as follows:
- (a) **White wheat flour**, which are divided into the following classes --
 - (i) white bread wheat flour or white bread flour made from wheat;
 - (ii) cake wheat flour or cake flour made from wheat;
 - (iii) soft wheat flour or soft flour made from soft wheat;
 - (iv) industrial wheat flour or industrial flour made from wheat; and
 - (v) all –purpose wheat flour or all-purpose wheat flour made from wheat.

- (b) **Brown wheat flour**, which are divided into the following classes --
 - (i) brown bread wheat flour or brown bread flour made from wheat;
 - (ii) whole-wheat brown flour;
 - (iii) high bran brown wheat flour or high bran flour made from wheat; and
 - (iv) whole wheat flour.
- (c) **White wheat bread** which is divided into the following class --
 - (i) white bread.
- (d) **Brown wheat bread**, which are divided into the following classes --
 - (i) brown bread;
 - (ii) whole-wheat brown bread;
 - (iii) high bran brown bread; and
 - (iv) whole-wheat bread.
- (e) **Speciality bread.**
- (f) **Self-raising wheat flour** or self-raising flour made from wheat.
- (g) **Composite cereals flour** or composite flour made from cereals.
- (h) **Stabilised wheat products** or stabilised products made from wheat, which are --
 - (i) stabilised wheat flour;
 - (ii) stabilised wheat bran; and
 - (iii) stabilised wheat germ.
- (i) **Wheat semolina** or semolina made from wheat.
- (j) **Wheat non-flour products** which are divided into the following classes --
 - (i) Wheat bran or bran made from wheat;
 - (ii) Wheat germ or germ made from wheat; and
 - (iii) Whole and/or processed wheat kernels.

Standards for white wheat flours, brown wheat flours, whole-wheat flours and composite cereal flours.

4. Subject to the provisions of regulation 2 these wheat flours --
- (1) shall have a moisture content not exceeding 14 percent;
 - (2) shall contain the fraction of the milled wheat below the standard sieve when sieved through a 212 micron wire mesh sieve, and therefore shall contain no separated wheat semolina;
 - (3) shall contain a fraction of wheat bran above the 212-micron standard sieve in the case of flour classes with a defined wheat bran content;
 - (4) shall be pure, sound, and free from rancid or off- flavour, odours and insects;
 - (5)
 - (i) shall be fortified in terms of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972); and
 - (ii) may contain flour improvers.
 - (6) in the case of soft wheat flour --
 - (a) be a white wheat flour milled from a soft wheat; and
 - (b) not contain separated wheat bran, wheat germ or wheat semolina.
 - (7) in the case of cake wheat flour --
 - (a) have an ash content not exceeding 0,65 percent; and
 - (b) shall not contain separated wheat bran, wheat germ or wheat semolina.
 - (8) in the case of industrial wheat flour --
 - (a) have an ash content of not less than 0,85 percent;
 - (b) contain a maximum of 1,0 percent wheat bran with a particle size greater than 212 micron; and
 - (c) shall not contain separated wheat germ or wheat semolina.
 - (9) in the case of self-raising wheat flour --
 - (a) contain a leavening or raising agent which has been added according to the regulations promulgated in terms of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972); and
 - (b) contain wheat flour which complies with the applicable requirements in subregulations 4(6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14) and (15).

- (10) in the case of all-purpose wheat flour --
- (a) have an ash content of not less than 0,55 percent and not exceeding 0,75 percent; and
 - (b) contain no separated wheat bran, wheat germ or wheat semolina.
- (11) in the case of white bread wheat flour --
- (a) have an ash content of not less than 0,60 percent and not exceeding 1,0 percent; and
 - (b) contain no separated wheat bran, wheat germ or wheat semolina.
- (12) in the case of brown bread wheat flour --
- (a) have an ash content not exceeding 1,0 percent obtained from the flour fraction that passed through a 212 micron standard sieve;
 - (b) have a wheat bran content of not less than 10 percent and not exceeding 15 percent; and
 - (c) contain no separated wheat germ or wheat semolina.
- (13) in the case of high bran wheat flour --
- (a) have an ash content not exceeding 1,0 percent obtained from the flour fraction that passed through a 212 micron sieve;
 - (b) have a wheat bran content of not less than 15 percent; and
 - (c) contain no separated wheat germ or wheat semolina.
- (14) in the case of whole-wheat brown flour --
- (a) contains all the components present in a wheat kernel including one or more of the following ingredients which shall be in the flour at a level not less than 10 percent; whole wheat, cracked wheat, crushed wheat and cut wheat;
 - (b) have an ash content not exceeding 1,0 percent obtained from the flour fraction that passed through a 212 micron sieve;
 - (c) have a wheat bran content of not less than 10 percent;
 - (d) may contain wheat germ; and
 - (e) contain no separated wheat semolina.
- (15) in the case of whole-wheat flour --
- (a) includes all the components present in a wheat kernel obtained through the milling of the whole wheat kernel.

- (16) in the case of composite cereals flour --
- (a) contain at least 50 percent wheat flour which has been blended with non-wheat flours and/or grains and/or seeds and/or legumes and/or pulses; and
 - (b) have a wheat flour component made up of wheat flour(s) which complies with the applicable requirements in subregulations 4(6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14) and (15).

Standards for wheat semolina

5. Subject to the provisions of regulation 2 wheat semolina shall --
- (a) have a minimum of 50 percent of the total white endosperm particle content that does not pass through a 212 micron standard sieve; and
 - (b) have a moisture content of not more than 15 percent.

Standards for wheat non-flour products

6. Subject to the provisions of regulation 2 wheat non-flour products shall --
- (1) in the case of wheat bran;
 - (a) consist mainly of the bran fraction of wheat, provided that it may contain a quantity of ground screenings and vegetable matter other than wheat; and
 - (b) have a moisture content of not more than 15 percent.
 - (2) in the case of wheat germ --
 - (a) consist mainly of the seed embryo; and
 - (b) have a moisture content of not more than 15 percent.
 - (3) In the case of whole and/or processed wheat kernels --
 - (a) consist of cleaned kernels in intact or processed form; and
 - (b) have a moisture content of not more than 15 percent.

Standards for stabilised wheat products

7. Subject to the provision of regulation 2 stabilised wheat products --
- (a) shall have been subjected to further processes such as heat treatment or chemical treatment in order to inactivate enzymes and/or modify (denature) wheat components such as wheat proteins and wheat carbohydrates;
 - (b) or chemical treatment such as chlorination treatment to lower the pH of the dough;
 - (c) a wheat product component included in the classes for wheat products; and
 - (d) have a moisture content of not more than 14 percent.

Standards for wheat bread

8. (1) (a) Subject to the provision of subregulation 2, **white bread** shall consist of a dough made from white wheat flour and water, with or without other ingredients, and may contain ingredients providing specific nutritional value, that has been fermented by yeast or otherwise leavened, baked in any form, size or shape and which has been treated, prepared and processed in such a manner that the bread, if it is of a prescribed mass specified in column 2 of the Table, contains the applicable minimum dry solids mass specified opposite thereto in column 3 of the Table. The minimum dry solid content for white bread shall be calculated at 58% of the prescribed mass of bread.
- (b) Subject to the provision of subregulation 2, **brown bread** shall consist of a dough made from brown wheat flour and water, with or without other ingredients, and may contain ingredients providing specific nutritional value, that has been fermented by yeast or otherwise leavened, baked in any form, size or shape and which has been treated, prepared and processed in such a manner that the bread, if it is of a prescribed mass specified in column 2 of the Table, contains the applicable minimum dry solids mass specified opposite thereto in column 3 of the Table. The minimum dry solid content for brown bread shall be calculated at either 58% of the prescribed mass of bread.
- (c) Subject to the provision of subregulation 2, **whole-wheat bread** shall consist of a dough made from whole-wheat flour and water, with or without other ingredients, and may contain ingredients providing specific nutritional value that has been fermented by yeast or otherwise leavened, baked in any form, size or shape and which has been treated, prepared and processed in such a manner that the bread, if it is of a prescribed mass specified in column 2 of the Table, contains the applicable minimum dry solids mass specified opposite thereto in column 4 of the Table. The minimum dry solid content for whole wheat bread shall be calculated at 50% of the prescribed mass of bread.
- (d) Subject to the provision of subregulation 2, **whole-wheat brown bread** shall consist of a dough made from whole-wheat brown flour and water, with or without other ingredients, and may contain ingredients providing specific nutritional value, that has been fermented by yeast or otherwise leavened, baked in any form, size or shape and which has been treated, prepared and processed in such a manner that the bread, if it is of a prescribed mass specified in column 2 of the Table, contains the applicable minimum dry solids mass specified opposite thereto in column 4 of the Table. The minimum dry solid content for wholewheat brown bread shall be calculated at 50% of the prescribed mass of bread.
- (e) Subject to the provision of subregulation 2, **high bran brown bread** shall consist of dough made from high bran brown wheat flour and water, with or without other ingredients, and may contain ingredients providing specific nutritional value, that has been fermented by yeast or otherwise leavened, baked in any form, size or shape and which has been treated, prepared and processed in such a manner that the bread, if it is of a prescribed mass specified in column 2 of the Table, contains the applicable minimum dry solids mass specified opposite thereto in column 4 of the Table. The minimum dry solid content for high bran brown bread shall be calculated at 50% of the prescribed mass of bread.

(2) Notwithstanding the provision of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of subregulation 1, white bread, brown bread, whole wheat bread, whole wheat brown bread and high bran brown bread shall be deemed to comply with the applicable requirements set out in the paragraph concerned of that subregulation in the case of a requirement relating to the dry solids content, deviates with not more than 1% from the minimum prescribed for white bread, brown bread, whole-wheat bread, whole wheat brown bread and high bran bread as the case may be: Provided on average the minimum dry solid content complies with the prescribed minimum dry solid.

(3) **Speciality bread**, which excludes all bread covered by regulation 8(1), shall consist of dough made of wheat flour or composite cereal flour and may contain ingredients providing specific sensory characteristics and/or functional and/or nutritional value as well as whole or crushed grain kernels and/or seeds, that has been fermented by yeast or otherwise leavened, baked in any form, size or shape.

PACKING AND MARKING REQUIREMENTS

Requirements for containers

9. (1) Wheat products shall, where appropriate, be packed in containers which --
- (a) are intact, clean, dry, suitable and strong enough for packing and normal handling of wheat products;
 - (b) shall not impart an undesirable taste or odour to the contents thereof; and
 - (c) shall properly be closed in a manner permitted by the nature of the container and the contents thereof.
- (2) If the containers are packed in outer containers, such containers shall be clean and intact.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of subregulation 1 the specifications for the different containers for different wheat products shall be as prescribed in the Legal Metrology Act, 2014 (Act No. 9 of 2014).

Marking requirements for white wheat flour and brown wheat flour

10. A container containing white wheat flour or brown wheat flour shall be clearly and legibly marked with the following particulars:

- (a) The class of the product;
- (b) The name and/or trademark and physical address of the manufacturer, or packer or processor, or distributor and or importer of the wheat products concerned;
- (c) The mass of the contents as prescribed in terms of the Legal Metrology Act, 2014 (Act No. 9 of 2014);
- (d) the names and quantities of nutrients as identified in the food fortification programmes in terms of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectant Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972); and
- (e) Particulars shall be printed in English or both in English and any other official language.

Marking requirements for wheat bran

11. A container containing wheat bran shall be clearly and legibly marked with the following particulars:

- (a) The class of the product;
- (b) The name and/or trademark and physical address of the manufacturer, or packer or processor, or distributor and or importer of the wheat bran; and
- (c) The mass of the contents as prescribed in terms of the Legal Metrology Act, 2014 (Act No. 9 of 2014).

Marking requirements for wheat bread

12. (1) Every wheat bread, excluding speciality bread shall be clearly and legibly marked with the following particulars:

- (a) The class of the wheat bread;
- (b) The name and/or trademark and physical address of the manufacturer of the wheat bread or the name and physical address of the person on whose behalf the wheat bread was baked; and
- (c) The mass of the wheat bread.

(2) The provisions of subregulation 1 shall not apply to:

- (a) wheat bread packed by the manufacturer thereof: Provided that the particulars referred to in subregulation 1 shall be clearly and legibly marked on the packing material of each bread thus packed; and
- (b) wheat bread presented for sale at a point where a notice in type of not less than 30 mm high clearly and legibly indicates the particulars referred to in subregulation 1.

(3) Speciality wheat bread shall be clearly and legibly marked with the following particulars:

- (a) The name and/or trademark physical address of the manufacturer of the wheat bread or the name and physical address of the person on whose behalf the wheat bread was baked; and
- (b) The mass of the speciality bread

(4) Wheat bread which complies with the requirements of subregulation 1 and is packed in a transparent container by the manufacturer thereof is exempted from the requirements of subregulation (2) (a).

Prohibited particulars

13. (i) No wording, illustration or other device of expression which constitutes a misrepresentation or which directly or by implication can create a misleading impression of the contents shall appear on the container containing any grade of wheat products or on a label affixed thereto or which is displayed therewith.

SAMPLING**Obtaining a sample**

14. (1) An inspector shall for the purpose of the application of these regulations, draw random sample of wheat product in the following manner and shall satisfy himself/herself that the samples so drawn are the representative of the consignment concerned.

- (a) In the case of wheat products packed in retail quantities, samples shall be taken in accordance with the table below:

Number of containers comprising quantity of wheat products	Minimum number of containers to be selected at random
<10	2
10-50	4
>50	6

- (b) In the case of a consignment in bulk quantities --

samples of wheat products which are presented for inspection in bulk containers, excluding grain elevators, shall be drawn at six different places with a bulk probe in such a manner that the samples taken will be representative of the contents of the bulk container. Samples may also be taken with a suitable container at regular intervals while a bulk container is being emptied.

- (2) The collective sample obtained in subregulation (1) (b) shall --

(a) Have a total mass of at least 10 kg; and

(b) Be thoroughly mixed.

(3) Samples drawn as prescribed in subregulation (1) shall first be examined for deviations in quality standards as set out in regulation 4, which can be determined by feeling, smelling and visual inspection and shall subsequently be subjected to further examination. A sample taken in terms of these regulations is considered to be representative of the consignment from which it was taken.

(4) If an inspector should notice during the course of obtaining the representative samples that any of the quantities of wheat products drawn from any bag or portion of a bulk container are obviously inferior to, or differ from, that drawn from the remainder of the bags or from the other parts of the bulk container, she/he shall draw samples only out of such bags or portion of the bulk container from which the inferior or differing wheat products have been taken, place them in a collecting tray and mix them thoroughly. Samples drawn in this manner shall, in the application of this regulation be considered as deviating samples.

(5) Any bags or containers of which the contents do not comply in any respect with the requirements of this regulation or bags and containers from which deviating samples have been taken, shall be marked with a distinguishing mark.

Obtaining of a working sample

15. (1) A working sample shall be obtained by dividing the representative or deviating sample of the consignment according to ICC (International Association for Cereal Science and Technology) 101/1 (approved 1982) method.

METHODS OF ANALYSIS FOR WHEAT PRODUCTS

General

16. (1) In order to determine whether a wheat product complies with the requirement for such product, the product shall--

- (a) be analysed in duplicate;
- (b) where necessary, be ground to such a fineness as to allow all the material to pass through a round hole sieve with aperture of 2 mm;
- (c) be mixed thoroughly before any determination is made;
- (d) be measured out in grams accurately to the fourth decimal place unless where otherwise specified; and
- (e) in the case of baked products, be treated in such a manner that, except in the case of the determination of the dry solids mass, the 2 crust end are first separated from the product and the remaining portion is then cut into thin slices and the crust and crumb are air-dry, ground to such a fineness as to allow the sample to pass through a 1.0 mm sieve.

Determination of the dry solids content of bread

17. The dry solids content of bread shall be determined as set out below:

(1) The apparatus used for the determination of the dry solids contents of bread, is as follows:

- (a) Hot-air oven, the temperature of which may be regulated at 105°C (with a variation not exceeding 5°). The oven must be so constructed that the hot air passes evenly and horizontally through the oven over the drying trays. The oven must be provided with vents to allow moist air to escape;
- (b) drying trays made from stainless steel and covered with gauze which is sufficiently fine to prevent any crumbs from passing through; and
- (c) laboratory mass meter which can measure accurately to 0,1 g.

- (2) The method that is used in the determination of the dry solids content of bread, is as follows:

Measure the mass of the whole bread unit accurately to 0,1 g. In the case of uncut bread, cut into slices of approximately 10 to 15 mm thick. Place and spread the slices as well as any crumbs, onto the drying tray. Set the vent of the oven in order to allow the moist air to escape without the temperature variation exceeding 5°C and so that the bread will dry to constant mass after six hours. Place the drying trays with bread into the oven and increase the temperature within 45 minutes to 105°C (with a variation not exceeding 5°C). Remove the bread from the oven after six hours; allow cooling for three minutes and measuring the dry mass of the bread and crumbs accurately to 0,1 g. Where more than one loaf of bread is analysed, report the average dry solid mass. Any fraction of a gram is increased to the next whole gram.

Determination of the bran content of brown wheat flour

18. The bran content of brown wheat flour shall be determined as set out below.

- (1) The apparatus used for the determination of the bran content of brown wheat flour is as follows:

- (a) An electrically driven laboratory plansifter fitted with an automatic time switch. This sifter must have a throw of 75-77 mm and the drive must run at a speed of 180-190 r.p.m. The sieving motion must be horizontal and circular when sieving and the sieves must not have a precession action;
- (b) A round sieve, 200 mm in diameter covered with a 212 micron stainless steel wire mesh. The sieve must be fitted with a tight-fitting lid and receiver in order that no material is lost during sieving; and
- (c) Nylon cubes with 13 mm to 18 mm sides.

- (2) The method that is used in the determination of the bran content of brown wheat flour is as follows:

- (a) Fit the 200 mm round sieve into the receiver. Place 200 g (with a variation not exceeding 0,1 g) of a representative sample of brown wheat flour and two nylon cubes into the sieve. Cover the sieve with the lid and mount in the plansifter. Sieve for five minutes. Remove the sieve, lid and receiver from the plansifter. Remove the lid and brush any material adhering to it back into the sieve. Tap the sieve lightly five to ten times with the palm of the hand so that any material adhering to the bottom of the sieve will drop back into the receiver. Remove the sieve from the receiver and determine the mass of the material remaining above the sieve to the nearest 0,1 g. Record this mass (A grams). Measure the mass of the material in the receiver to the nearest 0,1 g. Record this mass (B grams). The total mass of the material recovered (A + B) must equal 200 g (with a variation not exceeding 0,2 g). If the total mass of the material recovered falls outside the tolerance of 200 g (with a variation not exceeding 0,2 g) the test must be repeated; and

- (b) Calculate the percentage material which remains on the sieve as follows:

$$\text{Bran percentage} = \frac{A}{2}$$

Take the average of the duplicate percentages thus obtained as the bran percentage (m/m) of the brown wheat meal and report it to the nearest 0,1. Repeat the determination if the duplicate percentages differ by more than 0,4.

Determination of the Ash content

19. The ash content of a consignment of wheat products may be determined by any suitable method: Provided that the results thus obtained is in accordance (0.05%) with the results obtained by means of the Magnesium Acetate method [AACC (American Association of Cereal Chemists) method 08.02].

Determination of the moisture content

20. The moisture content of a consignment of wheat products may be determined according to any suitable method: Provided that the results thus obtained are in accordance ($\pm 0,3$ percent) with the results obtained by means of the Air Oven method [AACC (American Association of Cereal Chemists) method 44-15.02].

Tolerances for the moisture, bran and ash contents for the various classes of wheat products

22. The following tolerances shall apply where applicable:

- (a) A **moisture** content tolerance of not more than **0,2** percentage units above the maximum moisture content prescribed.
- (b) A **bran** content tolerance of not more than **0,5** percentage units from the minimum or maximum bran content prescribed.
- (c) An **ash** content tolerance of not more than **0,05** percentage units from the minimum or maximum ash content prescribed.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

23. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction be liable to a fine of not exceeding R50 000 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years, or to both that fine or imprisonment.

Other Legislations

24. The provisions of these regulations shall be in addition to and is not in substitution for regulations published under the following Acts –

- (a) Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (**Act No. 54 of 1972**); and
- (b) Legal Metrology Act, 2014 (**Act No.9 of 2014**).

TABLE 1

MINIMUM DRY SOLIDS MASS FOR WHEAT BREAD

Class of wheat product	Prescribed mass of bread (g)	Minimum dry solids mass (g) (White bread and Brown bread)	Minimum dry solids mass (g) (Whole wheat bread, Whole wheat brown bread and High bran brown bread)
1	2	3 @58%	4 @50%
White bread, Brown bread, whole wheat brown bread, Whole wheat bread and high bran brown bread	400	232	200
	500	290	250
	600	348	300
	700	406	350
	800	464	400
	1 200	696	600
	1 600	928	800

*** No minimum dry solids for speciality bread.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NO. R. 406

05 MAY 2017

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1995

CORRECTION NOTICE

NATIONAL BARGAINING COUNCIL FOR THE ELECTRICAL INDUSTRY OF
SOUTH AFRICA: MAIN COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT

A) In the Schedule which appear in the Government Notice No. R. 261, *Government Gazette* No. 40713 of 24 March 2017, replace the “**TABLE OF CONTENTS**” with the following:

“NATIONAL BARGAINING COUNCIL FOR THE ELECTRICAL INDUSTRY OF
SOUTH AFRICA

MAIN COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NO. R. 407

05 MAY 2017

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1995
REGISTRATION OF A TRADE UNION

I, Johannes Theodorus Crouse, Registrar of Labour Relations, hereby notify, in terms of section 109(2) of the Labour Relations Act, 1995, that **Progressive Allied and Travel Union (PATU) (LR 2/6/2/2558)** has been registered as a trade union with effect from.....*21 April 2017*.....

J. T. Crouse
REGISTRAR OF LABOUR RELATIONS

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