

# Government Gazette Staatskoerant

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA  
REPUBLIEK VAN SUID AFRIKA

*Regulation Gazette*

**No. 11299**

*Regulasiekoerant*

Vol. 672

27

June  
Junie

2021

No. 44772

## Contents

| <i>No.</i>   |  | <i>Gazette<br/>No.</i> | <i>Page<br/>No.</i> |
|--|--|------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS</b>                                   |  |                        |                     |
| <b>Co-operative Governance, Department of / Samewerkende Regering, Departement van</b> |  |                        |                     |
| R. 564   | Disaster Management Act (57/2002): Determination of Alert Level .....                              | 44772                  | 3                   |
| R. 565   | Disaster Management Act (57/2002): Amendment of Regulations issued in terms of Section 27 (2)..... | 44772                  | 4                   |

---

**GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS**

---

**DEPARTMENT OF CO-OPERATIVE GOVERNANCE**

NO. R. 564

27 June 2021

**DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2002: (ACT NO. 57 OF 2002):  
DETERMINATION OF ALERT LEVEL**

I, Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma, Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, designated under section 3 of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002), having declared a national state of disaster published by Government Notice No. 313 of 15 March 2020, and extended by Government Notices Nos. 646 of 5 June 2020, 765 of 13 July 2020, 889 of 15 August 2020, 995 of 14 September 2020, 1090 of 14 October 2020, 1225 of 14 November 2020, No.1341 of 11 December 2020, No. R. 15 of 13 January 2021, No. R. 86 of 11 February 2021, No. R. 193 of 11 March 2021, No. 333 of 14 April 2021, No. R. 424 of 14 May 2021, No. R. 476 of 30 May 2021 and No. R. 493 of 11 June 2021, hereby in terms of section 27(2) of the Disaster Management Act, 2002, upon the recommendation of the Cabinet member responsible for health and in consultation with Cabinet, determine as follows:

Adjusted Alert Level 4 will apply nationally from 28 June 2021.



**DR NKOSAZANA DLAMINI ZUMA, MP**  
**MINISTER OF COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS**  
DATE: 27.06.2021

## DEPARTMENT OF CO-OPERATIVE GOVERNANCE

NO. R. 565

27 June 2021

**DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2002: AMENDMENT OF REGULATIONS ISSUED IN TERMS OF SECTION 27(2)**

I, Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma, Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, designated under section 3 of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002), having declared a national state of disaster published by Government Notice No. 313 of 15 March 2020, and extended by Government Notices Nos. 646 of 5 June 2020, 765 of 13 July 2020, 889 of 15 August 2020, 995 of 14 September 2020, 1090 of 14 October 2020, 1225 of 14 November 2020, No.1341 of 11 December 2020, No. R. 15 of 13 January 2021, No. R. 86 of 11 February 2021, No. R. 193 of 11 March 2021, No. 333 of 14 April 2021, No. R. 424 of 14 May 2021, No. R. 476 of 30 May 2021 and No. R. 493 of 11 June 2021, hereby in terms of section 27(2) of the Disaster Management Act, 2002, after consultation with the relevant Cabinet members, make the Regulations in the Schedule.



**DR NKOSAZANA DLAMINI ZUMA, MP**  
**MINISTER OF COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS**

DATE: 27.06.21.

**SCHEDULE****Definitions**

1. In these Regulations, "the Regulations" means the regulations published by Government Notice No. R. 480 of 29 April 2020 as amended by Government Notices Nos. R. 608 of 28 May 2020, R. 714 of 25 June 2020, R.763 of 12 July 2020, R. 846 of 31 July 2020 R. 891 of 17 August 2020, No. 999 of 18 September 2020, No. 1011 of 20 September 2020, No. 1053 of 1 October 2020, No. 1104 of 21 October 2020, No. 1199 of 11 November 2020, No. 1290 of 3 December 2020, No. 1346 of 15 December 2020, No.1370 of 17 December 2020, No. 1421 of 24 December 2020, No. 1423 of 29 December 2020, No 1435 of 29 December 2020, No. R. 11 of 11 January 2021, No. R. 69 of 1 February 2021, No. R. 92 of 13 February 2021, No. R. 93 of 13 February 2021, No. R. 152 of 28 February 2021, No. R. 284 of 30 March 2021, No. 376 of 22 April 2021, No. R. 477 of 30 May 2021, No. R. 530 of 15 June 2021 and No. R. 532 of 17 June 2021.

**Amendment of Classification of Regulations**

2. The Classification of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for Chapter 3 of the following Chapter:

**"CHAPTER 3  
ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 4**

15. Application of Alert Level
- 15A. Notification by district municipalities
- 15B. Mandatory protocols when in a public place
16. Compliance officers
17. Movement of persons
18. Opening and closure of schools, early childhood development centres and institutions of higher education
19. Initiation practices
20. Attendance of funerals and cremations
21. Gatherings
22. Eviction and demolition of places of residence
23. Rental Housing
24. Places and premises closed to the public
25. Controlled visits by members of the public
26. Partial re-opening of borders
27. Movement of cargo
28. Public transport
29. Sale, dispensing or transportation of liquor
30. Operation of economic sectors
31. Offences and penalties".

**Amendment of regulation 14 of the Regulations**

3. Regulation 14 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the addition of the following subregulation after subregulation (8):

"(9) Any person who incites, instigates, commands, or procures any other person to commit any offence in terms of these regulations, commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment."

**Substitution of Chapter 3 of the Regulations**

4. Chapter 3 of the Regulations is hereby substituted for the following Chapter:

**"CHAPTER 3  
ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 4**

**Application of Adjusted Alert Level**

15. The regulations set out in this Chapter apply during Adjusted Alert Level 4.

**Notification by district municipalities**

**15A.** All district municipalities must, after consultation with its local municipalities in its area—

- (a) alert communities within that district of the increasing number of infections;
- (b) publish on their websites and in the local media, areas with high infection rates within the district; and
- (c) update the information as and when it becomes available.

**Mandatory protocols when in a public place**

**15B.** (1) For the purposes of these Regulations, a **'face mask'** means a cloth face mask or a homemade item that covers the nose and mouth, or another appropriate item to cover the nose and mouth.

(2) The wearing of a face mask is mandatory for every person when in a public place, excluding a child under the age of six years, and any person who fails to comply with a verbal instruction by an enforcement officer to wear a face mask, commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or a period of imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) No person will be allowed to—

- (a) use, operate, perform any service on any form of public transport;
- (b) enter or be in a building, place or premises, including government buildings, places or premises, used by the public to obtain goods or services; or
- (c) be in any public open space,  
if he or she is not wearing a face mask.

(4) The prohibition in subregulation (3)(c) shall not apply to a person who undertakes vigorous exercise in a public place, provided that the person maintains a distance of at least one and a half metres from any other person.

(5) An employer may not allow any employee to perform any duties or enter the employment premises if the employee is not wearing a face mask while performing his or her duties.

(6)(a) An owner or operator of any indoor or outdoor facility where gatherings are held must display the certificate of occupancy which sets out the maximum number of persons the facility may hold.

(b) An owner or operator of any indoor or outdoor facility where gatherings are held and who fails to display the certificate of occupancy as contemplated in subregulation 6(a), commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(7) Every business premises, including, but not limited to, a supermarket, shop, grocery store, retail store, wholesale produce market or pharmacy shall—

- (a) determine their area of floor space in square metres;

- (b) based on the information contemplated in paragraph (a), determine the number of customers and employees that may be inside the premises in order to comply with the limitation as provided for in regulation 21(2) of the Regulations and subject to strict adherence to all health protocols and social distancing measures;
- (c) take steps to ensure that persons queuing inside or outside the premises are able to maintain a distance of one and a half metres from each other;
- (d) provide hand sanitisers for use by the public and employees at the entrance to the premises; and
- (e) assign, in writing, an employee or any other suitable person, as the compliance employee, who must ensure—
  - (i) compliance with the measures provided for in paragraphs (a) to (d); and
  - (ii) that all directions in respect of hygienic conditions and limitation of exposure to persons with COVID-19 are adhered to.

(8) Any business whose premises exceeds the maximum number of customers and employees determined in subregulation (7) commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(9) All employers must, adopt measures to promote physical distancing of employees, including—

- (a) enabling employees to work from home or minimising the need for employees to be physically present at the workplace;
- (b) the provision for adequate space;
- (c) restrictions on face to face meetings;
- (d) special measures for employees with known or disclosed health issues or comorbidities, or with any condition which may place such employees at a higher risk of complications or death if they are infected with COVID-19; and
- (e) special measures for employees above the age of 60 who are at a higher risk of complications or death if they are infected with COVID-19.

(10) The requirements as set out in subregulation (7) applies with the necessary changes, to any other building that is not provided for by subregulation (7).

(11) All courier and delivery services shall provide for minimal personal contact during delivery.

(12) All banks as defined in the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No. 94 of 1990) and financial institutions as defined in the Financial Sector Regulation Act, 2017 (Act No. 9 of 2017), must—

- (a) ensure that—
  - (i) all automated teller machines located at their premises and branches that bears the name of that bank or a non-bank financial institution, have hand sanitisers for use by the public at each automated teller machine; and
  - (ii) all reasonable steps are taken to ensure that persons queuing at the automated teller machine on their premises and branches maintain a distance of one and a half metres from each other; and

- (b) take reasonable steps to ensure implementation of these provisions by third parties hosting automated teller machines of a bank or non-bank financial institution through appropriate agreements.

#### **Compliance officers**

**16.** (1) Industries, businesses and entities, both private and in the public sector, must—

- (a) designate a COVID-19 compliance officer who must oversee—
  - (i) the implementation of the plan referred to in paragraph (b); and
  - (ii) strict adherence to the standards of hygiene and health protocols relating to COVID-19 at the workplace;
- (b) develop a plan containing measures to ensure that the workplace meets the standards of health protocols, adequate space for employees and social distancing measures for the public and service providers, as required; and
- (c) retain a copy of the plan for inspection, which plan must also contain the details of the COVID-19 compliance officer.

(2) A person in control of a retail store or institution must—

- (a) take steps to ensure that customers keep a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other and that all directions in respect of health protocols and social distancing measures are strictly adhered to; and
- (b) designate a compliance officer to ensure that safety controls are strictly adhered to and display the name of the compliance officer prominently in the store or institution in a visible area.

#### **Movement of persons**

**17.** (1) Every person is confined to his or her place of residence from 21H00 until 04H00 daily, unless a person—

- (a) has been granted permission through directions issued by the relevant Cabinet member or a permit, which corresponds with Form 7 of Annexure A, to perform a service other than a service related to an activity listed under Table 1;
- (b) is attending to a security or medical emergency; or
- (c) arrives on a flight or is travelling to or from an airport which necessitates travelling during restricted hours of movement: Provided that the person traveling is in possession of a valid boarding pass as proof of flight or a copy of the airline ticket.

(2) Any person who fails to abide by the curfew referred to in subregulation (1) commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or a period of imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Closing time for the places permitted to remain open is 20H00.

(4)(a) Interprovincial travel for leisure to and from Gauteng is prohibited.

(b) Travel to and from Gauteng is permitted—

- (i) for persons doing so in the course of carrying out work responsibilities or performing any service permitted under Adjusted Alert Level 4, provided that such person is in possession of a permit issued by the employer which corresponds with Form 7 of Annexure A;
  - (ii) for the attendance of a funeral in or out of Gauteng: Provided that the person wishing to travel to or from Gauteng must obtain a permit which corresponds substantially with Form 4 of Annexure A, from his or her nearest magistrate's office or police station to travel to the funeral and back;
  - (iii) for persons transiting through Gauteng;
  - (iv) for the transportation of mortal remains; and
  - (v) for learners who have to commute to and from school or higher education institutions on a daily basis during periods when those institutions are permitted to operate.
- (c) Travelling for purposes of—
- (i) moving to a new place of residence;
  - (ii) caring for an immediate family member: Provided that such person is in possession of an affidavit which corresponds with Form 6 of Annexure A.
  - (iii) oversight responsibilities by members of Parliament;
  - (iv) obtaining medical treatment; and
  - (v) returning to their place of residence from a quarantine or isolation facility,
- is allowed.

(5) The head of court, or a person designated by him or her, or a station commander of a police station or a person designated by him or her, may issue the permit to travel to a funeral, as contemplated in subregulation 4(b)(ii).

(6) Any person who was not at their place of residence, or work before the lockdown period and who could not travel between other provinces to or from Gauteng with the coming into operation of these regulations, will be permitted, on a once-off basis, to return to their places of residence or work, where after, the prohibition on travel to and from Gauteng will continue to apply.

### **Opening and closure of schools, early childhood development centres and institutions of higher education**

18. (1) Schools and institutions of higher education will be closed for contact classes from 30 June 2021.

(2) The Cabinet member responsible for basic education may by direction contemplated in regulation 4(3), determine the dates on which schools, as defined in the South African Schools Act, 1996 (Act No.84 of 1996), will be reopened and any matter related to the management of schools in the basic education sector, to address, prevent and combat the spread of COVID-19 in all schools.

(3) The Cabinet member responsible for higher education may by direction contemplated in regulation 4(3), determine the dates on

which institutions of higher education will be reopened and any matter related to the management of institutions of higher education sector, to address, prevent and combat the spread of COVID-19 in all schools.

(4) Early childhood development centres will remain open.

#### **Initiation practices**

**19.** (1) All—

(a) initiation practices, which have not commenced on the date of the coming into operation of these regulations; and

(b) post -initiation celebrations ("*imigidi*"), are prohibited.

(2) All initiation practices which commenced prior to the date of the coming into operation of these regulations will be allowed to be completed, subject to the adherence of all health protocols, social distancing measures and other directions that have been put in place for such initiation practices.

(3) The National House of Traditional Leaders and provincial houses of traditional leaders must take steps to ensure that traditional leaders are aware of the content of this regulation.

(4) Failure to adhere to these regulations and any directions that are issued in respect of initiation schools, will result in the closure of initiation schools by the relevant authorities.

#### **Attendance of funerals and cremations**

**20.** (1) Attendance of a funeral and cremation is limited to 50 persons or less and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used, subject to strict adherence to all health protocols and all persons maintaining a distance of one and a half metres from each other.

(2) Night vigils are not allowed.

(3) After-funeral and cremation gatherings, including "after-tears" gatherings, are not allowed.

(4) During a funeral and cremation, a person must wear a face mask and adhere to all health protocols and social distancing measures.

(5) The duration of a funeral or cremation service is restricted to a maximum of two hours.

#### **Gatherings**

**21.** (1) All gatherings are prohibited, except—

(a) for funerals;

(b) when at a workplace; or

(c) when buying or obtaining goods and services.

(2) Every business premises, including but not limited to supermarkets, shops, grocery stores, produce markets and pharmacies, are

subject to a limitation of 50 percent of the floor space, which includes customers and employees, and subject to strict adherence to all health protocols including wearing of face masks, sanitising and social distancing measures.

(3) All social gatherings, including faith-based gatherings are prohibited until 11 July 2021, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(4) Gatherings at political events and traditional council meetings are prohibited until 11 July 2021, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(5) Gatherings at a workplace for work purposes are allowed, subject to strict adherence to all health protocols and social distancing measures.

(6) Gatherings at cinemas and theatres are prohibited until 11 July 2021, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(7) Gatherings at casinos are prohibited until 11 July 2021, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(8) Gatherings at museums, galleries, archives and libraries are prohibited until 11 July 2021, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(9) Gatherings at gyms and fitness centres are prohibited until 11 July 2021, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(10) Gatherings at conferencing, exhibitions and entertainment facilities are prohibited until 11 July 2021 after which this provision will be reviewed.

(11) Gatherings at beaches, parks and dams are prohibited.

(12) Gatherings at the following places are allowed, subject to the limitations set out below—

(a) hotels, lodges, bed and breakfasts, timeshare facilities, resorts and guest houses are allowed 50 percent of the capacity of the available rooms for accommodation, with patrons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other when in common spaces; and

(b) dining facilities in hotels, lodges, bed and breakfasts, timeshare facilities, resorts and guest houses are permitted for room service and delivery only, and

(c) restaurants and other in-house dining facilities may only operate for off-site consumption of food and non-alcoholic beverages.

(13) An owner or manager of an establishment listed in subregulation 12(a) to (c) must ensure compliance with these Regulations.

(14) An owner or manager of an establishment listed in subregulation 12(a) to (c), who fails to comply with these Regulations, commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(15) Any person who attends an establishment listed in subregulation 12(b) and (c) for in-house services, and who knows or ought reasonably to have known or suspected such attendance is prohibited, commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(16) Gatherings at auctions are not permitted until 11 July 2021 after which this provision will be reviewed.

(17) Sporting activities, including both professional and non-professional matches, by recognised sporting bodies are allowed, subject to strict adherence to the times of operation as provided for in regulation 17(3) and the following:

- (a) Directions for sports matches issued by the Cabinet member responsible for sport after consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health;
- (b) only journalists, radio, television crew, security personnel, emergency medical services, and the necessary employees employed by the owners of the venue of the sport match, are allowed at the venue of the sport match;
- (c) only the required number of players, match officials, support staff and medical crew required for the sport match, are allowed at the venue of the sport match;
- (d) no spectators are allowed at the venue of the sports match; and
- (e) international sport events involving countries with a low or medium COVID-19 infection and transmission rate are allowed.

(18) An owner or operator of a sporting facility must, when sporting activities contemplated in subregulation (17) take place, ensure compliance with the prohibition on spectators contemplated in subregulation (17)(d).

(19) An owner or manager of a sporting facility who fails to comply with subregulation (18), commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(20) Any person who, as a spectator, attends a sporting facility when sporting activities contemplated in subregulation (17) take place, commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(21) An enforcement officer must, where a gathering in contravention of the regulations takes place—

- (a) order the persons at the gathering to disperse immediately; and
- (b) if the persons refuse to disperse, take appropriate action, which may, subject to the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977), include the arrest and detention of any person at the gathering.

(22) A convener of a faith based, religious, social, political or cultural gathering who fails to comply with subregulation (3) and (4), commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(23) Any person who attends a faith based, religious, social, political or cultural gathering and who knows or ought reasonably to have known or suspected that it is prohibited, commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

## Eviction and demolition of places of residence

**22.** (1) A person may not be evicted from his or her land or home or have his or her place of residence demolished for the duration of the national state of disaster unless a competent court has granted an order authorising the eviction or demolition.

(2) A competent court may suspend or stay an order for eviction or demolition contemplated in subregulation (1) until after the lapse or termination of the national state of disaster unless the court is of the opinion that it is not just or equitable to suspend or stay the order having regard, in addition to any other relevant consideration, to—

- (a) the need, in the public interest for all persons to have access to a place of residence and basic services to protect their health and the health of others and to avoid unnecessary movement and gathering with other persons;
- (b) any restrictions on movement or other relevant restrictions in place at the relevant time in terms of these Regulations;
- (c) the impact of the disaster on the parties;
- (d) the prejudice to any party of a delay in executing the order and whether such prejudice outweighs the prejudice of the persons who will be subject to the order;
- (e) whether any affected person has been prejudiced in their ability to access legal services as a result of the disaster;
- (f) whether affected persons will have immediate access to an alternative place of residence and basic services;
- (g) whether adequate measures are in place to protect the health of any person in the process of a relocation;
- (h) whether any occupier is causing harm to others or there is a threat to life; and
- (i) whether the party applying for such an order has taken reasonable steps in good faith, to make alternative arrangements with all affected persons, including but not limited to payment arrangements that would preclude the need for any relocation during the national state of disaster.

(3) A court hearing an application to authorise an eviction or demolition may, where appropriate and in addition to any other report that is required by law, request a report from the responsible member of the executive regarding the availability of emergency accommodation or quarantine or isolation facilities pursuant to these Regulations.

## Rental housing

**23.** (1) During the national state of disaster, the Rental Housing Tribunals established under the Rental Housing Act, 1999 (Act No. 50 of 1999)—

- (a) must determine fair procedures for the urgent hearing of disputes; or

(b) may grant an urgent *ex parte* spoliation order including to restore the occupation of a dwelling or access to services provided that an affected party may, on 24 hours' notice, require that a hearing be promptly convened.

(2) During the national state of disaster and without derogating from the protections afforded by the Rental Housing Act, 1999 or any provincial unfair practice regulation in place or the duty to consider the interests of both the landlord and tenant on a just and equitable basis, the following conduct is presumed to be an unfair practice for purposes of the Act:

- (a) The termination of services in circumstances where—
- (i) the landlord has failed to provide reasonable notice and an opportunity to make representations;
  - (ii) the landlord has failed, reasonably and in good faith, to make the necessary arrangements including to reach an agreement regarding alternative payment arrangements, where applicable; or
  - (iii) no provision has been made for the ongoing provision of basic services during the national state of disaster.
- (b) The imposition of any penalty for the late payment of rental where the default is caused by the disaster, whether or not the penalty takes the form of an administrative charge or any other form other than interest.
- (c) The failure of a landlord or tenant to engage reasonably and in good faith to make arrangements to cater for the exigencies of the disaster.
- (d) Any other conduct prejudicing the ongoing occupancy of a place of residence, prejudicing the health of any person or prejudicing the ability of any person to comply with the applicable restrictions on movement that is unreasonable or oppressive having regard to the prevailing circumstances.

(3) Where the protections afforded by any Unfair Practice Regulations in force in any province are greater than those provided in this regulation, the provisions of the provincial Unfair Practice Regulations shall apply.

(4) The Cabinet member responsible for human settlements must, after consulting with the Rental Housing Tribunals, issue directions disseminating information about the manner in which the Tribunals will conduct their proceedings during the national state of disaster including, but not limited to—

- (a) the manner in which Tribunals will facilitate expeditious access to any aggrieved person; and
- (b) the convening of remote hearings or the convening of hearings at any suitable place.

#### **Places and premises closed to the public**

24. (1) Any place or premises normally open to the public where religious, cultural, entertainment, recreational, or similar activities, which are prohibited in terms of these regulations, may take place, is closed.

(2) The following places or premises normally open to the public or where people may gather, are closed and include—

- (a) gyms and fitness centres;
- (b) flea markets;
- (c) fêtes and bazaars;
- (d) night clubs;
- (e) casinos;
- (f) taverns and *shebeens*, or similar establishments except for sales for off-site consumption of food and non-alcoholic beverages;
- (g) restaurants except for sales for off-site consumption of food and non-alcoholic beverages;
- (h) conferencing, exhibitions and entertainment facilities;
- (i) theatres and cinemas;
- (j) museums, libraries, archives and galleries, and
- (k) older persons' residential facilities for visits.

(3) Persons rendering security and maintenance services may continue to perform these services at the places or premises listed in this regulation.

(4) The Cabinet member responsible for cooperative governance and traditional affairs may, by direction in the Gazette, determine any other place or premises that must be closed, if there is a risk to any person or members of the public being exposed to COVID-19.

#### **Controlled visits by members of the public**

**25.** (1) All visits by members of the public to—

- (a) correctional centres;
  - (b) remand detention facilities;
  - (c) police holding cells;
  - (d) military detention facilities;
  - (e) health establishments and facilities, except to receive treatment or medication, subject to strict adherence to health protocols,
- are permitted to the extent and in the manner directed by the relevant Cabinet member.

(2) The Independent Electoral Commission will be allowed to visit the institutions referred to in subregulation (1), where required for the purposes of voter registration, or special voting, to the extent and in the manner set out in Directions by the relevant Cabinet member.

#### **Partial re-opening of borders**

**26.** (1) The 20 land borders which are fully operational, will remain as such and the 33 land borders which were closed, will remain closed.

(2) Traveling to and from the Republic is allowed, subject to subregulation (3).

(3) Daily commuters from neighbouring countries who attend or teach at a school in the Republic, and who are allowed entry into

and exit from the Republic, are subject to compliance with protocols relating to—

- (a) screening for COVID-19 and quarantine or isolation, where necessary;
- (b) the wearing of a face mask;
- (c) transportation; and
- (d) sanitisation and social distancing measures as per the relevant health protocols on safety and prevention of the spread of COVID-19.

(4) (a) International air travel is restricted to the following airports—

- (i) OR Tambo International Airport;
- (ii) King Shaka International Airport;
- (iii) Cape Town International Airport;
- (iv) Lanseria International Airport; and
- (v) Kruger Mpumalanga International Airport.

(b) Long-haul flight departures and landings at the airports listed in paragraph (a) are permitted during the hours of curfew as provided for in regulation 17(1).

(c) All international travellers arriving at the airports listed in paragraph (a) must provide a valid certificate of a negative COVID-19 test, recognised by the World Health Organisation, which was obtained not more than 72 hours before the date of travel.

(d) In the event of the traveller's failure to submit a certificate as proof of a negative COVID-19 test, the traveller will be required to do an antigen test on arrival at his or her own cost and in the event of a traveller testing positive for COVID-19, he or she will be required to isolate him or herself at his or her own cost, for a period of 10 days.

(5) All commercial seaports will remain open and small crafts will be allowed entry into seaports, in-line with all health and border law enforcement protocols.

### **Transportation of cargo**

27. (1) Rail, ocean, air and road transport is permitted for the movement of cargo to and from other countries and within the Republic, subject to national legislation and any directions issued in terms of subregulation (2), for the transportation of goods for export and for import.

(2) The Cabinet member responsible for trade, industry and competition may, after consultation with the Cabinet members responsible for transport and finance, issue directions that provide for the management, administration and prioritisation of exports or imports, taking into account the need to prevent and limit the spread of COVID-19 and to deal with the destructive and other effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

(3) The Cabinet member responsible for transport may, after consultation with the Cabinet members responsible for cooperative governance and traditional affairs, trade, industry and competition, health, justice and correctional services, finance and public enterprises, issue directions relating to health protocols applicable to sea cargo operations and air freight operation.

### **Public transport**

**28.** (1) For purposes of this regulation "long distance travel" is a trip of 200 km or more.

(2) The Cabinet member responsible for transport must, after consultation with the Cabinet members responsible for cooperative governance and traditional affairs, health, police, trade, industry and competition, and justice and correctional services, issue directions for the resumption of different modes of public transport to cater for the gradual return to work of people, in respect of—

- (a) domestic air travel;
- (b) rail, bus services, taxi services;
- (c) e-hailing services; and
- (d) private vehicles.

(3) Bus and taxi services—

- (a) may not carry more than 70 percent of the licensed capacity for long distance travel; and
- (b) may carry 100 percent of the licensed capacity for any trip not regarded as long distance travel in terms of subregulation (1).

(4) A driver, owner or operator of public transport may not allow any member of the public who is not wearing a face mask, to board or be conveyed in a public transport owned or operated by him or her.

(5) The directions to be issued by the Cabinet member responsible for transport must set out the health protocols that must be adhered to and the steps to be followed for the limitation of the exposure of members of the public using public transport to COVID-19.

### **Sale, dispensing or transportation of liquor**

**29.** (1) The sale, dispensing and distribution of liquor is prohibited.

(2) The transportation of liquor is prohibited, except where alcohol is required for industries producing hand sanitizers, disinfectants, soap, alcohol for industrial use and household cleaning products.

(3) The transportation of liquor for export purposes is permitted.

(4) No special or events liquor licenses may be considered for approval during the duration of the national state of disaster.

### **Operation of economic sector**

**30.** (1) Businesses may operate except for those set out in Table 1.

(2) Relevant health protocols and social distancing measures for persons employed in private residences must be adhered to.

(3) Relevant health protocols and social distancing measures set out in directions must be adhered to, in addition to the

occupational health and safety directions issued by the Cabinet member responsible for employment and labour, and applicable labour legislation.

(4) (a) Firms must adhere to any sector-specific health protocols intended to limit the spread of COVID-19 in the sector concerned.

(b) Sector-specific health protocols may address matters such as work rotation, staggered working hours, shift systems, remote working arrangements, special measures affecting persons with greater vulnerabilities or similar measures, in order to achieve social distancing, protect employees or limit congestion in public transport and at the workplace.

(c) Sector-specific health protocols where these are still to be developed, must be developed and issued by Cabinet members responsible for a sector in consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health.

### **Offences and penalties**

31. (1) For the duration of the national state of disaster, any person who—

- (a) convenes a gathering;
- (b) contravenes a prohibition; or
- (c) hinders, interferes with, or obstructs an enforcement officer in the exercise of his or her powers, or the performance of his or her duties in terms of these Regulations,

is guilty of an offence and, on conviction, liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) For the purposes of this Chapter, any person who fails to comply with or contravenes the provisions of regulations 15B(2), 15B(3), 17(1), 17(3), 17(4)(a), 19(1), 24(1) and 24(2), 28(3)(a), 29(1) and 29(2) of these Regulations commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

### **Substitution of Table 1 of the Regulations**

5. Table 1 of the Regulations is hereby substituted for the following Table:

**"TABLE 1  
ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 4**

All persons who are able to work from home must do so. However, persons will be permitted to perform any type of work outside the home, and to travel to and from work and for work purposes under Adjusted Alert Level 4, subject to—

- (a) strict adherence to health protocols and social distancing measures;
- (b) the return to work being phased-in in order to put in place measures to make the workplace COVID-19 ready;
- (c) the return to work being done in a manner that avoids and reduces risks of infection; and
- (d) the work not being listed under the specific exclusions in this Table.

| SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS |   |
|---------------------|---|
| 1.                  | Night vigils.   |
| 2.                  | After-funeral gatherings including "after-tears" gatherings.  |
| 3.                  | All social gatherings.  |
| 4.                  | Political events and traditional community meetings ( <i>izimbizo</i> ).  |
| 5.                  | Night clubs.  |
| 6.                  | The land borders that remain closed, excluding the land borders contemplated in regulation 26(1).                                     |
| 7.                  | Initiation practices.   |
| 8.                  | Post-initiation practices ( <i>imigidi</i> ).   |
| 9.                  | Passenger ships for international leisure purposes, excluding small crafts, in line with health and border law enforcement.           |
| 10.                 | Attendance of any sporting event by spectators.   |
| 11.                 | Exclusions relating to public transport services as set out in the directions issued by the Cabinet member responsible for transport. |
| 12.                 | Exclusions relating to education services as set out in the directions issued by the Cabinet members responsible for education."      |

#### Forms 4, 6 and 7 of Annexure A

6. Forms 4,6 and 7 of Annexure A are:

#### "FORM 4

#### PERMIT TO TRAVEL TO AND FROM GAUTENG OTHER FOR A FUNERAL

*(To be completed by the head of court or a station commander or a person designated by him or her respectively.)*

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (full names of \*head of court, or a person designated by him or her / station commander of a police station or a person designated by him or her) for—

(a) the Magistrate's court for the district of \_\_\_\_\_;

(b) the police station at \_\_\_\_\_;

hereby issue this permit for travel to another district/province, to the following person:

|                                |         |            |                |  |
|--------------------------------|---------|------------|----------------|--|
| Full names:                    |         |            |                |  |
| Surname:                       |         |            |                |  |
| Identity number                |         |            |                |  |
| Address of place of residence: |         |            |                |  |
| Province of residence:         |         |            |                |  |
| Contact details:               | Cell nr | Tel No (h) | e-mail address |  |
| Province travelling to:        |         |            |                |  |
| Date of funeral:               |         |            |                |  |

I also declare that the above-mentioned person presented the \*death certificate/certified copy of the death certificate/affidavit to me.

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_  
20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
*\*Person issuing permit*



**FORM 6**  
**SWORN AFFIDAVIT BY PERSON WHO INTENDS TO TRAVEL TO AND FROM**  
**ANOTHER PROVINCE DURING ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 4**

**Note:** This affidavit may only be sworn to or affirmed at a magistrate's court or police station.

I,

|                                |         |  |            |  |                |
|--------------------------------|---------|--|------------|--|----------------|
| Full names:                    |         |  |            |  |                |
| Surname:                       |         |  |            |  |                |
| Identity number                |         |  |            |  |                |
| Address of place of residence: |         |  |            |  |                |
| Province of residence:         |         |  |            |  |                |
| Contact details:               | Cell nr |  | Tel No (h) |  | e-mail address |

Hereby declare under oath that I am moving to a new place of residence that requires travel across provinces during Adjusted Alert Level 4.

**\*OATH/AFFIRMATION**

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (full names), identity number \_\_\_\_\_, hereby declare under \*oath/affirmation that the above-mentioned information is true and correct.

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_ on this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Signature of deponent*

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that before administering the \*oath/taking the affirmation, I asked the deponent the following questions and noted \*his/her answers in \*his/her presence as indicated below:

(a) Do you know and understand the contents of the above declaration?

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Do you have any objection to taking the \*oath/affirmation?

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

I Do you consider the \*oath/affirmation to be binding on your conscience?

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby certify that the deponent has acknowledged that \*he/she knows and understands the content of this declaration which was \*sworn to/affirmed before me, and the deponent's signature was placed thereon in my presence.

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_ on this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
 \*Justice of the Peace/Commissioner of Oaths

Full names: \_\_\_\_\_  
Designation: \_\_\_\_\_  
Business address: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\*Delete which is not applicable

**FORM 7**  
**PERMIT TO TRAVEL TO PERFORM A SERVICE**

- Please note that the person to whom the permit is issued must at all times present a form of identification together with this permit. If no identification is presented, the person to whom the permit is issued will have to return to his or her place of residence.

I, being the head of institution, with the below mentioned details,

|   |                 |                  |                  |                       |
|---|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Surname:</b>                         |                 |                  |                  |                       |
| <b>Full names:</b>                      |                 |                  |                  |                       |
| <b>Identity number:</b>                 |                 |                  |                  |                       |
| <b>Contact details:</b>                 | <b>Cell nr.</b> | <b>Tel nr(w)</b> | <b>Tel nr(h)</b> | <b>E-mail address</b> |
|   |                 |                  |                  |                       |
| <b>Physical Address of Institution:</b> |                 |                  |                  |                       |

hereby certify that the below mentioned official/employee is performing services in my institution

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Surname:</b>                        |  |
| <b>Full names:</b>                     |  |
| <b>Identity number:</b>                |  |
| <b>Place of residence of employee:</b> |  |

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_, on this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_  
20\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Signature of Head of Institution".*

Official stamp of  
Institution

**Commencement**

7. These amendments to the Regulations will come into operation on 00h01 on 28 June 2021.