

ANNUAL REPORT 2019
ANNUAL REPORT 2019

Vol. 655

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No. 42967

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DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

NO. 40

24 JANUARY 2020

**NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ACT, 1998
(ACT NO. 107 OF 1998)****CONSULTATION ON INTENTION TO AMENDMENT OF SECTION 24H REGISTRATION
AUTHORITY REGULATIONS, 2016**

I, Barbara Dallas Creecy, Minister of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries, hereby consult on my intention to amend the Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations, 2016, published under sections 24(5)(e), 24H and 44 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998), as set out in the Schedule hereto.

Members of the public are invited to submit written comments or inputs to the Minister, within 30 days of publication of this Notice in the Gazette, to the following addresses:

By post to: The Director-General:
 Department of Environmental Affairs
 Attention: Ms S Hlela
 Private Bag X447
 PRETORIA
 0001

By hand at: Reception, Environment House, 473 Steve Biko Road, Arcadia, Pretoria, 0083
By email: SHlela@environment.gov.za.

Any enquiries in connection with the Notice can be directed to Ms Sibusisiwe Hlela, Tel. 012 399 9322.

Comments received after the closing date may not be considered.



BARBARA DALLAS CREECY
MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

SCHEDULE

Amendment of Regulation 22

Regulation 22 of the Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations, 2016, published under Government Notice No. 849 in Government Gazette 40154 of 22 July 2016, is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (2) of the following subregulation:

"(2) Regulation 14 of these Regulations takes effect 48 months from the date of the appointment of the first registration authority."

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

1. The Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA) was appointed on 8 February 2018 in terms of section 24H of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA).
2. The Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations, 2016 were gazetted on 22 July 2016 in Government Notice No. 849, in Government Gazette 40154 and, with the exception of regulation 14, commenced on 8 February 2018. Regulation 14 of the Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations, 2016 provides that no person other than a registered environmental assessment practitioner, registered with a registration authority, may hold primary responsibility for the planning, management, coordination or review of environmental impact assessments (EIAs) and associated Environmental Management Programmes (EMPrs). This regulation comes into effect 24 months from the date of the appointment of the first registration authority, namely 8 February 2020.
3. Once the compulsory registration of Environmental Assessment Practitioners (EAPs) becomes effective in February 2020, all EAPs who hold primary responsibility for EIAs and associated EMPrs will have to be registered.
4. To date, EAPASA has successfully registered only a limited number of applications. The Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations provide for a 120-day period for decision-making per application. This means that ideally applications should have been lodged by 8 October 2019 in order to meet the 120-day timeframe.
5. From a study conducted by the CSIR in March 2016, it was noted that there was a limited number of mechanisms for determining the number of EAPs in South Africa. However, it is estimated that there are 1700 EAPs in South Africa. Of this number, only those EAPs primarily responsible for an EIA are required to register. Even if only 50% of this total number of EAPs require registration, it is likely that the registration requirement will not be met by the due date.

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING

NO. 41

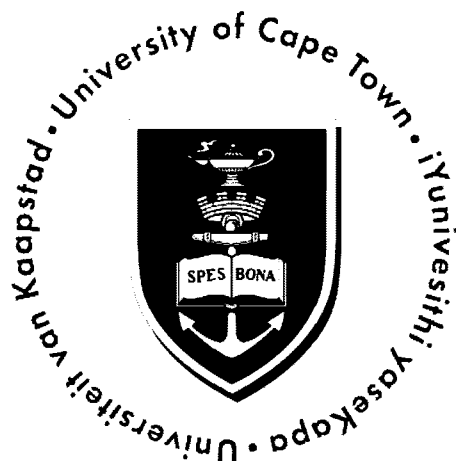
24 JANUARY 2020

HIGHER EDUCATION ACT, 1997 (Act No. 101 of 1997)**INSTITUTIONAL STATUTE
UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN**

I, Dr BE Nzimande, MP, Minister of Higher Education, Science and Technology, in accordance with section 33 (1) of the Higher Education Act, 1997 (Act No. 101 of 1997, as amended), hereby publish an amendment to the Institutional Statute of the University of Cape Town set out in the Schedule hereto.

**Dr BE Nzimande, MP****Minister of Higher Education, Science and Technology****Date:**

17/12/2019



THE UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN

Institutional Statute

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DEFINITIONS

1. Definitions

In this Statute any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned by the Higher Education Act, 1997 (Act No. 101 of 1997), has the meaning so assigned to it, and, unless the context otherwise indicates –

“**academic staff**” means any person appointed by the council to a teaching or research position at the University and includes the professors, associate professors, senior lecturers, lecturers, and assistant lecturers, and such categories of research officer as council may designate;

“**Act**” means the Higher Education Act, 1997 (Act No. 101 of 1997);

“**appointments committee**” means the appointments committee contemplated in paragraph 45 of this Statute;”

“**certificate**” means a credit-bearing certificate of the University awarded to a student on completion of the work prescribed for the certificate by the senate;

“**convocation**” means the convocation contemplated in paragraphs 37 to 42;

“**council**” means the council contemplated in paragraphs 12 to 21;

“**degree**” means a degree of the University conferred upon a student at a congregation on completion on the work prescribed for the degree by the senate;

“**deputy vice-chancellor**” means a person appointed in terms of paragraphs 10 and 11;

“**diploma**” means a diploma of the University awarded to a student at a congregation on completion of the work prescribed for the diploma by the senate;

“**donor**” means a person who, before the commencement of this Statute was a donor entitled to elect members of the council and any other person who satisfies the requirements as determined by the Rules;

“**examination**” means any test or assessment, including any written, oral, practical or clinical test or assessment where the result obtained contributes to, or constitutes, the result for a course;

“**faculty and department**” means a faculty or department contemplated in paragraph 43;

“**graduate**” means a person upon whom a degree has been conferred, and

“**graduate of the University**” means a person upon whom the University has conferred a degree;

“**institutional forum**” means the institutional forum contemplated in paragraphs 29 to 34;

“**Minister**” means the Minister responsible for higher education

“**officer of the University**” means a member of the staff of the University designated as such by the council;

“**postgraduate student**”, for the purposes of appointments to the council, the senate and the institutional forum, means a person registered as a student for a degree of master or of doctor of the University;

“**professional, administrative, support and service staff**” means the staff appointed at the University in the academic, administrative, support and service departments and who are not academic staff;

“**professor**” means a person appointed as a professor or as a distinguished professor by the council after consultation with the senate, but does not include an emeritus, adjunct, associate or honorary professor;

“**recognised staff body**” means any body organised by and among staff to represent the staff, or a section of the staff, including a trade union, recognised for this purpose by the council;

“**registrar**” means the officer contemplated in paragraphs 54 and 55;

“**Rules**” means any rules made by the council in terms of section 32 of the Act;

“**seat of the University**” means the seat contemplated in paragraph 2 of this Statute and in section 65A of the Act;

“**senate**” means the senate contemplated in paragraphs 22 to 28;

“**senior management of the University**” for the purposes of this Statute and section 31 of the Act, means the vice-chancellor, deputy vice-chancellors, registrar, chief operating officer, deans and executive directors ;

“**SRC**” means the SRC contemplated in paragraph 44 of this Statute and in section 35 of the Act;

“**staff**” means any person appointed at the University to a position by the council, whether part-time or full-time, permanent, temporary or fixed-term contract, remunerated or honorary;

“**student**” means a person currently registered at the University for a programme of study leading to a degree, diploma or certificate, or as an occasional student, or as a postdoctoral fellow;

“**trustee of the UCT Foundation**” means a person holding office as a trustee of the UCT Foundation;

“**UCT Foundation**” means the trust registered under this name to raise and hold funds for the University;

“**University**” means the University of Cape Town; and

“**vice-chancellor**” means the vice-chancellor contemplated in paragraphs 7 to 9 of this Statute and in section 30 of the Act.

UNIVERSITY

2. Name, status and physical location of University

- (1) The name of the University is the University of Cape Town.
- (2) The University is a juristic person and, subject to the Act is capable of performing such acts as juristic persons may perform.
- (3) Notwithstanding subparagraph (2) the University may not, without the concurrence of the Minister, dispose of or alienate in any manner any immovable property or grant any real right therein or servitude thereto.
- (4) The seat of the University is upon the portions of the Groote Schuur Estates that were transferred to and vested in the State under the Rhodes' Will (Groote Schuur Devolution) Act, 1910 (Act No. 9 of 1910), and granted to the University.
- (5) The activities of the University are principally administered at its seat and in Cape Town.

3. Composition of the University

- (1) The University consists of –
 - (a) the chancellor;
 - (b) the vice-chancellor;
 - (c) the deputy vice-chancellors and the chief operating officer;
 - (d) the registrar
 - (e) the council;
 - (f) the senate;
 - (g) the institutional forum;
 - (h) the SRC;
 - (i) the convocation;
 - (j) the students;
 - (k) the staff; and
 - (l) structures and offices as determined by the Council
- (2) No vacancy in any of the offices contemplated in subparagraph (1) nor any vacancy or deficiency in the numbers or defect in the composition of the bodies contemplated in subparagraph (1) impairs or affects the existence of the University as a juristic person or any function or powers conferred upon the body or the University by this Statute or by the Act.

CHANCELLOR**4. Functions of chancellor**

- (1) The chancellor is the titular head of the University.
- (2) The chancellor, or in his or her absence the person appointed to act on behalf of the chancellor, presides at all congregations of the University and, in the name of the University, confers all degrees and awards all diplomas and certificates.

5. Election of chancellor

- (1) The chancellor is elected by an electoral college.
- (2) The registrar must constitute the electoral college at least three months before the start of the term of office or whenever the office is vacant.
- (3) The electoral college consists of -
 - (a) the president of convocation;
 - (b) twenty-one members elected by the graduates, and holders of diplomas and certificates, from their number, in the manner subparagraph (5) prescribes;
 - (c) six members elected by the academic staff from their number, in the manner subparagraph (6) prescribes;
 - (d) six members elected by the professional, administrative support and service staff from their number, in the manner subparagraph (7) prescribes; and
 - (e) six students elected by the SRC.
- (4) The procedure for nominating candidates for election as chancellor is as follows -
 - (a) The registrar must publish a notice in such manner as the council from time to time decides inviting nominations.
 - (b) Each nomination must be in writing, and must –

- i. be signed by at least 20 and not more than 30 people each of whom must be a member of the convocation or a member of staff or a student;
 - ii. be accompanied by the written acceptance of his or her nomination by the nominee, and by a statement by him or her, not exceeding 200 words, summarising his or her curriculum vitae and candidature; and
 - iii. be received by the registrar by the date he or she specifies in the notice or by such later date as may be condoned by the council.
- (5) The procedure whereby the graduates and holders of diplomas and certificates elect 21 of their number to be members of the electoral college is as follows –
 - (a) The registrar must publish a notice in the manner the council decides inviting nominations.
 - (b) Each nomination must be in writing and must –
 - (i) be signed by six people each of whom must be a graduate, or the holder of a diploma or certificate;
 - (ii) be accompanied by the written acceptance of his or her nomination by the nominee, and by a statement by him or her, not exceeding 200 words, summarising his or her curriculum vitae; and
 - (iii) be received by the registrar by the date he or she specifies in the notice.
 - (c) If the registrar receives 21 or fewer nominations he or she must declare those nominated to be duly elected.
 - (d) If the registrar receives more than 21 nominations, he or she must hold a ballot of the graduates and holders of diplomas and certificates, after publishing the statements of the candidates for election, the method of taking of the ballot to be decided by the council from time to time.
 - (e) If the registrar receives fewer than 21 nominations, he or she must repeat the process in (a), (b) and (c) to make up the number to 21.
- (6) The procedure whereby the academic staff elect six of their number to be members of the electoral college is as follows –
 - (a) The registrar must publish a notice in the manner the council decides inviting nominations.
 - (b) Each nomination must be in writing and must –
 - (i) be signed by six members of the academic staff;
 - (ii) be for a member of the academic staff;
 - (iii) be accompanied by the written acceptance of his or her nomination by the nominee, and by a statement by him or her, not exceeding 200 words, summarising his or her curriculum vitae; and
 - (iv) be received by the registrar by the date he or she specifies in the notice.
 - (c) If the registrar receives six or fewer nominations he or she must declare those nominated elected.

- (d) If the registrar receives more than six nominations, he or she must hold a ballot of the academic staff, the method of taking of the ballot to be decided by the council from time to time.
 - (e) If the registrar receives fewer than six nominations, he or she must repeat the process in (a), (b) and (c) to make up the number to six.
- (7) The procedure whereby the professional, administrative, support and service staff elect six of their number to be members of the electoral college is as follows -
- (a) The registrar must publish a notice in the manner the council decides inviting nominations.
 - (b) Each nomination must be in writing and must -
 - (i) be signed by six members of these staff;
 - (ii) be for a member of these staff;
 - (iii) be accompanied by the written acceptance of his or her nomination by the nominee, and by a statement by him or her, not exceeding 200 words, summarising his or her curriculum vitae; and
 - (iv) be received by the registrar by the date he or she specifies in the notice.
 - (c) If the registrar receives six nominations he or she must declare those nominated elected.
 - (d) If the registrar receives more than six nominations, he or she must hold a ballot of these staff, the method of taking of the ballot to be decided by the council from time to time.
 - (e) If the registrar receives fewer than six nominations, he or she must repeat the process in (a), (b) and (c) to make up the number to six.
- (8) The term of office of the -
- (a) members of the electoral college elected by the SRC is a period of 12 months from the date on which it is first convened;
 - (b) other members of the electoral college is a period of three years from the date on which it is first convened.
- (9) If a student vacancy occurs within 12 months, and the electoral college needs to meet, the registrar must invite the SRC to fill any vacancy in the category of members elected by the SRC.
- (10) If any other vacancy occurs in the membership of the electoral college and the electoral college needs to meet, the registrar must -
- (a) declare the person who obtained the next number of votes in the original ballot concerned to be elected to fill the vacancy; or
 - (b) if the vacancy is in the category elected by graduates and holders of diplomas and certificates and if there is no such person, hold a ballot to fill the vacancy only if there are three or more vacancies, in which case the ballot must be held to fill all the vacancies; or
 - (c) if the vacancy is in any other category and if there is no such person, hold a ballot to fill any such vacancy;

- (11) The electoral college must elect the chancellor by ballot, from the nominated candidates after the registrar has given to the electoral college the statements of the candidates for the office of chancellor.
- (12) To be elected, a candidate must win a majority of the votes cast.
- (13) If no candidate wins a majority of the votes cast in a ballot, the candidate obtaining the least votes falls away, and a further ballot or further ballots must be held until a candidate wins a majority of votes, if two or more candidates obtain the lowest number of votes, a ballot must be held to decide which of these falls away.
- (14) The electoral college determines its own procedure except that -
 - (a) the president of convocation, or failing the president the vice-chancellor, or, failing both, a member of the electoral college elected by the electoral college presides at its meetings; and
 - (b) the quorum is 32.
- (15) A person is not eligible for nomination for election as chancellor, or to hold or continue to hold office as chancellor, or for nomination for election to, or to be or continue to be a member of the electoral college if he or she -
 - (a) is, or becomes, insolvent; or
 - (b) is declared to be of unsound mind by a court of law; (c) is, subsequent to his or her election, convicted of an offence and sentenced to a term of imprisonment without the option of a fine by a court of law .
- (16) The chancellor may be removed from office by a resolution passed by at least two-thirds of the members of the Council. The resolution may not be passed without prior notice without prior notice to the Chancellor of the pending motion for his or her removal and the reasons therefor, and providing him or her with a reasonable opportunity to make representations.

6. Term of office of chancellor

- (1) The chancellor holds office for 10 years, or until he or she resigns, or dies, or until he or she ceases to qualify to hold office in terms of paragraph 5(15).
- (2) If the chancellor is absent, or if the office is vacant, the vice- chancellor, or in his or her absence the acting vice-chancellor or a deputy vice-chancellor nominated by him or her, or failing them, such other person as the council may designate for the purpose, acts for the chancellor.
- (3) Should a vacancy occur for whatever reason, the chancellor next elected holds office for 10 years, or until he or she resigns, or dies, or until he or she ceases to qualify to hold office in terms of paragraph 5(15).

VICE-CHANCELLOR

7. Functions of vice-chancellor

- (1) The vice-chancellor is the chief executive officer of the University.
- (2) The vice-chancellor may delegate any of the powers assigned or delegated to him or her by the council or the senate to any officer of the University, except where the council or the senate decides otherwise.
- (3) The vice-chancellor is by virtue of his or her office a member of –
 - (a) Council
 - (b) each committee of the senate; and
 - (c) each joint committee.

8. Appointment of vice-chancellor

The council appoints the vice-chancellor after consulting the senate and the institutional forum in accordance with the Rules.

9. Termination of office of vice-chancellor

- (1) The vice-chancellor holds office for such period and upon such terms as the council decides.
- (2) The appointment may be terminated during the period of office by six months' notice on either side.
- (3) Any resolution of the council to give notice must be taken at a meeting of the council by a majority consisting of not less than half the membership of the council.
- (4) If the office of the vice-chancellor becomes vacant, the council must –
 - (a) after consulting the senate and the institutional forum appoint an acting vice-chancellor to hold office until such time as a new vice-chancellor takes up his or her appointment; and
 - (b) after consulting the senate and the institutional forum, appoint a successor.

DEPUTY VICE-CHANCELLORS**10. Appointment of deputy vice-chancellors**

The council may appoint up to four deputy vice-chancellors, after consulting the senate and the institutional forum.

11. Functions of deputy vice-chancellors

- (1) The deputy vice-chancellors' functions are determined by the council.
- (2) Each deputy vice-chancellor is by virtue of his or her office a member of each committee of the senate.

COUNCIL**12. Functions of council**

- (1) The council governs the University in terms of the Act and this Statute.
- (2) Without derogating from the generality of subparagraph (1), the council
 - (a) must administer all property of the University;
 - (b) appoints all staff of the University, but, in the case of academic staff of the University, it may do so only after consultation with the senate;
 - (c) must, subject to the policy determined by the Minister, with the concurrence of the senate, determine the language policy of the University;
 - (d) must, after consultation with the SRC, establish a structure to advise on the policy for student support services within the University;
 - (e) must, after consultation with the senate, determine the admissions policy of the University;
 - (f) must consult the institutional forum as required by the Act;
 - (g) may make, rescind or amend a Statute in terms of the Act.

- (3) The council may –
 - (a) establish committees of the council;
 - (b) appoint persons who are and persons who are not members of the council as members of such committees; and
 - (c) terminate the membership of any person it has appointed to any committee.
- (4) The council may delegate or assign any of its powers and functions to –
 - (a) a committee of the council;
 - (b) a member of the council; or
 - (c) any officer of the University; or
 - (d) other structures of the University.except those powers and functions specified in subparagraph (5).
- (5) The council may not delegate or assign any of the following powers and functions –
 - (a) the appointment of the vice-chancellor or of any deputy vice-chancellor;
 - (b) the approval of the annual operating and capital expenditure budgets;
 - (c) the adoption of the annual financial statements and annual report;
 - (d) the determination of the fees to be paid by students;
 - (e) the making of the Statute;
 - (f) the approval of a loan or an overdraft;
 - (g) the decision to embark on the construction of a permanent building or other immovable infrastructural development;
 - (h) the purchase of immovable property, or entering into a long-term lease of immovable property; or
 - (i) the establishment or disestablishment of faculties or departments.
- (6) The council remains responsible for the exercise and performance of any function delegated or assigned in terms of subparagraph (4).

13. Composition of council

- (1) The council consists of –
 - (a) the vice-chancellor;
 - (b) one deputy vice-chancellor as decided by Council;
 - (c) the chief operating officer;
 - (d) three members of the senate elected by the senate;
 - (e) one member of the academic staff elected by the academic staff;
 - (f) one member of the professional, administrative, support and service staff elected by the professional, administrative, support and service staff in the payclasses up to payclass 6
 - (g) one member of the professional, administrative, support and service staff elected by the professional, administrative, support and service staff in the payclasses 7 to 13;
 - (h) three students elected by the SRC, one of whom must be a postgraduate student;
 - (i) five persons appointed by the Minister;

- (j) one person appointed by the Premier of the Western Cape;
- (k) one person appointed by the City Council of Cape Town;
- (l) four persons elected by the convocation;
- (m) two persons elected by donors; and
- (n) five persons appointed by the appointments committee of Council.

- (2) At least 60 per cent of the members of the council must be people who are not staff or students.
- (3) No staff other than staff appointed in an honorary capacity, and no student may be elected or hold an appointment under subparagraphs (1)(i) to (1)(n).
- (4) A person elected, or appointed under subparagraphs (1)(i) to (1)(n) who becomes a student or a staff member, other than a staff member appointed in an honorary capacity, forthwith ceases to be a member of the council.

14. Election of members of council

The manner in which members of the council are elected is as determined by the Rules.

15. Term of office of council members

- (1) The vice-chancellor, the deputy vice-chancellor and chief operating officer remain members of the council for as long as they occupy their posts.
- (2) The term of office of the students elected by the SRC is twelve months, from 1 November to 31 October next.
- (3) The term of office of the remaining members is four years, from 1 July to 30 June four years later, as determined by the Rules, and the term of office of any member elected or appointed after the start of the four-year term of office is for the balance of that four-year term of office.

16. Termination of membership and filling of vacancies

- (1) A member of the council vacates his or her position on the council if he or she –
 - (a) resigns;
 - (b) dies;
 - (c) is absent from three consecutive ordinary meetings of the council without leave;
 - (d) is, or becomes, insolvent;
 - (e) is declared to be of unsound mind by a court of law ;
 - (f) is removed from an office of trust by a court of law, or is convicted of an offence and sentenced to a term of imprisonment without the option of a fine by a court of law ; or
 - (g) is otherwise disqualified in terms of the Rules.
- (2) In the event of a vacancy through death or otherwise, the registrar must forthwith notify the authority or body that appointed or elected the

- member, requesting the authority or body to appoint or elect a successor.
- (2A) Notwithstanding the provisions of (2) above, any vacancy in the Council in respect of a member who held office in terms of paragraph 13(1)(l), 13(1)(m) or 13(1) (n) must be filled for the balance of that member's term of office by the appointments committee.
- (3) The successor holds office for the unexpired term of office of the predecessor.
- (4) If 75 per cent or more of the members of the council resign at a meeting of the council, it is deemed that the council has resigned.
- (5) If the council resigns as contemplated in subparagraph (4), a new council must be constituted in terms of paragraphs 13 and 14.

17. Office-bearers of council

- (1) The council must elect a chairperson and a deputy chairperson from among the members of the council who are neither staff nor students.
- (2) The term of office of the chairperson and of the deputy chairperson is four years which runs concurrently with the term of office of the members who serve a four-year term, until the start of the meeting of the council elected to serve for the following four-year term.
- (3) The registrar is the secretary of the council.
- (4) The registrar must invite the council to elect a chairperson and a deputy chairperson at the first meeting of the new council.
- (5) A retiring office-bearer is eligible for re-election, if he or she is still a member of the council.
- (6) If a vacancy occurs in the office of chairperson or deputy chairperson within the term of office, the registrar must invite the council at its next ordinary meeting to fill the vacancy for the unexpired period of the term of office.
- (7) The chairperson presides at all meetings of the council at which he or she is present.
- (8) The deputy chairperson presides at meetings of the council in the absence of the chairperson.
- (9) If both the chairperson and the deputy chairperson are absent, the council elects a chairperson for the meeting concerned from those members present who are neither staff nor students.

COUNCIL MEETINGS

18. Ordinary meetings

The ordinary meetings of the council must be held when and where the council decides, and at least four ordinary meetings must be held each year

19. Special meetings

- (1) Special meetings must be held -
- (a) when called by the chairperson; and
- (b) when a written request, for a special meeting, stating the object of the meeting, is received by the registrar from at least five members of the council.

- (2) At least three days notice must be given of a special meeting, unless, in the opinion of the chairperson, there is an emergency that warrants a shorter period of notice.
- (3) No matters other than those for which the meeting has been called may be dealt with at a special meeting.

20. Quorum and procedure at council meetings

- (1) The quorum at an ordinary meeting of the council is 15, provided that the majority of the members present are external members.
- (2) The quorum at a special meeting of the council is half of the total membership of the council.
- (3) The registrar must issue a written notice to each member of the council at least three days before each ordinary meeting of the council setting out the place, date and time of the meeting, and the agenda for the meeting, but the council may, if the chairperson so rules, or a majority of the total membership of the council agrees, consider any urgent matter of which notice has not yet been given.
- (4) At each ordinary meeting the council must -
 - (a) confirm the minutes of the last ordinary meeting, and the minutes of any special meeting held since then, with or without amendment, the minutes to be taken as read if copies have been sent to members prior to the meeting; and
 - (b) deal with the business of which notice has been given and any other business which a majority of the total membership of the council agrees to consider.
- (5) The council decides its own rules of debate but -
 - (a) every motion, and every amendment proposed must be seconded and must, if the chairperson requires this, be in writing and a motion or amendment that is not seconded falls away;
 - (b) except where the Act or this Statute requires a different procedure, each question must be decided by the majority of votes of the members present and voting, and unless the meeting decides otherwise voting must be by show of hands;
 - (c) the chairperson has a deliberative vote on each question and also has a casting vote in the case of an equality in the number of votes;
 - (d) the number of members voting for and the number of members voting against any proposal must be entered in the minutes;
 - (e) where any member asks for this, his or her vote for or against a proposal must be entered in the minutes;
 - (f) a motion to make, amend or rescind this Statute may not be considered unless due notice has been given as specified in subparagraph (3);
 - (g) a motion to rescind a resolution of the council within 12 months after it was passed requires -
 - (i) a majority of two thirds of the members present and voting or failing that;
 - (ii) a simple majority of the members present and voting at two consecutive ordinary meetings of the council; and

- (h) the ruling of the chairperson on any question of order or procedure is binding unless immediately challenged by a member, in which case the chairperson must submit his or her ruling without discussion to the meeting, which decision is final and binding.

21. Financial and other interests of council members

- (1) Any member of the council or a committee of the council or a person with delegated functions in terms of subparagraph 12(4) who has a direct or indirect financial or personal interest in any matter to be discussed at a meeting must, before or during such meeting, declare such interest, and comply with such other rules and policies as the council may adopt.
- (2) After such declaration such member of the council or a committee of the council must excuse himself or herself from the meeting and any subsequent meeting at which the matter is to be discussed, and is not entitled to receive papers relating to the matter.

SENATE

22. Functions of senate

- (1) The senate is accountable to the council for the academic and research functions of the University.
- (2) Without derogating from the generality of subparagraph (1) the senate –
 - (a) must organise and control the teaching, curricula, syllabuses, examinations and research of the University;
 - (b) makes the rules for examinations and must ensure that all examinations are conducted in accordance with these rules;
 - (c) makes rules prescribing the requirements for each degree, diploma and certificate, and decides who has complied with these requirements;
 - (d) appoints examiners for all examinations;
 - (e) decides the conditions for the award of prizes, scholarships and bursaries, where applicable in accord with the terms of the relevant bequest, deed, or gift; and
 - (f) determines the people to whom such prizes, scholarships and bursaries are to be awarded.
- (3) The senate –
 - (a) must carry out such other functions as the council assigns to it;
 - (b) must submit to the council such reports on its work as may be required by the council; and
 - (c) makes recommendations to the council on matters referred to it by the council and on any other matter affecting the University as it considers necessary.
- (4) The senate may by resolution –
 - (a) establish committees of the senate;
 - (b) appoint to any such committee both members of the senate and persons who are not members of the senate;
 - (c) disestablish any committee it has established; and

- (d) terminate the membership of a committee of any person it has appointed to any committee.
- (5) The senate may delegate or assign any of its functions to –
 - (a) a committee of the senate;
 - (b) a member of the senate; or
 - (c) any officer of the University,provided that it may not delegate or assign a function delegated to it by the council without the council's agreement.
- (6) The senate remains responsible for the performance of any function delegated or assigned in terms of subparagraph (5).

23. Composition of senate

- (1) The senate consists of –
 - (a) the vice-chancellor;
 - (b) the deputy vice-chancellors;
 - (c) the deans and acting deans, and the deputy deans and acting deans
 - (d) the heads and acting heads of academic departments;
 - (e) the professors;
 - (f) twelve members of the non-professorial academic staff elected by the academic staff;
 - (g) the Executive Director of Libraries, the Executive Director of the Department of Student Affairs and additional members as determined by the institutional rules;
 - (h) six members of the professional, administrative, support and service staff elected by these staff;
 - (i) twelve students, six of whom elected by the SRC, at least two of whom must be postgraduate students, and at least one of whom must be a member of the SRC; the remaining six students are elected in terms of the institutional rules;
 - (j) two members of the council elected by the council; and
 - (k) one member from each of the academic departments and who are elected as determined by the institutional rules in such a way as to better reflect in the senate the diversity of the academic staff.
- (m) As assessor members without voting rights, the Chief Operating Officer, the Director of the Institutional Planning Department, and the Director of Student Admissions.

24. Election of members of senate

The manner in which members of the senate are elected is as determined by the Rules.

25. Term of office of senate members

- (1) The term of office of the students elected by the SRC is two calendar years as determined by the Rules.
- (2) The term of office of the other elected members of the senate is four years from 1 July to 30 June four years later, as determined by the Rules, and the term of office of any member elected, appointed, or co-opted after the start of the four-year term of office is for the balance of that four-year term of office.

26. Office-bearers of senate

- (1) The vice-chancellor is the chairperson of the senate.
- (2) In the absence of the vice-chancellor the acting vice-chancellor presides, failing the acting vice-chancellor, the meeting elects a chairperson for the meeting.
- (3) The registrar is the secretary of the senate.

27. Quorum and procedure at senate meetings

- (1) The quorum for meetings of the senate is one third of the membership, the members on leave at the date of any meeting not counting, for this purpose, among those present nor in the membership.
- (2) Ordinary meetings must be held when and where senate decides and there must be at least two ordinary meetings of the senate each year.
- (3) Any two members of the senate may place a motion on the agenda for a meeting of the senate by giving notice to the registrar at least seven days before the date of the meeting, and the registrar must include any such motion in the agenda.
- (4) The registrar must issue a notice to each member of the senate at least five days before the date of each ordinary meeting of the senate, setting out the place, date and time of the meeting, and the agenda for the meeting, but the senate may by a three quarters majority of the members present and voting agree to consider any urgent matter of which notice has not been given.
- (5) Special meetings must be held –
 - (a) when called by the chairperson; or
 - (b) when a written request for a special meeting, stating the object of the meeting, is received by the registrar from at least 30 members of the senate.
- (6) The registrar must give at least three days' notice to each member of each special meeting of the senate, setting out the place, date and time of the meeting, and the agenda for the meeting.
- (7) No other business may be dealt with at a special meeting, but –
 - (a) the senate may by a three-quarters majority of the members present and voting agree to consider any urgent matter of which notice has not been given; and
 - (b) the chairperson may dispense with the period of notice, where in his or her opinion there is an emergency.
- (8) At each ordinary meeting the senate must –
 - (a) confirm the minutes of the last ordinary meeting, and the minutes of any special meeting held since then, with or without amendment, the minutes to be taken as read if copies have been sent to members at least five days prior to the meeting; and
 - (b) deal with the business of which notice has been given and any other business which a three-quarters majority of those present and voting agrees to consider.
- (9) The senate decides its own rules of debate, but –
 - (a) every motion and every amendment proposed must be seconded, and must, if the chairperson requires this, be in writing, a motion or amendment that is not seconded falls away;

- (b) except where the Act or this Statute requires a different procedure, each question is decided by the majority of votes of the members present and voting, and unless the meeting decides otherwise voting is by show of hands;
- (c) the chairperson has a deliberative vote on each question and also has a casting vote in the case of an equality in the number of votes;
- (d) the number of members voting for and the number of members voting against any proposal must be entered in the minutes;
- (e) where any member asks for this, his or her vote for or against a proposal must be entered in the minutes;
- (f) a member may not speak more than once to any motion, or to any amendment, unless the senate allows him or her to do so, but the members moving and seconding a motion or an amendment have the right to reply to the debate before a vote is taken;
- (g) a member who believes that a question has been sufficiently discussed may move “that the question now be put” and if this is seconded –
 - (i) and if the chairperson also believes that the question has been sufficiently discussed, the chairperson must put to the senate the motion “that the question now be put” which if carried closes the debate, except that the proposer and the seconder do not lose their right to reply to the debate;
 - (ii) and if the chairperson does not believe that the question has been sufficiently discussed, the chairperson must disallow the motion, but has the right to put it as soon as he or she believes that the question has been sufficiently discussed in which case he or she must put to the senate the motion “that the question now be put” which if carried closes the debate, except that the proposer and the seconder do not lose their right to reply to the debate;
- (h) an amendment must be put before the motion or amendment to which it refers and when there are two or more amendments they are put in the order the chairperson decides;
- (i) a motion to rescind a resolution of the senate within 12 months after it was passed requires –
 1. a majority of two thirds of the members present and voting at a meeting of the senate; or
 2. a simple majority of the members present and voting at two consecutive ordinary meetings of the senate, and
- (j) the ruling of the chairperson on any question of order or procedure is binding unless immediately challenged by a member, in which case the chairperson must submit his or her ruling without discussion to the meeting which decision is final and binding.

28. Boards of faculties

- (1) For each faculty there is a committee of the senate known as a faculty board.
- (2) The composition of each faculty board is as decided by the senate from time to time, but in –
 - (a) each faculty other than the Faculty of Health Sciences the composition of the faculty board must include –
 - (i) the professors in the faculty;
 - (ii) the heads of departments in the faculty;
 - (iii) the permanent full-time associate professors, senior lecturers, lecturers and assistant lecturers in the faculty; and
 - (iv) student representatives.
 - (b) the Faculty of Health Sciences the composition of the faculty board must include –
 - (i) the professors in the faculty;
 - (ii) the heads of departments in the faculty;
 - (iii) members elected by the full-time and part-time associate professors, senior lecturers, lecturers and assistant lecturers in the faculty;
 - (iv) and student representatives.
- (3) The dean of the faculty is the chairperson of his or her faculty board and presides at all meetings of the faculty board at which he or she is present.
- (4) In the absence of the dean, the acting dean presides, and in the absence of both the faculty board must elect a member to preside at that meeting.
- (5) The faculty board –
 - (a) is responsible to the senate for organising and controlling the teaching, curricula, syllabuses, examinations and research of the faculty;
 - (b) must make proposals to the senate for rules prescribing the requirements for each degree, diploma and certificate offered in the faculty, including the requirements for admission and readmission;
 - (c) must advise the dean of the faculty on policy for resource allocation in the faculty;
 - (d) must carry out such functions as the senate delegates or assigns to it;
 - (e) is accountable to the senate for its work; and
 - (f) may by resolution establish committees of the faculty, and may appoint as members of such committees any people whether they are members of the faculty board or not.
- (6) The procedures at meetings of faculty boards are as decided by the senate from time to time.
- (6A) The quorum of a faculty board is as decided by senate from time to time but may not be less than one third of the total membership of the faculty board where the total membership is reduced by –

- (a) the number of those who are on approved leave at the date of the meeting; and
 - (b) the number of those who have missed the last three ordinary meetings of the Board prior to the meeting in question.
- (7) Ordinary meetings are held on the dates decided by the senate.
- (8) Special meetings must be held -
 - (a) when called by the dean; or
 - (b) when a written request for a special meeting, stating the object of the meeting, is received by the dean from at least 10 members of the faculty board.
- (9) The faculty board decides its own rules of debate.
- (10) The ruling of the chairperson on any question of order or procedure is binding unless immediately challenged by a member, in which case the chairperson must submit his or her ruling without discussion to the meeting which decision is then final and binding.

INSTITUTIONAL FORUM

29. Functions of institutional forum

- (1) The institutional forum must advise the council on issues affecting the University as required by the Higher Education Act, as amended.
- (2) The institutional forum provides the council with written advice on matters affecting the university.
- (3) The institutional forum considers written feedback from the council on recommendations of the institutional forum not accepted by the Council.
- (4) The institutional forum may delegate or assign any of its functions to –
 - (a) a committee of the institutional forum
 - (b) a member of the institutional forum
 - (c) any officer of the University

30. Composition of institutional forum

- (1) The institutional forum consists of –
 - (a) 10 members and alternate members elected or appointed by the council, the senate and the vice-chancellor in the manner determined by the Rules;
 - (b) 10 members and alternate members elected by the recognised staff bodies in the manner determined by the Rules; and
 - (c) 10 members and alternate members elected by the SRC in the manner determined by the Rules.
- (2) The council must strive to provide fair and equitable opportunities to all members of the institutional forum to prepare for, and participate in, meetings of the institutional forum.

31. Election of members of institutional forum

The manner in which the members of the institutional forum are elected is determined by the Rules.

32. Term of office of members of institutional forum

- (1) The term of office of the members elected by the SRC is one calendar year.
- (2) The term of office of the members elected by the recognised staff

bodies is two years.

- (3) The term of office of the members appointed by the vice-chancellor is for such periods as the vice-chancellor decides.
- (4) The term of office of the other members is four years co-incident with the four-year terms of office of members of the council and of the senate serving four-year terms of office.
- (5) A member of the institutional forum vacates his or her position on the institutional forum if he/she is absent from three consecutive ordinary meetings of the institutional forum without leave.

33. Office-bearers of institutional forum

- (1) The institutional forum must elect three co-chairpersons, one from the members elected or appointed by the council, the senate and the vice-chancellor, one from the members elected by recognised staff bodies, and one from the members elected by the SRC.
- (2) The co-chairpersons preside at meetings in rotation.
- (3) In the absence of the co-chairperson scheduled to preside, the next co-chairperson in the order of rotation presides.
- (4) In the absence of all co-chairpersons, a member elected by those present presides.
- (5) The co-chairpersons hold office for such term of office as the institutional forum decides.
- (6) A person ceases to be a co-chairperson if he or she ceases to be a member of the institutional forum or resigns from the office of co-chairperson.
- (7) If a vacancy occurs in any office of co-chairperson, the institutional forum must fill the vacancy from the group from which the existing co-chairperson was elected, for the unexpired period of his or her term of office.

34. Quorum and procedure at meetings of institutional forum

- (1) The quorum at meeting of the institutional forum is determined by the institutional rules.
- (2) An alternate member may attend any meeting of the institutional forum but may only participate in the deliberations of, and any voting in, the institutional forum if the substantive member to whom he or she is an alternate is absent.
- (3) The institutional forum determines its own procedures subject to the following -
 - (a) ordinary meetings must be held when and where the institutional forum decides, but there must be at least two ordinary meetings of the institutional forum each year;
 - (b) special meetings must be held –
 - (i) when called by the three co-chairpersons; or
 - (ii) when a written request for a special meeting, stating the object of the meeting, is received by the registrar from at least six members of the institutional forum.
 - (c) The ruling of the chairperson on any question of order or procedure is binding unless immediately challenged by a member, in which case the chairperson must submit his or her ruling without discussion to the meeting which decision is final and binding.

JOINT COMMITTEES

35. Joint committees

- (1) The council, the senate or the institutional forum may, by resolution of each body concerned, establish joint committees, and appoint people to be members of them.
- (2) In addition to their members the council, the senate or the institutional forum, may each agree to appoint any other person to a joint committee.
- (3) Any joint committee may be disestablished by the council and the membership of any person appointed to a joint committee may be terminated by the body which appointed him or her.
- (4) The council may delegate or assign to a joint committee any of its powers and functions, other than those specified in paragraph 12(5), but remains responsible for the performance of those powers and functions.
- (5) The senate may delegate or assign to a joint committee any of its functions, but remains responsible for the performance of those functions.
- (6) The institutional forum may delegate or assign to a joint committee any of its functions, but remains responsible for the performance of those functions.

36. Composition of council, senate, institutional forum, committees and joint committees

Any person or body appointing a person, or nominating a candidate for election to the council, the senate, the institutional forum or a committee or a joint committee must have regard to the historic under-representation of women, in particular black women, and black people in general on such bodies and the need to redress that.

CONVOCATION

37. Functions of convocation

The convocation may discuss and state its opinion upon any matter relating to the University, including any matter referred to it by the council, the senate or the institutional forum.

38. Composition of convocation

The convocation consists of -

- (a) the graduates and all holders of diplomas and certificates of the University;
- (b) the vice-chancellor, the deputy vice-chancellors and the academic staff; and
- (c) those former professors, associate professors and academic officers elected by the senate to be emeritus professors or emeritus associate professors, or emeritus vice-chancellor, or emeritus registrar, or emeritus university librarian.

39. Roll of convocation

- (1) The registrar must keep the roll of convocation.
- (2) Every member of convocation must notify the registrar of his or her address and of any change of address.

40. President of convocation

- (1) There must be a president of the convocation who –
 - (a) is elected by the convocation from its members at an annual general meeting;
 - (b) holds office until the close of the second annual general meeting thereafter; and
 - (c) presides at all meetings of the convocation at which he or she is present.
- (2) If a vacancy occurs in the office of the president of the convocation, the vice-chancellor acts until the next annual general meeting which must elect a president to hold office until the close of the second annual general meeting thereafter.

41. Meetings of convocation

- (1) There must be an annual general meeting of the convocation.
- (2) Special general meetings of the convocation –
 - (a) may be called by the president at his or her own instance; or
 - (b) must be called by the president, or in his or her absence by the registrar, when a written request for a special meeting, stating the object of the meeting, is received by the president, or the registrar, from at least 300 members of the convocation.
- (3) The registrar must give notice in a form to be decided by the president of the date, time and place of the annual general meeting of the convocation to each member of the convocation at least 6 weeks before the date of the meeting and must include in this notice –
 - (a) the date by which notices of motion to be considered at the meeting must be received by him or her; and
 - (b) details as to when and how the agenda for the meeting is to be published, the form and the manner of publication to be decided by the president, or failing the president, by the vice-chancellor.
- (4) The registrar must give notice of the date, time and place of any special general meeting at least five days before the date of the meeting in the form and manner decided by the president, or failing the president by the vice-chancellor; this must include –

a notice on the University's home page on the Worldwide Web.

42. Quorum and procedure at meetings of convocation

- The procedure at a meeting of the convocation is decided by the meeting, but -
- (a) the quorum at an annual general meeting is 30;

- (b) the quorum at a special general meeting is 100;
- (c) at the annual general meeting the convocation must -
 - (i) confirm the minutes of the last annual general meeting and of any special general meeting held since then, with or without amendment; and
 - (ii) deal with the business of which notice has been given, and any other business which a three-quarters majority of those present agrees to consider.
- (d) at a special general meeting the convocation must deal with the business, and only the business, of which notice has been given;
- (e) in the absence of the president, the meeting must elect a member to preside for that meeting;
- (f) no member may, without the permission of the meeting, speak more than once to any motion or to any amendment, except that the proposer and seconder of any motion or any amendment must have the right of reply to the debate on the motion or the amendment as the case may be;
- (g) the chairperson has a deliberative vote on each question and also has a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes; and
- (h) the ruling of the chairperson on any question of order or procedure is binding unless immediately challenged by a member, in which case the chairperson must submit his or her ruling without discussion to the meeting which decision is final and binding.

FACULTIES AND DEPARTMENTS

43. Faculties and departments

- (1) The council may, with the concurrence of the senate, establish or disestablish faculties.
- (2) The council may, with the concurrence of the senate, establish or disestablish departments.

SRC

44. SRC

- (1) There is an SRC, which represents all students within the University.
- (2) The SRC consists of between fifteen and twenty students as prescribed in the SRC constitution elected in a general election in the second term of each year in which every student who has been registered for at least one term is entitled to vote.
- (3) The SRC functions in terms of a constitution approved by the Council as a set of institutional rules, which determines the manner of election, the term of office, the functions and the privileges of the SRC.

45. Appointments committee of council

- (1) The appointments committee must make appointments to the Council as provided for in paragraph 13(1)(n) and fill vacancies on the council as provided for in paragraph 16(2A).

- (2) The appointments committee consists of –
 - (a) the chairperson of the council, or failing the chairperson the deputy chairperson, or failing both a member of the council who is neither a staff member nor a student, chosen by the council;
 - (b) the chairperson of the trustees of the UCT Foundation;
 - (c) a trustee of the UCT Foundation who is neither a staff member nor a student, chosen by the trustees;
 - (d) a person who is neither a staff member nor a student, chosen by organised labour in NEDLAC;
 - (e) the vice-chancellor;
 - (f) a dean chosen by the deans of faculties from their number; and
 - (g) the president of the SRC.

REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS, GRANTING OF CREDITS AND EXEMPTIONS AND AWARDING OF QUALIFICATIONS

46. Period of registration as student

A student must register and once registered remains registered until the day before the start of the next academic year, or until he or she graduates or is awarded a diploma or certificate, or is expelled, or for such shorter period as council decides, whichever is the shortest.

47. Award of credits and exemptions

- (1) Subject to subparagraphs (2), (3) and (4) the senate may –
 - (a) grant credit for a course prescribed for a degree, diploma or certificate to a student who has completed a course or courses or other work which the senate considers equivalent at another university or elsewhere;
 - (b) grant exemption from a course prescribed for a degree, diploma or certificate to a student who has completed a course or courses or work which the senate considers equivalent at another university or elsewhere; and
 - (c) accept as part of the period of attendance and registration prescribed for a degree, (other than an honours bachelor), diploma or certificate, a period or periods of attendance and registration, at another university or elsewhere.
- (2) The senate may not grant credit for more than half of the courses prescribed for the degree, diploma or certificate in question in respect of a course, or courses, or other work completed at another university, or elsewhere.
- (3) A candidate for a degree, diploma or certificate must attend at and be registered as a student of the University -
 - (a) for a one year programme, for a full academic year;
 - (b) for a three year programme, for at least two academic years one of which must be the final year;
 - (c) for a four year programme, for at least the final two years; and
 - (d) for a five or six year programme, for at least three academic years including the final two years.

- (4) The combined periods of attendance and registration at the University and at another university or elsewhere accepted by the senate for this purpose must be not less than the minimum period prescribed by the senate for the degree, diploma or certificate in question.
- (5) The senate may -
 - (a) grant credit for a course prescribed for a degree, diploma or certificate to a student who has completed the course, or an equivalent course, while registered at the University for another degree, diploma or certificate; and
 - (b) accept, as part of the period of registration prescribed for the degree, diploma or certificate, all or part of a period of attendance at the University while registered for another degree, diploma or certificate, provided that where the degree, or degrees, diploma or diplomas, certificate or certificates concerned has or have been conferred or awarded the senate may not -
 - (i) grant credit for more than half of the prescribed courses except to the extent that it grants credit for courses previously completed over and above the requirements prescribed for the completed degree, diploma or certificate; or
 - (ii) accept as part of the prescribed period of attendance and registration -
 - (aa) for a one year programme, any period;
 - (bb) for a three year programme, more than one and a half years;
 - (cc) for a four year programme, more than two years; or
 - (dd) for a five or six year programme, more than three years.

48. Admission as candidates for degrees of master or doctor

The senate may admit a person as a candidate for the degree of master or doctor -

- (a) if it is satisfied that the person is qualified to undertake the proposed line of study or research or both; and
- (b) who is a graduate of the University or another institution; or
- (c) who has attained a level of competence which in senate's opinion is adequate for the purpose of postgraduate study or research or both in the proposed line of study or research or both.

49. Degrees, diplomas and certificates by examination

- (1) The University may, subject to the Act, award diplomas and certificates and confer degrees of bachelor, honours bachelor, master and doctor in any faculty.
- (2) Except as is provided by paragraph 50 no degree may be conferred upon, and no diploma or certificate may be awarded to, any person who has not –

- (a) been registered as a student of the University for the period and under the conditions which the senate prescribes; and
- (b) completed the courses and passed in the examinations prescribed by the senate.

50. Honorary degrees

- (1) The University may confer an honorary degree of doctor upon any person –
 - (a) by resolution of the senate and the council on the grounds of his or her distinguished contribution to learning; or
 - (b) by resolution of the council on any other grounds.
- (2) A proposal that the University confer an honorary degree of doctor –
 - (a) must be in writing and must be received by the registrar by the date decided from time to time by the council;
 - (b) for consideration by the senate and the council must be made by a member of the senate or a member of the council;
 - (c) for consideration by the council must be made by a member of the council;
 - (d) must state the degree proposed and the grounds on which the proposal is made; and
 - (e) must be referred by the registrar to the joint honorary degrees committee of the senate and the council, which must in turn make a recommendation to the senate and the council, or the council, as the case may be.
- (3) The procedures that the senate and the council follow in dealing with a proposal that the University confer an honorary degree must be decided by the senate and the council respectively, but –
 - (a) all voting on a proposal in either body must be by secret ballot, and voting on a proposal in senate must be by secret postal ballot;
 - (b) a resolution of the senate to confer an honorary degree requires a vote of a majority in favour of the members of the senate voting in the ballot;
 - (c) the members of the senate who do not vote and who are on leave on the date the ballot is taken do not count, for this purpose, in the membership of the senate; and
 - (d) a resolution of the council to confer an honorary degree requires a vote of a majority in favour of the membership of the council.
- (4) The award of an honorary degree to a person does not entitle that person to practise any profession.

51. Conferment of degrees and award of diplomas and certificates

- (1) Degrees are conferred, and diplomas and certificates are awarded at a congregation.
- (2) Congregations are held at times and places decided by the council after consultation with the senate, and the procedures at a congregation,

including the procedures for the presentation of those who have qualified for degrees, diplomas and certificates, the award of diplomas and certificates and the conferment of degrees in a person's absence are as decided by the council after consultation with the senate.

- (3) A person is not entitled to any privilege conferred by any degree before he or she has been admitted to such a degree, or to any privilege conferred by any diploma or certificate before he or she has been awarded such a diploma or certificate, at a congregation.

DISCIPLINARY MEASURES AND PROCEDURES

52. Discipline

Every student and member of staff must comply with all Rules.

53. Disciplinary measures and procedures

Every student is subject to the disciplinary measures and procedures determined by institutional rules .

REGISTRAR

54. Appointment of registrar

The council appoints the registrar who holds office for the period and upon the terms the council decides.

55. Functions of registrar

The registrar -

- (a) is secretary of the council, the senate and the convocation;
- (b) may delegate or assign any function provided for in this statute to a member of staff but remains responsible for the performance of any function he or she delegates or assigns; and
- (c) performs such other functions as the vice-chancellor may from time to time decide.

GENERAL AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

56. Issue of notices

The inadvertent failure or omission to give notice as prescribed in this Statute to any person entitled to receive it, or the non-receipt of such notice by any person, does not invalidate the proceedings.

57. Numerical fractions

Where a numerical fraction of a number is prescribed in this Statute and where this is not an integral number, the next higher integral number must be taken to be the prescribed number.

58. Procedures where there is no quorum

Where a meeting of the council, the senate, or the institutional forum is called in the manner this Statute requires, and there is no quorum, the chairperson (or in the case of the institutional forum any two co-chairpersons) may adjourn the meeting to a date not less than seven days later and require the registrar to give notice of the time and venue of the adjourned meeting to all members of the body concerned and if this is done the members present at the start of the adjourned meeting constitute a quorum despite any provision to the contrary.

59. General and transitional provisions

- (1) Anything done under any provision of the University of Cape Town (Private) Act, 1999, before this Statute came into operation, is deemed to have been done under the corresponding provision of this Statute.
- (2) The council, the senate and the institutional forum which existed at the commencement of this Statute continue to exist in so far as they are consistent with the provisions of the Act and this Statute.
- (3) The existing regulations promulgated in terms of the Universities Act, 1955 (Act No. 61 of 1955), which were in force at the commencement of the Higher Education Act, 1997 (Act No. 101 of 1997) continue to apply until replaced.

NATIONAL TREASURY**NO. 42****24 JANUARY 2020**

I, Tito Titus Mboweni, Minister of Finance, acting in terms of the Division of Revenue Act, 2019 (Act No. 16 of 2019), hereby publish in the attached Schedule -

(a) The allocation of Schedule 7, Part A allocations to Eastern Cape - Provincial Emergency Housing Grant

For ease of reference only and where applicable, the attached Schedule reflect the allocations published in the Division of Revenue amendment Act, 2019 Schedule 7, Part A.

This Government Notice is set out as follows:

Part 1: Conditional allocations; and

Part 2: Explanatory memorandum relating thereto.



TT MBOWENI, MP
MINISTER OF FINANCE

Explanatory Memorandum to the Provincial Allocations set out in the Schedules

This *Gazette* is published in terms of the Division of Revenue Act, 2019 (Act No. 16 of 2019), and provides information on adjustments to existing allocations to national departments and provinces in the 2019/20 financial year.

This is necessitated by the need to allocate a portion of an unallocated Schedule 7, Part A grant to Eastern Cape following heavy rains and flooding experienced by the provinces.

This *Gazette* therefore updates information that was published in the Division of Amendment Revenue Act, 2019.

This notice affects the Provincial Emergency Housing Grant,

- a) In compliance with Section 26 of the Division of Revenue Act, 2019 the national Department of Human Settlements allocates R90.153 million to Eastern Cape from the unallocated Provincial Emergency Housing Grant (Schedule 7, Part A).

SCHEDULE 7, PART A

TRANSFERS FROM THE PROVINCIAL EMERGENCY HOUSING GRANT

Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Province	Column A		
				2019/20 (Division of Revenue Amendment Act, 2019)	Adjustment	2019/20 Adjusted Allocation
Human Settlements (Vote 38)	Provincial Emergency Housing Grant	To provide funding to provinces for the provision of temporary shelter assistance to households affected by disasters or a housing emergency; to provide funding to provinces to repair the damage to housing for low-income households following a disaster or housing emergency if the costs of repairs are less than the cost of relocation and provision of temporary shelter.		R'000	R'000	R'000
			Eastern Cape	-	90 153	90 153
			Free State	-	-	-
			Gauteng	-	-	-
			KwaZulu-Natal	-	-	-
			Limpopo	-	-	-
			Mpumalanga	-	-	-
			Northern Cape	-	-	-
			North West	-	-	-
			Western Cape	-	-	-
			Unallocated	276 900	(90 153)	186 747
			TOTAL	276 900	-	276 900

NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION**NO. 43****24 JANUARY 2020****INTERNAL RULES OF PROTECTED AREAS MANAGED BY EZEMVELO KZN WILDLIFE (the KWAZULU-NATAL CONSERVATION BOARD)**

These Internal Rules are as provided for in terms of section 52(1) of the National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act read with the Proper Administration Regulations and are subject to such legislation and are to be applied in addition thereto

Definitions

Words used in these Rules shall have the meanings assigned to them below or as otherwise defined in the Act or its regulations.

Accommodation Unit:

Means any Rondavel, Square Davel cottage, lodge, cabin, chalet, hut, hiking hut, bungalow, hotel in a resort or any other built structure intended for permanent or temporary human habitation.

Act:

The National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, no 57 of 2003 as amended from time to time.

Adult:

Means any person over twelve years of age or older.

Aircraft:

Means a manned or unmanned machine or equipment used or capable of controlled flight and includes but is not limited to glider, hang glider, paraglider, parawing, helicopter, aeroplane, balloon or remote-controlled drone.

Authority:

Means the Board which is the management authority for a Protected Area established by Government and managed by the Board and as defined or contemplated by the WHCA or the Act and which is represented by the employee appointed by the Board to manage the PA in question.

Board:

Means the KwaZulu-Natal Nature Conservation Board as defined by the KwaZulu-Natal Nature Conservation Management Act No.9 of 1997 and which operates as Ezemvelo KZN Wildlife and which is represented by its Chief Executive Officer.

Camping site:

Means any area in the PA set apart and marked or otherwise indicated as a place in which visitors may camp or take up temporary abode and shall include a cave / overhang designated as temporary, overnight, shelter.

Cultural Sites:

Any portion of a PA containing artefacts or evidence of human culture warranting protection in terms of any law generally applicable to the protection of human cultural artefacts or evidence.

Field Ranger:

Means any officer duly appointed as a Field Ranger.

Graffiti:

Means any unauthorised inscription, word, figure, or design that is marked, etched, scratched, drawn, or painted on any surface within the PA, including but not limited to, buildings, walls, signs, structures or places, rocks, trees, stumps or logs, or other surfaces, regardless of the nature of the surface or its location in the PA.

Hang glider or Glider:

Means any craft, machine or device capable of normal controlled flight other than under mechanical power or jet propulsion.

Management:

In relation to a protected area, includes control, protection, conservation, maintenance and rehabilitation of the protected area with due regard to the use and extraction of biological resources, community-based practices and benefit sharing activities in the area in a manner consistent with the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, No. 10 of 2004 read with the Act.

Management Unit:

Means the specific geographic area/sector of the PA. The boundaries of these areas do not necessarily follow original protected area boundaries.

Officer:

Means any employee of the Authority, irrespective of rank or office and irrespective of whether or not such employee is on duty or off duty at the time and includes an Honorary Officer.

Officer-in-Charge:

Means the senior officer in charge of a PA or a Resort or a section of a PA irrespective of rank that person may hold.

Paraglider or Parawing means any equipment or device capable of powered or unpowered flight or gliding by way of a parafoil or parachute and includes 'basejumping' and recreational parachuting.

Picnic Site:

An area designated by the Authority where visitors to the PA may alight from their Vehicle for the purposes of using the facilities provided for rest and recreation.

Proper Administration Regulations:

Means

- (a) In respect of the UDP WHS: The Regulations for the Proper Administration of Special Nature Reserves, National Parks and World Heritage Sites published under GNR 1061 of 2005 (GG 28181 of 28 October 2005).

- (b) In respect of all other Nature Reserves: Regulations for the Proper Administration of Nature Reserves, 2012 published under GNR 99 of 2012 (GG 35021 of 8 February 2012).

Protected Area (the PA):

- (a) Means any area declared or proclaimed as such in terms of section 3 or listed in the Second Schedule to the KwaZulu-Natal Conservation Management Act No.9 of 1997; and / or
- (b) Means any of the protected areas referred to in section 9 of the Act and where such area is or is deemed to be a provincial protected area in terms of the Act;
- and / or
- (c) Means any protected area otherwise declared or deemed to have been declared to be a protected area in terms of the Act.
- and / or
- (d) Means the UDP WHS.

Resort:

A Visitor Area provided by the Authority for the use and enjoyment of visitors to a PA.

UDP WHS:

Means the uKhahlamba Drakensberg Park which comprise the South African components of the Maloti-Drakensberg Park World Heritage Site as listed under the World Heritage Convention and which are also known as the uKhahlamba-Drakensberg Park World Heritage Site.

Vehicle:

Means any vehicle or device in, upon or by any person or goods is or are or may be transported or drawn and includes any combination of vehicles irrespective of power source.

Viewing Hide:

Any hide, shelter or designated place where visitors to a Protected Area can alight from their Vehicle for the purpose of viewing wildlife and / or scenery.

Visitor Area:

Any reception area, Accommodation Unit, Camping Site, Picnic Site, Viewing Hide or any similar area demarcated for visitors to a PA to alight from a vehicle or otherwise remain.

WHCA:

The World Heritage Convention Act, No.49 of 1999 as amended from time to time.

Wilderness Area:

Means "an area designated.... for the purpose of retaining an intrinsically wild appearance and character, or capable of being restored to such and which is undeveloped and roadless, without permanent improvements or human habitation" as defined in the Act.

World Heritage Site:

Means a world heritage site as defined in the WHCA under Chapter 1, section 1 subsection (xxiv).

Zoning:

The zoning of the PA as set out in the Management Plan as contemplated in Section 41(2)(g) of the Act and 'Zone' shall refer to a component of the Zoning.

General Rules

Application: These Rules apply to all persons in all protected areas in KwaZulu-Natal except those protected areas forming part of the iSimangaliso Wetland Park World Heritage Site and Marine Protected Areas.

Any power or function which may be exercised by an official may be exercised by any senior ranking official which are, in descending order of rank: The Board (i.e. the Chief Executive Officer), Authority (a senior manager having the requisite authority), Officer-in-Charge and Officer / Ranger.

1. Entering the PA

No person shall, subject to the provisions of Section 46 of the Act, without special permission of the Authority:

- 1.1. Enter or leave the PA at any other place other than an entrance gate or other place specifically designated by the Authority as a point of entry into or exit from the PA subject to the following conditions:

- 1.1.1. Where a national, provincial or municipal road pass through the PA as a transit road and not as an internal road then:

- 1.1.1.1. No permission shall be required to pass through the PA to a destination outside the PA in question on such a road;

- 1.1.1.2. No person shall be permitted to stop on such a road or to leave such a road or enter into the PA from such a road other than in compliance with section 1.1 above.

- 1.1.2. Where the Authority permits access to a PA:

- 1.1.2.1. The Authority may:

- 1.1.2.1.1. Limit access to specific areas of the PA in question;

- 1.1.2.1.2. Prohibit access to specific areas of the PA in question;

- 1.1.2.1.3. Regulate conditions of entry into the PA in question by way of one or more of the following means:

- Signposts;
- Verbal notification by an Officer;
- Written notification;
- Maps.

- 1.1.2.2. Limit the number of visitors within a PA or part thereof at any particular time in line with management objectives.

- 1.1.2.3. Any person accessing the PA does so subject to the provisions of the General Indemnification of the Authority against all claims or damages arising from such person's entry or those of any accompanying minors or babies. This indemnification is given in respect of any act or omission of the Authority, its officers, employees or agents and irrespective of whether such act or omission is grossly negligent. Signs, notices or conditions contained elsewhere shall not limit the generality of this indemnification.
- 1.1.2.4. No person may enter or exit the PA except through a designated point but, irrespective of whether or not a designated point is used, the person will be bound by these Rules.
- 1.1.2.5. All persons within a PA must, upon request by an Officer, produce acceptable means of identification and a valid entry permit / voucher.
- 1.1.2.6. Any person who, as pilot or passenger, who uses an aircraft at an altitude of 13,800 feet or less above sea level over ground constituting the UDP WHS will be deemed to have entered the UDP WHS and will be bound by these Rules (to the extent applicable) and by any Protected Airspace Rules of the Authority.

2. Times of Entry

- 2.1. No person shall enter or exit the PA at any time other than the time prescribed by the Authority from time to time. Admission to the PA shall not give any person the right to be outside any resort or visitor area outside the time laid down by the Authority for entry into and exit from such resort or visitor area.
- 2.2. The officer in charge shall have the right to levy an administrative penalty when required to operate outside of normal operating hours.

3. Entrance fees payable

- 3.1. No person may enter a PA and / or a Resort without payment of the required entrance fees determined by the management authority from time to time.
- 3.2. Daily entrance fees (including conservation, rescue and/or community levies etc.) shall be payable for every day / night stayed in the PA.
- 3.3. Any person entering or exiting a PA outside of the stipulated times may be charged a surplus in addition to any other fee payable.
- 3.4. Resort fees are payable in addition to PA entrance fees.
- 3.5. No person may enter a PA without a written permit / voucher issued by the management authority.
- 3.6. No person may knowingly assist or facilitate any other person's entry into the PA without the requisite written permit / voucher.
- 3.7. No person may knowingly assist or facilitate any other person's entry into a Resort or overnighting in a Resort without payment of the requisite fees and / or without a written permit / voucher.

4. Weapons may be conveyed into the PA on certain conditions

- 4.1. A person in possession of a valid licence or otherwise lawfully permitted to carry such weapon in question may convey that weapon into the PA subject to the following rules:

- 4.1.1. No unlawful weapons may be conveyed into the PA.
- 4.1.2. All weapons and ammunition of whatever nature shall be disclosed at the first checkpoint, whether such checkpoint be an entrance gate, reception, a resort or an office, as the case may be, for the purposes stipulated above.
- 4.2. The Officer or agent to whom such weapons and ammunition are disclosed shall record the details of such weapon and the amount of ammunition and may require the owner to seal such weapons and ammunition in such a manner that the weapons and ammunition cannot be used without the seals being broken.
- 4.3. A record of the weapon and ammunition will be issued and must be presented upon demand by any officer or law enforcement official and when exiting the protected area.
- 4.4. The owner shall ensure that the weapons are not loaded when being sealed.
- 4.5. When leaving the PA, the weapons and ammunition shall again be presented for inspection by an Officer or agent.
- 4.6. When required to be sealed: Any person found to be in possession of an unsealed weapon and / or ammunition or, in respect of which the seal is broken or who is unable to account for any weapon or ammunition shall be guilty of an offence and liable to prosecution.
- 4.7. For the purposes of this provision: weapon shall include any firearm, muzzle loading gun, air rifle, paint ball gun bow, crossbow or other device used for the discharge of any projectile as well as any other dangerous weapon and ammunition shall include the projectile and / or propellant as the case may be.
- 4.8. The Board may exempt members of a recognised law enforcement agency or other persons engaged on official business in the PA from the requirements of this provision.
- 4.9. The Board may, by notice make special provisions applicable to hunting and culling operations in protected areas.

5. Visitor road access

- 5.1. No person shall enter any part of the PA closed to the public or drive any vehicle at any place other than on roads designated for visitors.
- 5.2. No person shall enter or drive on any road within the PA shown by a notice as being closed or obstructed in any manner.
- 5.3. No person may drive any vehicle off the road without a written permit issued by the Authority or instructed to do so by an officer.
- 5.4. No person shall, without the permission of an officer, travel upon or use any road or path or any part thereof or enter any area in the PA or resort which is not open to the public unless:
 - 5.4.1. That person has obtained the written permission of the Officer-in-Charge to do so; and
 - 5.4.2. is accompanied by an officer unless specifically exempted by the Officer-in-Charge.

6. Cultural Sites

Cultural Sites are symbols of living heritage and must be respected as such. For the purposes of this provision: A Cultural Site extends 50m from the outermost clearly noticeable cultural artefact (e.g. paintings, structures and other physical artefacts holding cultural importance). The following are prohibited at cultural sites:

- 6.1. Touching the rock paintings or the rock surface immediately surrounding any rock paintings;
- 6.2. Leaning anything against the rock paintings or the rock surface immediately surrounding any rock paintings;
- 6.3. Pouring or spraying any liquid (including water) or any other substance onto the rock paintings;
- 6.4. Drawing or scratching on the rock paintings or rock face and decorating or damaging the walls of the site;
- 6.5. Stirring up dust when walking through or visiting the rock art sites;
- 6.6. Removing any artefacts or stone, stone tools or offcuts and shards produced in the making of such;
- 6.7. Defacing or damaging a Cultural Site or any part thereof.
- 6.8. Removing or attempting to remove any substrate on or in which a cultural artefact (including a painting) is located;
- 6.9. Camping or picnicking in or near Cultural Sites;
- 6.10. Littering, making fires or using candles and flame or heat irradiating lamps within or near cultural sites.
- 6.11. Using flash photography or exposing painting to bright or intense lighting.

Any person who contravenes the above will, in addition to contravening this rule, be liable for prosecution under the National Heritage Resources Act No. 25 of 1999 as well as applicable provincial legislation.

7. Animals not allowed

- 7.1. Except as provided for below; no person shall bring an animal of whatever nature, including indigenous wild animals, livestock or pets, into a PA.
- 7.2. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules: a disabled person who is assisted by a trained working dog may bring such dog into a Visitor Area subject to the following:
 - 7.2.1. No dog may be brought into a Visitor Area located in a PA where lion, leopard, spotted hyena or wild dog are present.
 - 7.2.2. Such dog is to be kept under direct physical control by means of a leash and / or harness at all times.
 - 7.2.3. Such dog is to be vaccinated and must have been dewormed no more than 30 days prior to entering the Visitor Area. Proof of deworming and proof of vaccination against rabies, canine distemper, canine parvo-virus, canine hepatitis, canine para-influenza and leptospirosis must be carried at all times.
 - 7.2.4. Such dog may not leave the Visitor Area.

- 7.2.5. Faeces must be removed by the owner and disposed of.
- 7.2.6. Any dog disturbing wildlife or causing a nuisance to other visitors must be confined or removed from the Visitor Area.
- 7.3. Any other person wishing to bring a wild animal, pet or domestic animal into a PA must obtain written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge of the PA before attempting to do so. Such authorisation:
 - 7.3.1. Is entirely within the discretion of the Officer-in-Charge, and
 - 7.3.2. must be presented upon demand.
 - 7.3.3. shall be limited to the PA identified
 - 7.3.4. is subject to such other terms and conditions which the Officer-in-Charge might specify.
- 7.4. No permission for any species listed in terms of the Alien and Invasive Species Regulations, or proposed to be listed will be granted except to re-stock existing trout dams.
- 7.5. Bringing of any wild animal (indigenous or otherwise) into a PA will be subject such additional permits and authorisations prescribed by law.
- 7.6. Any unauthorised animal found in a PA may be impounded or destroyed by an Officer.
- 7.7. Bring any animal into a PA is entirely at the risk of the person doing so.

8. Overnight Accommodation

- 8.1. No person shall stay or overnight in any part of the PA at any place other than a resort or any other place designated by the Authority for such stay.
- 8.2. Accommodation in the PA may only be occupied from 14h00 on the day of arrival and must be vacated before 10h00 on the day of departure.
- 8.3. No person shall stay or overnight in a resort camp in the PA or any part of the PA without payment of the fees determined by The Authority from time to time.
- 8.4. No person shall stay or overnight in a resort camp in the PA or any part of the PA before having reported to an employee or officer in the reception office of such rest camp in question: Provided that no person shall stay overnight in a resort unless accommodation or a camping site is available for that person.
- 8.5. No smoking is permitted in any Visitor Area unless such area is specifically demarcated for such purpose or such area is both out of doors and removed from other visitors.

9. Lighting of fires

- 9.1. No person shall light or attempt to light a fire outside an officially demarcated fire place or braai area within the PA, without written permission from an Officer.
- 9.2. No fires may be made in any caves or cultural sites
- 9.3. No person may discard any object in any place where it may cause a fire to light.
- 9.4. Any person lighting a fire remains liable for the safe extinguishing of such fire.

10. Types of vehicles allowed

- 10.1. No person shall enter into or operate in the PA with any vehicle other than a vehicle that conforms to the dimensions and other requirements prescribed by the Authority from time to time.
- 10.2. Unless otherwise specified a motor vehicle, duly licenced for operation on national roads, shall be permitted for use on designated roads within the PA.
- 10.3. Use of off-road vehicles such as motor cross bikes, quad bikes and dune buggies are generally prohibited but may be used if specifically authorised by an Officer.
- 10.4. Non-motorised vehicles may only be used in demarcated areas or with the written permission of an Officer.

11. Vehicles to be registered, licensed and roadworthy

- 11.1. No person shall enter, drive or operate in the PA, a motor vehicle that is not lawfully registered and licensed, in terms of the National Road Traffic Act (Act 93 of 1996).
- 11.2. No person shall enter, drive or operate in the PA, a motor vehicle that is not in a roadworthy condition as is set out in the National Road Traffic Act.
- 11.3. No person shall drive or operate in the PA a motor vehicle, unless that person is in possession of a valid driver's licence for the vehicle in question.
- 11.4. No person shall drive or operate in the PA a motor vehicle, unless such person keeps such valid driver's licence with him or her at all at times whilst driving or operating such vehicle.
- 11.5. Any additional restriction on the use of motor vehicles may be imposed by means of a notice.

12. Traffic laws to apply

- 12.1. All laws, ordinances and other statutory enactments applicable to public roads in South Africa apply to roads within the PA subject to express amendment by these Rules.
- 12.2. Despite any other provision of these Rules; any wild animal has right of way on any road and the killing, interfering or injuring of any animal is strictly prohibited.
- 12.3. Despite any other provision of these Rules; bona fide viewing of game, nature or scenery is expressly provided for and such viewing shall not constitute a breach of these Rules except to the extent that such viewing constitutes reckless driving.
- 12.4. No person shall enter a road in the PA unless it can be done in a manner that does not compromise the safety of the driver, any other person or animals on or near the road.
- 12.5. No person or driver of any motor vehicle that has been involved in, or contributed to, an accident in the PA shall remove a vehicle or vehicles from the scene of such accident, except for the purposes of sufficiently allowing the passage of traffic, without the authority of an Officer.
- 12.6. Any driver who negligently, recklessly or deliberately kills or injures any animal shall, in addition to any other law including criminal prosecution, be liable to the Board for the commercial value of such animal.

13. Prohibited acts – vehicles

- 13.1. No person driving any vehicle in the PA shall:
- 13.1.1. Drive, park or stop in such a manner that it constitutes a nuisance, disturbance, inconvenience or danger to any other person, causes an obstruction, blocks the pathway of an emergency vehicle or causes damages of any kind including damage to plants.
 - 13.1.2. Park a vehicle in a place other than on a designated road or parking area or in a place specifically designated for that purpose.
 - 13.1.3. Drive anywhere excepting on the road or other specifically permitted place.
 - 13.1.4. Damage or potentially damage any road or property.
 - 13.1.5. Without the special permission of the Authority, in a PA exceed such speed limits as the Authority may from time to time impose and display by means of signage. Unless otherwise indicated the speed limit on all roads shall be 40km/hr
 - 13.1.6. Officers on duty and in demarcated vehicles may exceed the stipulated speed limits and generally operate at 60km/hr where necessary and safe to do so.
 - 13.1.7. Deliberately drive a vehicle close to any game animal with the intention, or where the result is, that the animal in question is disturbed in its natural environment.
 - 13.1.8. No person shall drive a vehicle close to any game animal where, by doing so, they risk damage or injury to any person or property including their own.
 - 13.1.9. Show intolerance or discourtesy to any other road user in the PA.
 - 13.1.10. No person may alight or leave a vehicle for any reason whatsoever except in a visitor area specifically designated for such purpose unless authorised to do so by an Officer.
- 13.2. No person shall without the permission of the Authority, operate any vehicle or combination of vehicles on any road in any the PA if any axle weight thereof exceeds the maximum axle weight determined by the Authority from time to time. Unless otherwise indicated the maximum axle weight permitted in the PA is 8, 164 kg.
- 13.3. No person shall drive any vehicle in the PA in a reckless or negligent manner. Without restricting the ordinary meaning of the word "reckless" a person driving a vehicle will be deemed to have driven the vehicle in a reckless manner if it is driven in deliberate or wilful disregard for the safety of any person, animal, reptile, bird, plant or property of whatever nature or in a manner that unduly disturbs or disrupts third party enjoyment of the PA.
- 13.4. No person shall play music, hoot or excessively rev a motor engine so as to cause a disturbance to the environment and nature.
- 13.5. No person may drive after sunset and before sunrise without the permission of an officer.

14. Prohibited Acts – Aircraft

- 14.1. The use of aircraft inside the PA is prohibited, unless these are used for authorised research or official purposes and / or with the prior written approval of and subject to obtaining such permits specified by the Authority.
- 14.2. An officer may within a PA seize any aircraft unlawfully used in the PA.
- 14.3. An officer may seize any aircraft landing without permission within the PA unless such landing is considered to be a bona fide emergency to safeguard human life.
- 14.4. The use of radio or remote controlled toy or model aircraft is prohibited except in specially designated areas. Such toy or models used in violation of this prohibition may be confiscated by an Officer, without warning, and shall only be returned on application to the Authority.
- 14.5. No Officer, Authority and / or the Board or any of their employees or agents shall be liable for any damage arising through any seizure, confiscation or impoundment contemplated above.

15. Research

- 15.1. No person may conduct research or monitoring in a PA without having submitted a formal application in the prescribed format and without having obtained written authority from the Authority.
- 15.2. No person may collect a plant or animal specimen for research purposes without the relevant permit having being issued in terms of the Natal Nature Conservation Ordinance, 15 of 1974 and/or NEM: Biodiversity Act, 10 of 2004 or any other applicable legislation.
- 15.3. It is an offence in terms of these rules not to comply with the conditions in the written authorisation for research or with the conditions stipulated on the permit.
- 15.4. No person may bring the propagules or any other living material of any plant that is a declared Alien or Invasive Species, or otherwise which is alien to a PA, into the PA.
- 15.5. No person may bring biological matter into a PA where such matter harbours or may, reasonably possibly harbour, pathogens, invasive species or diseases.

16. Influence of alcohol or other intoxicating substances

- 16.1. No person shall in the PA:
 - 16.1.1. drive a vehicle; or
 - 16.1.2. occupy the driver's seat of a motor vehicle the engine of which is running, while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other substance that may have a narcotic effect on such person; or
 - 16.1.3. have open alcohol containers in a motor vehicle and the driver of such vehicle shall be liable for any contravention of this provision.
- 16.2. No person shall in the PA:
 - 16.2.1. drive a vehicle; or
 - 16.2.2. occupy the driver's seat of a motor vehicle the engine of which is running, while the concentration of alcohol in any specimen of blood taken from any part of his or her body is not less than 0,05

gram per 100 millilitres, or in the case of a professional driver referred to in section 32, not less than 0,02 gram per 100 millilitres.

- 16.3. If, in any prosecution for an alleged contravention of a provision of subsection 19.2, it is proved that the concentration of alcohol in any specimen of blood taken from any part of the body of the person concerned was not less than 0,05 gram per 100 millilitres at any time within two hours after the alleged contravention, it shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that such concentration was not less than 0,05 gram per 100 millilitres at the time of the alleged contravention.
- 16.4. Where, in any prosecution in terms of these rules, proof is tendered of the analysis of a specimen of the blood of any person, it shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that any syringe used for obtaining such specimen and the receptacle in which such specimen was placed for despatch to an analyst, were free from any substance or contamination which could have affected the result of such analysis.
- 16.5. No person shall in the PA:
- 16.5.1. drive a vehicle; or
- 16.5.2. occupy the driver's seat of a motor vehicle the engine of which is running, while the concentration of alcohol in any specimen of breath exhaled by such person is not less than 0,24 milligrams per 1 000 millilitres.
- 16.6. If, in any prosecution for a contravention of a provision of subsection 19.5, it is proved that the concentration of alcohol in any specimen of breath of the person concerned was not less than 0,24 milligrams per 1 000 millilitres of breath taken at any time within two hours after the alleged contravention, it shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that such concentration was not less than 0,2 milligrams per 1 000 millilitres at the time of the alleged contravention.
- 16.7. A breath sampling system (as prescribed in terms of the National Road Traffic Act) may be used for determining the concentration of alcohol in any breath specimen.
- 16.8. 16.8. Any person detained for an alleged contravention of any provision of this section shall not-
- 16.8.1. during his or her detention consume any substance that contains alcohol of any nature, except on the instruction of or when administered by a medical practitioner;
- 16.8.2. during his or her detention smoke until the specimen referred to in subsection 16.3 or 16.6 has been taken, as the case may be.
- 16.9. No person shall refuse that a specimen of blood, or a specimen of breath, be taken of him or her.

17. Restrictions on and concessions to persons within the PA

No person shall, without the special prior written permission of the Authority, within the PA:

- 17.1. Hold or give any public entertainment or collect any money from the public.
- 17.2. Exhibit any advertisement or notice.
- 17.3. Keep any animals, birds or poultry.

- 17.4. Affix to or make on in any manner whatsoever, any tree, rock or any object not belonging to that person any name, letter, figure, symbol, mark, picture or sign or otherwise damage any tree or other object.
- 17.5. Hold any event or entertainment, show or display (any authorisation shall require an approved Event Management Plan).
- 17.6. Conduct any commercial or business activity.

18. Damage and nuisance

18.1. No person shall within the PA:

- 18.1.1. Damage, hurt interfere with or endanger any animal, human being, living plant or property of the Board.
 - 18.1.2. At any time play any radio, recording player, music system, musical instrument or in any way unnecessarily cause any noise in a manner that is likely to disturb any other person.
 - 18.1.3. Discard any article, including cigarette ends, or refuse of whatever nature, except in receptacles and containers provided for this purpose.
 - 18.1.4. Discard any burning object in any place where it may set fire to any other object or otherwise act in a manner likely to cause a fire other than where the making of a fire is specifically permitted.
 - 18.1.5. Cause or allow any person to disfigure, blemish or injure any surface by way of graffiti or any other mechanism.
 - 18.1.6. Be under the influence of alcohol or intoxicating substance (legal or otherwise) so as to cause a nuisance or disturbance to visitors or officers.
- 18.2. Any person who persists in causing a nuisance to any other user of the PA or who persists in disregarding the applicable regulations, rules, notices or lawful instructions of an officer may be instructed to leave the PA by an officer in which case:
- 18.2.1. such person shall have no claim for a refund of any fee paid to the Authority.
 - 18.2.2. the officer may call upon other officers, third parties or law enforcement officials to remove such person.
 - 18.2.3. Such person may be banned from entering the PA or any other PA operated by the Board.
- 18.3. Any person who causes any damage to any property within the PA or to any animal or plant in the PA shall be liable for the costs or repair or replacement of such property or the costs of treatment of such animal or plant.

19. Harming nature - general prohibitions

Subject to the provisions the Act, no person other than an employee of Board or a person specifically authorised in writing by the Board to do so, may:

- 19.1. convey into the PA or within the PA be in possession of any weapon other than a weapon declared and dealt with and may not be in possession of any explosive, fireworks, trap or poison including substances defined as such in the Hazardous Substances Act, no. 15 of 1973;

- 19.2. hunt or otherwise wilfully or negligently kill or injure any mammal, bird, fish, amphibian or reptile;
- 19.3. wilfully disturb any mammal, bird, fish, amphibian or reptile;
- 19.4. within the PA use any sound recording, lure, bait or scent to attract or catch, view or photograph fauna;
- 19.5. take, damage or destroy any egg or nest of any bird, or take honey from a beehive;
- 19.6. wilfully or negligently cause a fire;
- 19.7. wilfully or negligently cause any damage to any object of geological, archaeological, historical, ethnological, educational or other scientific interest;
- 19.8. cut, damage, remove or destroy any tree or other plant, including collecting and/or removing dry or firewood, grass or other plants;
- 19.9. remove seed or flowers from any tree or other plant; or
- 19.10. remove any animal or part thereof, whether dead or alive;
- 19.11. remove any sand, soil, rock or other mineral material or
- 19.12. feed any animal or leave food where it could reasonably be accessed by animals.

20. Recreational Activities in the UDP WHS

Unless otherwise specified that following recreational activities are only permitted in the UDP WHS and this part does not apply to any other PA unless expressly provided for in a notice displayed at such PA:

- 20.1. Canoeing, paddling or tubing is permitted but only where other users will not be inconvenienced or harmed and the use is strictly at the person's own risk and such person must have the required safety equipment, and be proficient.
- 20.2. Rock climbing is generally permitted with permission from an Officer-in-charge however use of fixed protection and bolting is restricted and may only occur with specific permission and in accordance with official policy and in accordance with the Integrated Management Plan and the Wilderness Management Plan where applicable. The Authority or an Officer may for good reason restrict the areas and times where climbing may take place.
- 20.3. Swimming is generally permitted unless otherwise indicated by the Authority.
- 20.4. The use and enjoyment of water resources is subject to the rights of other users of the PA and its water resources.
- 20.5. Hiking and walking on designated pathways are permitted.
- 20.6. The Authority may impose a surcharge or other conditions on any person insisting on hiking alone.
- 20.7. Any person hiking must complete the hiking register.
- 20.8. Fly-fishing in scheduled trout waters is generally permitted subject any conditions or fees imposed.
- 20.9. Any recreational activity is solely at the risk of the participant and the Board is fully indemnified against any claim arising.

20.10. Any recreational activity may be limited by notice or directive.

21. Hunting and Fishing

- 21.1. 21.1.The Authority may designate PA's or parts thereof, through suitable zonings, for consumptive use of natural resources including hunting, fishing and harvesting.
- 21.2. 21.2.Where the Authority has elected to do so and where such zonation is recorded in a management plan approved by the Board then the Authority may prescribe rules for such designated area (and matters incidental thereto) to allow for such activity to occur.
- 21.3. 21.3.The rules contemplated above may contradict these Park Rules and will, in the event of conflict, take precedence but only to the limited extent required to permit the consumptive use of natural resources within the designated area.

22. Photography in the PA

- 22.1. No person shall, except in accordance with the conditions laid down by the Authority from time to time, take any photographs, videos or films or record any images in the PA other than for private purposes.
- 22.2. Any photographs, films, videos or other recordings other than private ones shall be made available to the Authority on demand who shall have all rights to store, copy, edit, distribute, use such as it may in its sole discretion determine.

23. Officers may ask for written authority to be shown

- 23.1. Any person in the PA shall hand over the written voucher, permit or exemption authorising that person to be within the PA and to perform such activity to an Officer if requested to do so.
- 23.2. Any person failing or refusing to comply with any request to hand over the written voucher authorising that person to be within the PA when requested to do so by an Officer shall, apart from any other liability that person may incur, also be liable for payment of the fees in respect of admission, accommodation or any other service for which fees may be levied by the Authority, even though such fees may already have been paid. Provided that any fees thus paid shall be reclaimable by the person concerned on the submission to the Authority of satisfactory proof that such fees have previously been paid.

24. Complying with instructions

- 24.1. No person shall fail to comply with a lawful instruction issued by the Authority or an Officer while inside the PA.
- 24.2. The Authority may erect written notices to give effect to the PA Zoning or for any other matter and such notices shall be deemed to be lawful instructions and shall be complied with.
- 24.3. The right of admission to any PA, accommodation unit, viewing hide or picnic site is strictly reserved and any Officer may, in their discretion, require any person to vacate such area on good cause.

25. Special conditions to be observed

- 25.1. Any person to whom special permission of any nature whatsoever may be granted to enter into or reside in the PA shall, in addition to the provisions of the Act, the regulations and these rules, observe all instructions which the Authority may deem fit to issue in connection with such permission.

- 25.2. Unless otherwise provided for: The Board may exempt any person or group of persons from any rule contained herein in respect of an area or the PA as a whole and for such period as may be determined provided that such exemption may not be granted retrospectively and shall only be granted, in writing and on written motivation, in exceptional circumstances.

26. Offences and penalties

In addition to any offence in terms of section 89 of the Act, in terms of Regulation 61 read with Regulation 64 of the Proper Administration Regulations any person who contravenes or fails to comply with—

- 26.1. a provision of these internal rules;
- 26.2. a condition mentioned in a permit issued in terms of these internal rules; or
- 26.3. a prohibition, instruction, rule or order imposed, given or issued under these internal rules;

shall be guilty of an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding R 5 million or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years or to both a fine and such imprisonment and, on second or subsequent conviction; to a fine and or imprisonment not exceeding R10 million or 10 years as the case may be.

GENERAL NOTICES • ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

NOTICE 12 OF 2020

COMPETITION TRIBUNAL

NOTIFICATION OF DECISION TO APPROVE MERGER

The Competition Tribunal gives notice in terms of rules 34(b)(ii) and 35(5)(b)(ii) of the "Rules for the conduct of proceedings in the Competition Tribunal" as published in Government Gazette No. 22025 of 01 February 2001 that it approved the following mergers:

Case No.	Acquiring Firm	Target Firm	Date of Order	Decision
LM125Oct19	Exxaro Resources Ltd	Cennergi (Pty) Ltd	04/12/2019	Approved
LM084Aug19	Comair Ltd	Star Air Cargo (Pty) Ltd	11/12/2019	Approved
LM097Sep19	Bidvest Bank Ltd	Eqstra Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd	11/12/2019	Approved Subject to Conditions
LM124Oct19	Emerging African Property Partners (Pty) Ltd	Lisaline Investment Holding (Pty) Ltd	11/12/2019	Approved
LM137Nov19	Brimstone Investment Corporation Ltd	Firefly Investments 306 (Pty) Ltd	11/12/2019	Approved
LM138Nov19	Growthpoint Healthcare Property Holdings (RF) Ltd	K2019084863 (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd	11/12/2019	Approved
LM123Oct19	Barnes Group Holding (Pty) Ltd	Barnes Reinforcing (Pty)	15/01/2020	Approved
LM126Oct19	SKG Towers (Pty) Ltd	Immovable Propety and Rental Enterprise	15/01/2020	Approved
LM129Nov19	RCS Cards (Pty) Ltd	Edcon Ltd	15/01/2020	Approved
LM131Nov19	RCS Cards (Pty) Ltd	ABSA Bank Ltd	15/01/2020	Approved
LM133Nov19	Agile Capital Four (Pty) Ltd	Average Technologies (Pty) Ltd and K2019302693	15/01/2020	Approved
LM120Oct19	Ferro South Africa (Pty) Ltd	Performance Colour System, A Division of Spees Bird Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd	15/01/2020	Approved

The Chairperson
Competition Tribunal

INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA
NOTICE 13 OF 2020



INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA

HEREBY PUBLISHES AN ERRATUM FOR THE INVITATION TO PRE-REGISTER ITP-R FOR COMMUNITY SOUND BROADCASTING SERVICE AND RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM LICENSE PUBLISHED IN THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE NO. 42835, NOTICE 606 OF 2019

1. The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa ("the Authority"), hereby issues an erratum for the published Invitation to Pre-Register (ITP-R) for Community Sound Broadcasting Service and Radio Frequency Spectrum License, Notice 606 of 2019 as published on the Government Gazette No. 42835, in terms of the provision of section 17 of the Electronic Communications Act, No. 36 of 2005.
2. The Authority would like to make the changes set out herein to the published ITP-R.
3. The Authority has identified the following seven (7) frequencies that needs to be removed from the ITP-R, which are:
 - 3.1 100 MHz of Motswedi transmitter in North West: The frequency is already licensed to Kopanong Community Radio.
 - 3.2 107.9 MHz of Rustenburg transmitter in the North West: The frequency is to be assigned to Radio Pretoria (Magaliesburg) which was granted but not issued with Service Licence due the Moratorium which was imposed.

- 3.3 98.2 MHz of Kroonstad transmitter in Free State: The frequency is going to cause interference to Life FM operating from Potchefestroom on 98.1 MHz.
 - 3.4 99 MHz of Fishhoek transmitter in Western Cape: The frequency is going to cause interference to Radio Bok operating from Bottellaryberg on 98.9 MHz.
 - 3.5 97.6 MHz of Secunda transmitter in Mpumalanga: This frequency was assigned for Commercial Low Power Services.
 - 3.6 90.6 MHz of Vereeniging in Gauteng: Is currently before CCC.
 - 3.7 90.9 MHz of Theunissen in Free State: The frequency has been reinstated to Rock FM.
4. Furthermore, the following additional frequencies are included on the published ITP-R:
- 4.1 104.5 MHz of Cape Town transmitter in the Western Cape: University of Cape Town failed to lodge the renewal application.
 - 4.2 92.8 MHz of Piet Plesis transmitter in North West: The Authority refused to renew Bophirima FM's Class Sound Broadcasting Service Licence and Radio Frequency Spectrum Licence due to non-compliance issues.
 - 4.3 95.1 MHz of Taung transmitter in North West: This frequency is co-ordinated on the Terrestrial Broadcasting Frequency Plan, 2013 and is clear of interference.
 - 4.4 88 MHz of Pomfret transmitter in North West: The Authority refused to renew Bophirima FM's Class Sound Broadcasting Service Licence and Radio Frequency Spectrum Licence due to non-compliance issues.

- 4.5 107.9 MHz of Schweizer Reneke in North West: The Authority refused to renew Bophirima FM's Class Sound Broadcasting Service Licence and Radio Frequency Spectrum Licence due to non-compliance issues.

5. **Annexure A** is attached with the final technical specifications.



DR KEABETSWWE MODIMOENG
ACTING CHAIRPERSON

Annexure A

SPARE FM BROADCASTING FREQUENCIES

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Province	TRANSMITTER NAME	GEOGRAPHIC	COORDINATES	FREQUENCY	HEIGHTS/m	MAX.	ANTENNA	
		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	MHz	MID-ANTENNA (a.g.l)	ERP/KW	AZ(Azimuth); BW (BeamWidth)	POL.
NC	DEBEERSRUS	26S36 00	022E12 00	95.7	220	10	Omni-Directional	V
NC	DELPORTSHOOP	28S22 57	024E17 14	98	0	5	Omni-Directional	V
NC	DOUGLAS	29S04 09	023E31 43	89.8	220	10	Omni-Directional	V
MP	DULLSTROOM	25S34 21	030E11 17	90.1	158	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
MP	DULLSTROOM	25S34 21	030E11 17	97.3	158	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
EC	ELLIOT	31S10 36	027E51 57	94.6	65	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
NC	FAANS GROVE	27S05 59	022E24 18	93	118	5	Omni-Directional	H
FS	FICKSBURG TOWN	28S52 38	027E51 25	101.4	37	5	Omni-Directional	V
NC	GAMOEP	30S04 00	018E49 00	89.3	220	1	Omni-Directional	V
NW	GANYESA	26S36 12	024E16 00	105	144	2	Omni-Directional	H
WC	GEORGE	33S55 38	022E27 03	103.2	40	1	Omni-Directional	V
MP	GREYLINGSTAD	26S50 00	028E30 00	100.6	0	0.25	Omni-Directional	V
NW	GROOT MARICO	25S37 11	026E26 08	92.3	40	1	Omni-Directional	V
NW	GROOT MARICO	25S37 11	026E26 08	98.8	40	1	Omni-Directional	V
NW	GROOT MARICO	25S37 11	026E26 08	104	40	0.25	Omni-Directional	V
EC	HANKEY	33S49 52	024E52 12	87.9	40	0.01	Omni-Directional	V
EC	HANKEY	33S49 52	024E52 12	98.5	40	0.2	Omni-Directional	V
GP	HEIDELBERG	26S29 19	028E20 48	97.8	35	0.25	Omni-Directional	V
GP	HEIDELBERG	26S29 19	028E20 48	103	35	0.05	Omni-Directional	V
GP	HEIDELBERG 1	26S31 15	028E17 52	89.8	80	0.025	Omni-Directional	V
WC	HEXRVIER	33S30 54	019E39 23	89.9	21	0.2	Omni-Directional	V
NW	ITSOSENG	26S04 30	025E55 18	101.8	58	5	Omni-Directional	H
FS	JAGERSFONTEIN	29S45 23	025E25 47	107.5	24	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
L	KIESEL	23S52 00	027E08 00	106.4	220	10	Omni-Directional	V
EC	KING WILLIAMS TOWN	32S47 05	026E50 44	100.6	10	0.25	Omni-Directional	V
NC	KLIPRAND	30S54 00	018E29 34	93.1	0	5	Omni-Directional	V
NW	KURUMAN	27S21 05	023E18 49	105.5	144	10	Omni-Directional	H
NW	JOUBERTINA	33S49 15	023E52 17	92	24	0.02	Omni-Directional	V
NC	KALAHARI	27S21 00	021E40 00	104.9	220	10	Omni-Directional	V
L	KUTAMA	23S02 19	029E37 31	103.9	30	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	ALIWAL NORTH	30S47 05	026E34 00	107.2	102	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
EC	ANDRIESKRAAL	33S46 42	024E42 35	99.7	15	0.01	Omni-Directional	V

PREPARED BY:
Radio Frequency Specialists: BFC

APPROVED BY: 
D. MOSHWEUNYANE
MANAGER: BFC

DATE: 28/11/2019

SPARE FM BROADCASTING FREQUENCIES

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Province	TRANSMITTER NAME	GEOGRAPHIC	COORDINATES	FREQUENCY	HEIGHTS/m	MAX.	ANTENNA	
		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	MHz	MID-ANTENNA (a.g.l)	ERP/KW	AZ(Azimuth); BW (BeamWidth)	POL.
MP	BALFOUR	26S39 57	028E43 07	92.9	25	1.2	Omni-Directional	V
FS	BLOEMFONTEIN	29S06 04	026E13 44	98.7	50	0.2	Omni-Directional	V
MP	BOESMANSKOP	30S00 29	027E12 53	97.7	189	10	Omni-Directional	V
NW	BOTHITHONG	27S07 29	023E59 16	91.4	137	4	Omni-Directional	V
NC	CARNARVON	30S54 14	022E22 29	99	220	6	Omni-Directional	V
MP	CAROLINA	26S10 37	030E37 57	89.9	189	9	Omni-Directional	V
EC	CLARKSON	34S01 29	024E25 48	104.1	40	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	COLESBERG	30S42 30	025E03 28	100.4	9	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	CRADOCK	32S18 01	025E32 27	89.6	128	12	Omni-Directional	V
EC	WOLWEFONTEIN	33S20 00	024E50 00	89.4	35	1	Omni-Directional	V
WC	WORCESTER	33S37 30	019E28 09	92.6	29	0.1	Directional (Beamwidth = 180 degrees; Azimuth = 230 degrees)	V
KZN	ZULULAND	28S26 24	031E24 11	105.5	30	0.1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	BEDFORD	32S37 57	026E02 57	97.3	102	5	Omni-Directional	V
FS	BETHLEHEM	28S14 10	028E29 58	87.6	128	1	Omni-Directional	V
FS	LADYBRAND	29S10 18	027E22 42	92.1	128	10	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	LADYSMITH	28S35 23	029E47 19	103.9	63	1	Omni-Directional	V
NC	LOERIESFONTEIN	30S57 32	019E26 35	89.1	0	10	Omni-Directional	V
MP	LYDENBURG	25S06 20	030E26 03	93.4	0	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
MP	LYDENBURG	25S06 20	030E26 03	99.9	26	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
EC	MACLEAR	31S05 04	028E21 00	93.5	13	1	Omni-Directional	V
NC	MATJIESFONTEIN	33S16 52	020E30 20	92.8	102	10	Omni-Directional	V
NC	MERWEVILLE	32S40 09	021E30 28	90.4	12	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	MIDDLETON	33S14 55	025E34 29	95.7	0	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
NW	MOROKWENG	25S59 00	023E41 00	103.7	137	3	Omni-Directional	V
NW	MOROKWENG	25S59 00	023E41 00	107.3	137	3	Omni-Directional	V
EC	MURRAYSBURG	31S58 00	023E45 16	107.3	0	2	Omni-Directional	V
MP	NELSPRUIT	25S30 57	030E46 33	107.3	102	0.2	Omni-Directional	V
NC	NOENIEPUT	27S48 50	020E08 35	98.8	24	1	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	NONGOMA	27S54 18	031E39 27	97	158	1	Omni-Directional	V
FS	NOUPOORT	31S18 14	024E56 01	88.3	128	10	Omni-Directional	V
L	NYLSTROOM	24S47 58	028E25 59	92.9	37	0.2	Omni-Directional	V

PREPARED BY:
Radio Frequency Specialists: BFC

APPROVED BY:
D. MOSHWEUNYANE
MANAGER: BFC

DATE: 28/11/2019

SPARE FM BROADCASTING FREQUENCIES

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Province	TRANSMITTER NAME	GEOGRAPHIC	COORDINATES	FREQUENCY	HEIGHTS/m	MAX.	ANTENNA	
		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	MHz	MID-ANTENNA (a.g.l)	ERP/KW	AZ(Azimuth); BW (BeamWidth)	POL.
L	NYLSTROOM	24S47 58	028E25 59	97.1	37	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	PAUL SAUER DAM	33S45 13	024E33 43	90.5	15	0.01	Omni-Directional	V
FS	PETRUS STEYN	27S31 09	028E19 06	91.6	189	10	Omni-Directional	V
FS	PETRUS STEYN	27S31 09	028E19 06	104.5	189	1	Omni-Directional	V
MP	PIET RETIEF	27S01 11	030E41 03	107.4	220	5	Omni-Directional	V
NW	PILANESBERG	25S21 07	027E05 35	93.3	65	1	Omni-Directional	H
EC	PLETTENBERG BAY	34S03 34	023E22 25	87.7	15	0.8	Omni-Directional	V
NC	POFADDER	29S14 31	018E56 22	99.3	118	5	Omni-Directional	H
NW	POMFRET	25S49 52	023E34 44	91.1	118	5	Omni-Directional	H
FS	POSTMASBURG	28S18 43	023E07 34	103.9	0	10	Omni-Directional	V
FS	PRIESKA	29S40 52	022E36 57	87.7	220	9	Omni-Directional	V
L	PUNDA MARIA	22S43 28	030E59 19	106	118	5	Omni-Directional	V
FS	RICHMOND	31S17 52	024E06 18	96.8	0	2	Omni-Directional	V
EC	RIETBRON	32S45 14	022E57 52	91.9	0	1	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	KOKSTAD	29E29 24	30S36 42	97.5	5	0.1	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	Donnybrook	29E51 19	29S54 56	89.6	100	10	Omni-Directional	V
MP	MIDDELBURG 1	29E36 51	25S40 02	89.7	38	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
L	TZANEEN 1	30E00 26	23S47 01	104.8	25	1	Omni-Directional	V
L	Molema	30E02 40	23S18 38	96.2	65	5	Omni-Directional	V
MP	Kanyamazane	31E10 44	25S28 51	107.3	25	0.27	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Butterworth	28E12 24	32S16 35	106.1	90	0.2	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Vermaakskop	25E18 29	33S38 17	103.8	15	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Port Elizabeth 3	25E 29 31	33S59 56	107.5	41	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
FS	Witkop	27E28 54	26S48 04	94.1	10	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	Pietermaritzburg	30E19 49	29S34 47	104	80	0.25	Omni-Directional	V
L	Lebowakgomo	29E29 01	24S19 09	105.8	9	0.25	Omni-Directional	V
FS	Parys	27E27 37	26S57 02	93	33	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
L	Ga Mabula	27E58 15	23S37 2	87.8	30	5	Omni-Directional	V
NW	Lethabile	27E48 25	25S37 30	99.5	70	0.1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Cala	27E41 40	31S30 30	100.3	10	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Cathcart	27E06 53	32S17 51	103.9	18	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Cofimvaba	27E36 00	31S59 56	107.3	18	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Engcobo	27E59 04	31S36 37	104	18	0.5	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Madeira	26E49 40	31S52 27	93.7	12	1	Omni-Directional	V

PREPARED BY:
Radio Frequency Specialists: BFC

APPROVED BY:
D. MOSHWEUNYANE
MANAGER: BFC

DATE: 28/11/2019

SPARE FM BROADCASTING FREQUENCIES

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



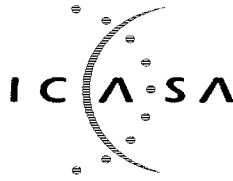
Province	TRANSMITTER NAME	GEOGRAPHIC	COORDINATES	FREQUENCY	HEIGHTS/m	MAX.	ANTENNA	
		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	MHz	MID-ANTENNA (a.g.l)	ERP/KW	AZ(Azimuth); BW (BeamWidth)	POL.
EC	Tarkastad	26E16 20	31S59 38	89,6	18	0,5	Omni-Directional	V
GP	Welverdiend	27E14 53	26S26 48	106,5	80	0,2	Omni-Directional	V
MP	Davel	29E37 26	26S27 30	97,6	220	1	Directional (Beamwidth = 90 degrees; Azimuth = 270 degrees)	V
FS	Senekal	27E30 26	28S15 19	103,9	160	0,6	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	Nkandla	31E04 36	28S37 33	97,5	11	0,2	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	Nquthu	30E40 42	28S15 43	102	80	1	Omni-Directional	V
L	Phalaborwa	31E01 55	23S56 21	105,1	9	0,5	Omni-Directional	V
WC	Grabouw	18E58 00	34S06 07	102,7	29	0,1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Burgersdorp	26E34 00	30S47 05	90	102	10	Omni-Directional	V
WC	Khayeliysha	18E40 36	34S02 3	98,2	10	0,01	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	Ndwedwe	30E56 00	29S30 50	97,6	44	1	Omni-Directional	V
EC	Grahamstown	26E42 31	33S17 15	106,1	158	10	Omni-Directional	V
WC	Malmesberry	18E44 33	33S28 41	97,3	30	0,5	Omni-Directional	V
KZN	Ulundi	31E23 38	28S27 00	97	70	1	Omni-Directional	V
NW	Taung	24E37 26	27S31 47	95,1	144	5	Omni-Directional	V
NW	Piet Plessis	24E49 55	26S14 56	92,8	220	7,6	Omni-Directional	V
NW	Pomfret	23E34 44	25S49 52	88	118	16,6	Omni-Directional	V
NW	Schweizer Reneke	25E13 07	27S08 13	107,9	220	10	Omni-Directional	V

PREPARED BY:
Radio Frequency Specialists: BFC

APPROVED BY: 
D. MOSHWEUNYANE
MANAGER: BFC

DATE: 22/11/2019

INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA
NOTICE 14 OF 2020

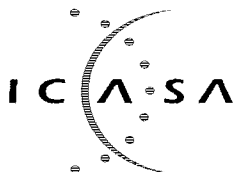


ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS ACT, 2005 (ACT NO. 36 OF 2005)
APPLICATIONS FOR TRANSFER OF CONTROL OF CYBERDINE SECURE
INTERNET (PTY) LTD'S INDIVIDUAL ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS
SERVICE AND INDIVIDUAL ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK
SERVICE LICENCES FROM THE CURRENT SHAREHOLDERS TO THE
PROPOSED NEW SHAREHOLDERS

1. The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa ("the Authority") hereby gives notice in terms of section 9(5) of the Electronic Communications Act, Act No.36 of 2005, as amended, that after considering applications for the transfer of control of Cyberdine Secure Internet (Pty) Ltd's Individual Electronic Communications Service and Individual Electronic Communications Network Service Licences from the current shareholders to the proposed new shareholders.
2. The reasons for the Authority's decision on the applications are available at the Authority's library in Centurion, Block B, Eco Point Office Park, 350 Witch-Hazel Avenue, during office hours.

DR. KEABETSWE MODIMOENG
ACTING CHAIRPERSON

DATE: 12 / 12 / 2019

INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA**NOTICE 15 OF 2020**

ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS ACT, 2005 (ACT NO. 36 OF 2005)
APPLICATIONS FOR TRANSFER OF INDIVIDUAL ELECTRONIC
COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE AND INDIVIDUAL ELECTRONIC
COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK SERVICE LICENCES FROM AMBER FALCON
PROPERTIES 187 (PTY) LTD TO SONKE TELECOMMUNICATIONS (PTY)
LTD

1. The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa ("the Authority") hereby gives notice in terms of section 9(5) of the Electronic Communications Act, Act No.36 of 2005, as amended, that after considering applications for the transfer of Individual Electronic Communications Service and Individual Electronic Communications Network Service Licences from Amber Falcon Properties 187 (Pty) Ltd to the transferee, the transfer of Individual licences were approved and the licences issued to Sonke Telecommunications (Pty) Ltd.
2. The reasons for the Authority's decision on the applications are available at the Authority's library in Centurion, Block B, Eco Point Office Park, 350 Witch-Hazel Avenue, during office hours.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Dr. Keabetswe Modimoeng', written over a horizontal line.

DR. KEABETSWE MODIMOENG
ACTING CHAIRPERSON

DATE: 12 / 12 / 2019

**NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION
NOTICE 16 OF 2020**

'A'

NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

SOUTH AFRICAN MEAT INDUSTRY COMPANY (SAMIC)

The South African Meat Industry Company (SAMIC) has been designated as assignee in terms of section 2(3) of the Agricultural Product Standards Act (Act No. 119 of 1990), to apply the Regulations regarding the Classification and Marking of Meat intended for Sale in the Republic of South Africa (No. R. 55 of 30 January 2015) at all red meat abattoirs who participate in the voluntary classification and marking of meat system. In terms of section 3(1)(1A) of the Agricultural Product Standards Act (Act No. 119 of 1990), SAMIC hereby impose the following fees as approved by the members of SAMIC, namely the Red Meat Industry Forum at SAMIC's AGM, which will be effective from **1 January 2020**:

1. Abattoir Service Fees:

Abattoir Grade	Service fee / Month (VAT excluded)
High Throughput	R 4,805.22
Low Throughput	R 3, 058.26

2. Fees for auditing of Quality Indication Marks:

Type of Quality Indication Audit	Service fee per Audit (VAT excluded)
Farm Audits – Woolworths	R4, 108.07
Farm Audits – All other QI Marks	R1, 249.89
Feedlot Audits	R3, 064.61
Abattoir Audits	R2, 427.19
Deboning Plant Audits	R2, 427.19
Trade Outlet Audits	R 594.32
Franchise Audits	R 594.32
Wholesale Audits	R 594.32

Official Kilometres Travelled for Audits = R5.83/km

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
NOTICE 17 OF 2020
NATURAL SCIENTIFIC PROFESSIONS ACT, 2003

Fields of Practice

By virtue of the powers vested in me by section 19 (2) (b) of the Natural Scientific Professions Act, 2003 (Act No. 27 of 2003) ("the Act") I, Dr BE Nzimande, Minister of Higher Education, Science and Technology, hereby substitute the existing Schedule I to the Act with the amended Schedule I, attached hereto, with effect from the date of publication of this notice.



DR B E NZIMANDE, MP

MINISTER OF HIGHER EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

DATE: 18/12/2019

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTE

Words underlined with a solid line indicate insertions in existing enactments.

SCHEDULE I

FIELDS OF PRACTICE

Fields of practice: Schedule I of the Act	
Agricultural Science	Includes Forestry and Wood Science
Animal Science	
Aquatic Science	Includes Marine Science
Atmospheric Science	Includes Climatology and Meteorology
Biological Science	
Botanical Science	
Chemical Science	Includes Industrial Science
Conservation Science	
Earth Science	
Ecological Science	
Environmental Science	
Extension Science	
Food Science	
Geological Science	
Geospatial Science	
Materials Science	Includes Metallurgical Science
Mathematical Science	
Microbiological Science	
Physical Science	Includes Radiation Science
Soil Science	
Specified Science	Includes Fire Origin and Cause Investigation
Statistical Science	
Toxicological Science	
Water Resources Science	Includes Hydrological Science and Water Science
Zoological Science	
Measurement Science	Can be included as a sub-field of practice under any appropriate field of practice in natural Science

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY

NOTICE 18 OF 2020

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION

CUSTOMS TARIFF APPLICATIONSLIST 01/2020

The International Trade Administration Commission (herein after referred to as ITAC or the Commission) has received the following applications concerning the Customs Tariff. Any objection to or comments on these representations should be submitted to the Chief Commissioner, ITAC, Private Bag X753, Pretoria, 0001. Attention is drawn to the fact that the rate of duty mentioned in these applications is that requested by the applicant and that the Commission may, depending on its findings, recommend a lower or higher rate of duty.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

The submission of confidential information to the Commission in connection with customs tariff applications is governed by section 3 of the Tariff Investigations Regulations, which regulations can be found on ITAC's website at <http://www.itac.org.za/documents/R.397.pdf>.

These regulations require that if any information is considered to be confidential, then a non-confidential version of the information must be submitted, simultaneously with the confidential version. In submitting a non-confidential version the regulations are strictly applicable and require parties to indicate:

- ☐ *Each instance where confidential information has been omitted and the reasons for confidentiality;*
- ☐ *A summary of the confidential information which permits other interested parties a reasonable understanding of the substance of the confidential information; and*
- ☐ *In exceptional cases, where information is not susceptible to summary, reasons must be submitted to this effect.*

This rule applies to all parties and to all correspondence with and submissions to the Commission, which unless clearly indicated to be confidential, will be made available to other interested parties.

The Commission will disregard any information indicated to be confidential that is not accompanied by a proper non-confidential summary or the aforementioned reasons.

If a party considers that any document of another party, on which that party is submitting representations, does not comply with the above rules and that such deficiency affects that party's ability to make meaningful representations, the details of the deficiency and the reasons why that party's rights are so affected must be submitted to the commission in writing forthwith (and at the latest 14 days prior to the date on which that party's submission is due).

Failure to do so timeously will seriously hamper the proper administration of the investigation, and such party will not be able to subsequently claim an inability to make meaningful representations on the basis of the failure of such other party to meet the requirements.

1. CREATION OF A REBATE PROVISION ON:

“Styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) classifiable in tariff subheading 4002.19.90, for the manufacture of tyres classifiable in tariff heading 40.11”.

APPLICANT:

Sumitomo Rubber (Pty) Ltd
P. O. Box 925

DURBAN

Kwazulu Natal
4000

Enquiries: ITAC Ref: **17/2019**. Ms. Nonhlanhla Khumalo. Tel: 012 394 3835 or email: nkhumalo@itac.org.za. and Ms Ndivhudzannyi Mokou Tel: 012 394 3627 or email: ramphabana@itac.org.za.

REASONS FOR THE APPLICATION:

The applicant submitted the following reasons for the application:

- Currently, there is no local manufacturer of styrene-butadiene rubber in the SACU region. The sole manufacturer of the subject product, Karbochem (Pty) Ltd, closed down in 2018.
- The customs duty on styrene-butadiene rubber imposes additional input costs in the tyre manufacturing process.

PUBLICATION PERIOD:

Representation should be made within **four (4) weeks** of the date of this notice.

2. INCREASE:

Increase the extent of rebate for rebate item 306.02/5208.21/01.06 from full duty less 11% to rebate of the full duty for woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 per cent or more by mass of cotton, of a mass not exceeding 100 g/m² bleached, in a plain weave, for the manufacture of wadding, gauze, bandages and similar articles (for example, dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices), impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in forms or packings for retail sale, for medical, surgical, dental or veterinary purposes.

APPLICANT:

BSN Medical (Pty) Ltd
PO Box 526
Pinetown
3600

[ITAC reference: (02/2019); Enquiries: Sipho Tshabalala, E-mail: stshabalala@itac.org.za, Tel: (012) 394 3739 or Dolly Ngobeni, E-mail: dngobeni@itac.org.za, Tel: (012) 394 3667]

REASONS FOR THE APPLICATION AS SUBMITTED BY THE APPLICANT:

- *“Currently, the bulk of rolls of gauze swabs are imported under tariff subheading 5208.21 with full duty less 11%. The rise in manufacturing costs has escalated, hence to apply for full duty.*
- *The company employs 397 people, and the closure of the production facility would result in 197 direct employees losing their jobs.*
- *The impact will be compounded upstream the supply chains as the company sources material and services from various local suppliers”.*

Representation should be made within **four (4) weeks** of the date of this notice.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT**NOTICE 19 OF 2020****INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICE ACT, (ACT NO.60 OF 1993)
GRANT /AMENDMENT OF INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICE LICENSE**

Pursuant to the provisions of section 17 (12) of Act No.60 of 1993 and Regulation 15 (1) and 15 (2) of the International Air Regulations, 1994, it is hereby notified for general information that the applications, detail of which appear in the Schedules hereto, will be considered by the International Air Services Council (Council)

Representation in accordance with section 16(3) of the Act No. 60 of 1993 and regulation 25(1) of International Air Services Regulation, 1994, against or in favour of an application, should reach the Chairman of the International Air Services Council at Department of Transport, Private Bag X 193, Pretoria, 0001, within 28 days of the application hereof. It must be stated whether the party or parties making such representation is / are prepared to be represent or represented at the possible hearing of the application.

APPENDIX II

(A) Full name, surname and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) Class and number of licence in which the amendment is made. (D) Type of International Air Service in respect which amendment was made. (E) Category or kind of aircraft in respect of which license was made. (F) Airport in respect of which the amendment was made. (G) Area to be served. (H) Frequency of flight of which the amendment was made. (I) Condition under which amendment was made.

(A) **S. A Airlink (Pty) Ltd; Airlink.** (B) Greenstone Hill Office Park, Emerald Boulevard Greenstone Hill, Modderfontein, 1609. (C) Class I; I/S073. (D) Type S1. (E) Category A1. (F) Kruger Mpumalanga International Airport & OR Tambo International Airport. (G) & (H) **Adding the following.**

State	Destination	Frequencies
(KMIA) Zimbabwe	Victoria Falls	Seven (7) return flights per week.
(ORTIA) Zambia	Lusaka	Seven (7) return flights per week.
(ORTIA) Uganda	Entebe	Seven (7) return flights per week.
(ORTIA) Mozambique	Maputo	Fourteen (14) return flights per week.
(ORTIA) Zimbabwe	Harare	Seven (7) return flights per week.
(ORTIA) Tanzania	Dar es Salaam	Seven (7) return flights per week.

BOARD NOTICES • RAADSKENNISGEWINGS

BOARD NOTICE 2 OF 2020**NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE DEFINING OF A PRODUCTION AREA
HELDERBERG-STELLENBOSCH (WARD)**

(In terms of Section 6 of the Wine of Origin Scheme published by Government Notice No. R.1434 of 29 June 1990)

Please take note that Uva Mira Vineyards (Pty) Ltd applied to the Wine and Spirit Board to define Helderberg-Stellenbosch (Ward) as a production area to produce Wine of Origin.

Definition of the proposed ward boundary

The proposed Helderberg-Stellenbosch Ward (Fig.1) boundary starts in the neck between Stellenbosch Mountain and Helderberg Mountain at Grootnek (529 m) and the upper reaches of the Blouklip River. From here it runs along the course of the Blouklip River downwards in a northerly and westerly direction until it reaches the R44, and excludes Jamestown and other non-agricultural areas. It further follows the R44 generally southwards to right against the residential area of Bel Aire and from there the north-south watershed up along Helderberg to right against the peak. It then follows the peak (watershed) of the mountain in a north-easterly direction to where it rejoins the neck that separates Helderberg and Stellenbosch Mountain, the starting point mentioned above.

Geology

The proposed ward consists mainly of well weathered granite (N-Ck) and greywacke soils (Nf) (Fig. 2). Some of the soils are of binary origin with younger, sandy Table Mountain Sandstone overlying the primary rocks. (Qgg)

Aspect

The proposed Helderberg-Stellenbosch Ward mostly face (29.3%) in a north-westerly direction (pink sections; Fig. 3), which means that these slopes receive more solar radiation than the south-east facing slopes of the mountain. Approximately 71% of the proposed ward's aspects lie between north and west, which contrasts greatly with the south and south-east facing slopes of the Helderberg.

The proposed boundaries can be viewed at www.sawis.co.za – "Certification – News and Information" or contact Jackie Cupido at 021-807 5704.

Anyone having any objection against this application is hereby notified to lodge their objections, with motivations, in writing with Olivia Poonah (olivia@wsb.org.za), The Secretary, Wine and Spirit Board, P O Box 2176, Dennesig, Stellenbosch, 7599 within 30 (thirty) days of publication of this notice.

RAADSKENNISGEWING 2 VAN 2020**KENNISGEWING VAN AANSOEK VIR DIE OMSKRYWING VAN PRODUKSIEGEBIED
HELDERBERG-STELLENBOSCH (WYK)**

(Ingevolge Artikel 6 van die Wyn van Oorsprong-skema gepubliseer by Goewerments-kennisgewing No. R.1434 van 29 Junie 1990)

Neem kennis dat Uva Mira Vineyards (Pty) Ltd by die Wyn- en Spiritusraad aansoek gedoen het vir die afbakening van die produksiegebied Helderberg-Stellenbosch (Wyk) om Wyn van Oorsprong te produseer.

Omskrywing van voorgestelde wyksgrens

Die voorgestelde Helderberg-Stellenbosch Wyk (Fig. 1) se grens begin in die nek tussen Stellenboschberg en Helderberg by Grootnek (529 m) en die bolope van die Bloukliprivier. Voorts volg dit die loop van die Bloukliprivier afwaarts in 'n noordelike en westelike rigting tot by die R44, en sluit Jamestown en ander nie-landbouareas uit. Vandaar volg dit die R44 algemeen suidwaarts tot teenaan die residensiële gebied van Bel Aire en vandaar die noord-suid waterskeiding teen Helderberg op tot teenaan die kruin. Voorts volg dit die kruin (waterskeiding) van die berg in 'n noord-oostelike rigting tot waar dit weer aansluit in die nek wat Helderberg en Stellenboschberg skei, die beginpunt hierbo genoem.

Geologie

Die voorgestelde wyk bestaan meestal uit goedverweerde graniet- (N-Ck) en grouwakgronde (Nf) (Fig. 2). Sommige van die gronde is van binêre oorsprong waar jonger, sanderige Tafelberg Sandsteen-materiaal die primêre gesteentes oorlê. (Qgg)

Aspek

Die voorgestelde Helderberg-Stellenbosch Wyk front meestal (29.3%) in 'n noord-westelike rigting (pienk gedeeltes; Fig. 3) wat meebring dat hierdie hange meer sonligradiasie as die suid-oostelike hange van die berg ontvang. Sowat 71% van die voorgestelde wyk se aspekte lê tussen noord en wes, wat in groot teenstelling is met die suidelike en suid-oostelike hange van Helderberg.

Die voorgestelde grense is ter insae by www.sawis.co.za "Sertifisering – Nuus en inligting" of kontak Jackie Cupido by 021 807 5704.

Enigien wie beswaar het teen die aansoek, moet sy/haar beswaar, met opgaaf van redes, skriftelik indien by Olivia Poonah (olivia@wsb.org.za), Die Sekretaris, Wyn- en Spiritusraad, Posbus 2176, Dennesig, Stellenbosch, 7599, binne 30 dae van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing.

BOARD NOTICE 3 OF 2020**NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE DEFINING OF A PRODUCTION AREA
VLOTTENBURG (WARD)**

(In terms of Section 6 of the Wine of Origin Scheme published by Government Notice No. R.1434 of 29 June 1990)

Please take note that Vlotenburg Boerdery (Edms) Bpk applied to the Wine and Spirit Board to define Vlotenburg (Ward) as a production area to produce Wine of Origin.

Definition of proposed ward boundary

The proposed Vlotenburg Ward (Fig. 1) boundary starts on the Polkadraai Road where it crosses the Sanddrif River and then moves in a westerly direction along the Polkadraai Road to right against the Polkadraai Hills Ward just past Skilpadvlei. From there the boundary runs south- and then westwards along the existing outer boundary of the Polkadraai Hills Ward, to where it crosses the Vlaeberg River. From there the boundary follows the Vlaeberg River in a general southerly direction to where it joins the Eerste River. From there, upstream with the Eerste River in a north-easterly direction to where the Sanddrif River flows into the Eerste River right against the Vlotenburg farm. From there, in a general northerly direction up along the Sanddrif River to where it rejoins the starting point mentioned above.

Geology

The proposed ward consists of well weathered granite soils (N-Ck, coloured red in Fig. 2), with large parts of the soils of binary origin, with younger, sandy Table Mountain Sandstone material overlying the primary rocks (Qgg, coloured yellow in Fig. 2), often with ferricrete ('ouklip'/laterite concretions or banks) on the contact zone.

Topography

The proposed Vlotenburg Ward can be considered a natural unit with a generally convex hill landscape and abundant cooler southern slopes. It mostly drains southwards to the Eerste River (Fig. 1; Fig. 3).

The proposed boundaries can be viewed at www.sawis.co.za – "Certification – News and Information" or contact Jackie Cupido at 021-807 5704.

Anyone having any objection against this application is hereby notified to lodge their objections, with motivations, in writing with Olivia Poonah (olivia@wsb.org.za), The Secretary, Wine and Spirit Board, P O Box 2176, Dennesig, Stellenbosch, 7599 within 30 (thirty) days of publication of this notice.

RAADSKENNISGEWING 3 VAN 2020**KENNISGEWING VAN AANSOEK VIR DIE OMSKRYWING VAN PRODUKSIEGEBIED
VLOTTENBURG (WYK)**

(Ingevolge Artikel 6 van die Wyn van Oorsprong-skema gepubliseer by Goewerments-kennisgewing No. R.1434 van 29 Junie 1990)

Neem kennis dat Vlotenburg Boerdery (Edms) Bpk by die Wyn- en Spiritusraad aansoek gedoen het vir die afbakening van die produksiegebied Vlotenburg (Wyk) om Wyn van Oorsprong te produseer.

Omskrywing van voorgestelde wyksgrens

Die voorgestelde Vlotenburg Wyk (Fig. 1) se grens begin op die Polkadraaipad waar dit die Sanddrivier oorkruis en loop dan weswaarts saam met die Polkadraaipad tot teenaan die Polkadraai Heuwels Wyk net na Skilpadvlei. Vandaar loop die grens suid en dan weswaarts saam met die bestaande buitengrens van die Polkadraai Heuwels Wyk, tot waar dit die Vlaebergrivier oorkruis. Vandaar loop die grens saam met die Vlaebergrivier in 'n algemeen suidelike rigting, tot waar dit by die Eersterivier aansluit. Vandaar, stroomop met die Eersterivier in 'n noord-oostelike rigting tot waar die Sanddrivier in die Eersterivier teenaan die Vlotenburg plaas uitmond. Vandaar, in 'n algemeen noordelike rigting op met die Sanddrivier tot waar dit by die beginpunt hierbo genoem, aansluit.

Geologie

Die voorgestelde wyk bestaan uit goedverweerde graniet (N-Ck, rooi gekleur in Fig. 2) gronde, met groot gedeeltes van die gronde van binêre oorsprong, waar jonger, sanderige Tafelberg Sandsteen-materiaal die primêre gesteentes oorlê (Qgg, geel gekleur in Fig. 2), dikwels met ferrikreet (ouklip-konkresies of -banke) op die kontakzone.

Topografie

Die voorgestelde Vlotenburg Wyk kan as 'n natuurlike eenheid beskou word met 'n algemeen konvekse heuwel-landskap en volop koeler suidelike hange. Dit dreineer meestal suidwaarts na die Eersterivier (Fig. 1; Fig. 3).

Die voorgestelde grense is ter insae by www.sawis.co.za "Sertifisering – Nuus en inligting" of kontak Jackie Cupido by 021 807 5704.

Enigien wie beswaar het teen die aansoek, moet sy/haar beswaar, met opgaaf van redes, skriftelik indien by Olivia Poonah (olivia@wsb.org.za), Die Sekretaris, Wyn- en Spiritusraad, Posbus 2176, Dennesig, Stellenbosch, 7599, binne 30 dae van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing.